The Bee.

VOL. XVI. NO. 104. TOLEDO, OHIO, WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 26, 1891. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS

ARMSTRONG & CLARKE

MASONIC TEMPLE BLOCK

HEADQUARTERS

For Everything in Table Requirements! The Highest Standard of Quality! The Lowest Prices!

We strive to deliver goods to our patrons at the closest possible margin between producer and consumer.

We are Toledo headquarters for the

Celebrated F. A. Kennedy Co.'s

BISCUIT AND CRACKERS

And supply Dealers at Factory Prices!

Zephyrs, per lb., by case 1 doz cans	$012
" " by can	14
" per lb	15
Zephyrettes, per lb., by case 1 doz cans	12
" " by can	14
" per lb	15
Oat Meal Wafers, per lb., by case 1 doz cns	10½
" " by can	12
" per lb	14
Graham Wafers, per lb., by case 1 doz cans	10½
" " by can	12
" per lb	14
New England Ginger Snaps, per lb., by case 1 doz cans	13½
New England Ginger Snaps, per lb., by can	15
" per lb	16
XXX Ginger Snaps, per lb., by case 1 doz cans	08½
XXX Ginger Snaps, per lb., by can only	11
" per lb	12
Select Sodas, per lb., 2 lb cartons, 24 in case	08
Select Sodas, 2 lb cartons, each	20

We sell the Entire Line of these Celebrated Goods on the same basis as above.

THE NEW YORK BISCUIT CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Celebrated Kennedy Biscuit and Crackers!

FACTORIES AT

CHICAGO, ILL., AND CAMBRIDGEPORT, MASS.

Their line of Strictly Fine Goods embraces Everything.

We are Toledo Headquarters for their Entire Line—Wholesale and Retail.

Armstrong & Clarke.

MANTELS

Which combine all the good qualities and all of the lesser ones are what we endeavor at all times to have. The designs are pretty, the material good, the finish most perfect, or less perfect, as the buyer may desire. By less perfect we mean less expensive. Some people do not want to pay as much as others do; not every one who would buy a Mantel for $25, yet many would expect to pay more. You can choose which.

THE CONANT BROS' FURNITURE CO.,

Summit, Adams and Water Streets.

THE HEART OF THE CITY

Draper & Nugent's

Mammoth Furniture Store!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, and House Furnishings!

IN OHIO.

Everybody Buys of Us on Our Easy Payment System.

DRAPER & NUGENT.

KWEER, BUT TRUE

THAT YOU CAN BUY YOUR

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Etc.

Cheaper at JOHNSON BROS. than any other place in the city. All new goods and terms to suit the buyer. Call and be convinced.

JOHNSON BROS

ST. CLAIR, FERRY AND SUMMIT STS.

One block from Monroe St.

COTOTURLEY'S

413 ADAMS STREET.

And Leave orders for

ICE CREAM and ICES.

Churches Furnished at Special Rates.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, at low prices. Wooden and Willow ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets. Baskets of every variety. Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs. Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

ELLSWORTH & CO., 510 & 512 SUMMIT

OF COURSE ITS WET

When it rains, and we still sell our Wall Paper cheap to make our improvements.

Allen & Parkhurst

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio Forecast—Slightly warmer, fair weather; variable winds.

Lower Michigan—Cloudy and local showers followed by fair weather; westerly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.—Stationary temperature, fair weather; westerly winds.

LOCAL.

Bids for street paving.

Lawn fete in lower town.

The Thompson & Chute trouble.

Police raid on houses of ill-fame.

Prisoner killed at the workhouse.

Deal between Griffin and Foraker.

Entrees to the Y. M. C. A. contest.

Special session of the gas trustees.

That Summit street secret chamber.

Perry street bridge and the blockade.

Another fatal accident to a railroad man.

Epworth League convention in East Toledo.

Some truths relative to the fight against Chief O'Dwyer.

UNITED STATES.

Missouri farmers.

Strike in Fostoria.

Oklahoma farmers.

Hog cholera in Ohio.

Gossip from Findlay.

Wood county republicans.

Emma Abbott's costumes.

Sailors on a saccharine jag.

The silver question discussed.

News from Utah's El Dorado.

President Polk to fight a duel.

National Brewers' association.

Murderer Almy believed to be insane.

Fatal explosion in the Chicago tunnel.

Movement to aid the Park Place sufferers.

Echoes from the Oak Harbor convention yesterday.

The civil service commission ignored by the president.

How the present war will influence our trade with Chili.

Powderly has deserted the laboring man and gone over to the republicans.

FOREIGN.

The timber of the tropics.

Suffering peasants in Russia.

Brazilian duties must be paid in gold.

A priest at Palermo murdered at the altar.

Jews have sworn to have revenge on the czar.

HOW ABOUT THIS, BLAINE?

The Esmeralda Has Landed the Itata Guns.

The United States Government Badly Fooled.

The Congressionalists Scoring Victory at All Points and Driving in Balmaceda's Outposts.

City of Mexico, August 26.—Telegrams were received here yesterday from Lima giving information of the battle now being fought between the congressionalists and Balmaceda forces.

The latest one states that the City of Valparaiso is completely surrounded by congressionalists, who are rapidly driving in the outposts.

The fight has been going on for 72 hours, and from the first, though the army of Balmaceda is nearly double that of the congressionalists, the latter have been victorious.

From present indications the fight may continue several days. The congressionalists are expecting reinforcements.

The insurgent fleet is still harboring about Quintero bay. The losses have been very severe. The success so far of the congressionalists has been due to the superiority of their fire arms, which are Remingtons and Winchesters, which were procured in the United States, the Esmeralda having landed some 20,000 on her return from Chili.

The Mexican, Central American and South American cable has been kept hot all day with dispatches giving information of the battle.

WENT IN WITH A TORCH,

And Came Out on a Stretcher.

Serious Explosion of Gas in the New Lake Tunnel at Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 26.—By an explosion of gas in the new Lake tunnel at 1 o'clock this morning one man was fatally and several others seriously burned.

The names of the injured are Maurice Caull, fatally burned about hand, breast and face.

C. J. Dennin, foreman, burned about head and face.

Jos. Mallory, burned about face and hands.

Hugh Mallory, burned very badly about head.

Owen Cull, burned about the head and face.

Peter Gallagher, burned on hands.

Michael O'Neill, burned about head and breast.

James Dow, burned on the hands.

Michael Leonard, burned on hands.

The accident occurred two and a half miles from the shore end of the tunnel. This morning at 1 o'clock the electric lights got out of order and Maurice Caull was sent in to repair them and to clean up the space where the masons had been working. He was given a torch by Foreman Dunning, who lighted it far him.

Caull had gone but a few feet when the explosion occurred and he and the foreman were blown a dozen feet back into the midst of the other members of the gang. The explosion was directly due to the reduction of the air pressure and the fact that the electric lights were replaced by Caull's torch.

CONSTANTLY

Adding new goods. Our purchases of Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry during this month has exceeded any purchases of any previous years in the same month, consequently we are able to show the very latest novelties, and will make prices as low as high grade goods can be sold.

J. J. FREEMAN,

We close at 6:30, except Saturday. 313 SUMMIT STREET

IT'S NOW THE JEWS

The Czar Fears They Will Take His Life

And Goes Guarded by an Extra Force.

Many of Them Have Sworn to Be Avenged.

Uncle Sam's Part in the Chilian War.

It is, of Course, Indorsed by the Friends of Balmaceda—General Foreign News of Interest.

London, Aug. 26.—A Copenhagen dispatch says the czar is surrounded with more restrictions than on previous visits to Denmark. The reason for this is not made public, but rumors are rife of fear of nihilistic plottings.

It is known to the Russian police that many of the exiled Jews swore vengeance against the czar in person after they had got safely beyond the frontier, and that these threats were not passing expressions of anger.

There is no place where the czar exposes himself as freely as in Denmark and there has undoubtedly been some apprehension that his enemies would take advantage of this fact.

At any rate, since the czar's arrival, the police have been active in protecting the royal and imperial party from too near popular contact, and the guards at the palace are doubled.

Advices recently received from The Hague give a very unpromising account of the war with Acheen which has been in progress for a number of years.

Offensive operations are no longer carried on by the Dutch, who are content to maintain a blockade, while resisting any attempt of the Acheenese to break through into Dutch territory.

So far the blockade has had no apparent effect in subduing the spirit of the Acheenese, who show no signs of lacking food, their country being amply able to maintain its population. The Acheenese threaten to assume the aggressive, and the prospects are decidedly gloomy for the Dutch.

The storm, amounting to a hurricane, prevented yesterday the departure of the French fleet from Portsmouth and brought an otherwise agreeable visit to an unpleasant termination. It was the fiercest hurricane that has visited the southern coast in a long time and much damage was done along the shore.

The French sailors who were obliged to remain in town during the night, were well cared for, some in the royal institute and others in quarters provided by the town. There was a good deal of joking about the British officers held captive by the storm on the French flagship Marengo and who were most hospitably entertained by their French hosts.

The efforts of the London Times to arouse jealousy on the part of South American republics towards the United States have not aroused the feeling intended, judging from remarks made today by an attache of the Chilian legation, who said:

"The United States has respected the rights of Chili more faithfully, or at least, as faithfully as any nation in the world, and the fact has made a deep impression which cannot fail to be favorable to the great North American republic. Sentiment toward America has undergone, so I learn, an essential and important change in Chili.

"Europeans have been the most active abettors of the rebellion and of the three men executed at Valparaiso for heading a plot to destroy the imperial one was a native of Great Britain and another of Austria.

If Europe had acted as the United States has acted, the war would have been over long ago and peace restored to Chili."

As to the latest story of the alleged cruelty by Balmaceda, the attache said it was too absurd to be noticed.

A dispatch from Tangiers says that the elephant presented by the queen of England to the sultan of Morocco is being utilized by that potentate at Fez in trampling the life out of the unfortunates taken captive in the recent rebellion. The sultan is highly pleased with this new mode of crushing his enemies out of existence, and has a new lot brought on every day. They are laid in a row and the elephant is made to step on them. One step is said to be enough, if applied in the right place.

The Sugar Combine.

New York, Aug. 26.—The reports that the Spreckels and the sugar trust have reached an understanding were revived yesterday.

A member of the firm of Willett & Gray, sugar brokers, said yesterday that the Spreckels had issued bonds to the extent of $2,500,000 recently, and that a considerable proportion of these had been taken by the Havemeyer company.

As a part of this transaction, a working arrangement had been made between the two concerns, so that while there was no actual consolidation of interests, they would no longer be considered rivals in business.

Will Aid the Families.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 26.—Mrs. Astor, Mrs. Fred W. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Townsend Borden, Mrs. Richard Irwin, Mrs. Wm. Jay and other well-known ladies have expressed a willingness to contribute for the relief of the families suffering from the Park Place disaster. It is expected that Mrs. Astor and her associates will form an auxiliary relief fund at once.

WOOD COUNTY.

The Republicans Place a Ticket in the Field.

Bowling Green, O., Aug. 26.—(Special)—The republicans of Wood county held a large and enthusiastic convention yesterday and nominated the following ticket:

For representative—Benj. F. James, of Plain.

Treasurer—Fred Yeager, of Perrysburg.

Recorder—Chris. Finkbeiner, of Perrysburg.

Commissioner—Samuel Knight, of Henry.

Infirmary director—John Isch, Jr., of Lake.

Coroner—Dr. C. S. St. John, of Plain.

Fitzgerald's Record.

Columbus, O., Aug. 26.—The penitentiary officials to-day received the following letter from an officer of the Michigan penitentiary in reference to Fitzgerald, the Youngstown murderer: "Have no hesitation in recognizing it as a good likeness of one known to me, and on the records of the Michigan state prison at Jackson, as Edward Hanlon, No. 44261. The picture would represent him fleshier in the face than when I saw him at the time of his discharge last spring. I believe he has served time under the alias of Moore. While so doing he had a prison crony who was under the alias of Fitzgerald. This possibly account for his present alias."

A Street Railroad War.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 26.—Mayor Fritchey opened war on the electric street car here yesterday and put 100 of its employes in jail.

The company has a line of tracks in two parts of the city and it has made many fruitless attempts to get the consent of the city council to connect them. Early yesterday morning a large gang of laborers began work to make the connections.

The mayor appeared and, upon the refusal of the foreman to have the work stopped, had everybody connected with the work arrested. The foreman was fined $100.

Train Wrecked.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 26.—A construction train on the southbound railroad between here and Columbia, S. C., was wrecked 40 miles west of Savannah Monday night. Two men were instantly killed and five wounded, probably fatally. The killed are James Harrison, of Savannah, colored, and a negro laborer. The injured are Conductor Rich and four colored laborers.

OUR TRADE WITH CHILI,

If the Insurgents Win it Will Be Small.

Probable Results That Will Follow the Settlement of the Bloody Strife in the South.

Washington, Aug. 26.—There will be very little prospect of the development of closer trade relations between the United States and Chili if the insurgents succeed in overpowering Balmaceda and establishing a permanent government. Ravaged by war Chili will not at best be in a condition to enter into any reciprocity agreements with the United States, and if the insurgents are successful there will be no disposition whatever to do so.

On the contrary, it will be a long time until friendly relations can be fully established with that republic, and the insurgents will harbor a very unfriendly feeling towards the United States.

The insurgent envoys who have been here since the first capture of the Itata have not only failed to get recognition by the state department, but have been snubbed directly, and, as they complain, denied any interview with the officials.

They feel that the United States has gone much further than necessary in denying them ordinary privileges and courtesies, and their mission here has been from first to last a complete failure.

The report that a severe battle has been fought at Valparaiso, in which Balmaceda troops were discomfitted, if not absolutely defeated, is generally credited.

If the insurgents have been as successful as these reports indicate, Balmaceda's power may be counted near a close. Mr. Julio Foster, secretary of the congressional envoy at Washington, says the information he has warrants the assumption that the reported battle has been fought, but that he has received no definite information as yet about the battle itself.

The capture of Viua de Mar and Fort Tallao, which the last report stated the insurgents were advancing on, would, he says, end the war. Mr. Foster spoke most indignantly of the manner in which the congressional party had been treated by the United States.

"We made a mistake in ever coming to the United States for recognition. Throughout this struggle they have sided with the tyrant against the people and constitutional government. I suppose there is some politics in it, but we never thought that a republican government, with the love of free institutions the United States is supposed to feel, would aid a tyrant in an attempt to destroy the constitution of a free people.

As an envoy we might have gone to Europe and found friends. Here we have been refused the least recognition. We have not been treated with ordinary politeness. The officials have refused to speak with us. Oh, I cannot talk about it. I suppose when Balmaceda is dead and the constitutional government has been restored the United States will recognize us."

URGED ON TO SUICIDE.

A Cruel Husband's Murderous Actions.

Stood on the Shore and Watched His Wife Try to Drown Herself.

Spring Lake, N. J., Aug. 26.—Considerable excitement was caused here yesterday by an attempt of a woman to commit suicide by plunging into the surf opposite the Hotel Allaire.

She was Mrs. Martha Wilkie, wife of John Wilkie. They have quarreled a great deal of late and yesterday afternoon they started for a walk on the beach.

When opposite the Allaire they quarreled loudly. Suddenly Mrs. Wilkie was heard to exclaim: "I'll kill myself."

"There is the ocean," said the husband, "go drown yourself." The woman promptly sprang into the breakers and fell forward, disappearing in the spray. Mr. Wilkie calmly stood and watched her as she was tossed about and the next wave threw her on the shore almost at his feet.

He never moved and the woman sprang up and rushed into the waves again. This time she succeeded in getting beyond the breakers and it seemed as if her wish for death was to be granted.

Several guests called to the man to go in and get his wife, but he told them that she wanted to die and he was going to let her.

The people then became alarmed and the bathing master came down on a run and brought the woman ashore. She was unconscious, but soon revived. Judge Reeley, who is a guest at the Allaire, talked to the woman for a while and then escorted both husband and wife to their home.

The woman said she would not attempt suicide again and the husband promised to watch her closely.

MURDERED AT THE ALTAR

Poison Placed in the Sacrament Wine

And the Priest Drops Dead While Saying Mass.

Sensational Cablegram from Palermo—The Police Investigating the Sad Case.

Rome, Aug. 26.—The newspaper Populo Romano, publishes to-day a telegram from Palermo, describing the sensational and tragic death of a priest in that city yesterday.

The priest was named Guisseppe La Rosa and he was the private chaplain to the Countessa Di Mazzarino.

At the accustomed hour the priest began his mass service in the private chapel of the Mazzarino villa in his usual health and in the presence of the family of the countessa.

The solemn moments following the elevation of the host were particularly quiet when in a voice that appeared faltering and feeble the priest began to recite the balance of the mass, but suddenly stopped abruptly, cast his eyes upward, and as his entire congregation attracted by the unusual action raised their heads to look at him, he fell to the floor groaning and writhing in the most frightful convulsions, and despite the assistance of those present who immediately sprang to his side, he died before he could be removed from the chapel.

The evidence of poison was so apparent that an investigation was ordered immediately, and the fact was revealed that corrosive sublimate had been put into the wine used by the priest for the sacrament, and the conclusion come to is that the priest late was actually murdered at the altar.

The matter has been put in the hands of the police, and there is no trace of the murderer.

New Corporations.

Columbus, O., Aug. 26.—Three Cleveland enterprises filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state to-day. The first was the Cleveland Cartage and Storage company, with a capital stock of $40,000. The incorporators are G. D. Brech, E. W. Moore, C. C. Wolfe, Louis H. Winch and J. J. Gund. The Dakota Live Stock company, of Cleveland, was incorporated by Conrad F. Burghort, Frank X. Dietz, William G. Weit, William Hach and John P. Reed. They have a capital stock of $20,000. The United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners was the third Cleveland incorporation, the incorporators of this association being Charles H. Hickox, G. B. Ford, Hiram Sheldon, Louis Riedel nad J. C. Larwill.

WILL BE SENATOR.

The War Secretary to Take Edmund's Place.

Governor Page Has Made the Offer

And the War Secretary, Owing to the Uncertain State of Republican Affairs, Will Snap It Up.

Montpelier, Vt., Aug. 26.—The special session of the legislature convened yesterday. This was the first special session held in this state for 16 years.

In the house a resolution to empower the governor to receive money due from the national government was tabled and a resolution appropriating $20,000 for the representation of Vermont at the world's fair was referred to a general committee.

Tendered to Proctor.

Hon. Redfield Proctor has received the following letter from Gov. C. L. Page:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, HYDE PARK, Vt., Aug. 25.

Hon. Redfield Proctor:

"DEAR SIR: After careful consideration of all the names suggested, I have decided to appoint you United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. George F. Edmunds. Primarily I deem it my duty to satisfy my judgment what selection would best promote the welfare of Vermont and the whole country.

"I have at the same time felt that I was acting largely a representative capacity; that if not doing injustice to my judgment I could meet the wishes of a majority of the people of Vermont, and it would be a duty and pleasure to do so.

"I have, with considerable care, sought and received personally by letter the views of prominent Vermonters in every county of the state. The result of my investigation leaves no doubt as to my official duty.

"If, therefore, on the first day of November next it should be incumbent on me to fill the vacancy referred to, I propose to tender you the appointment. I inform you of my decision at this time, not only because I believe you should have reasonable notice of my intention, but having reached the conclusion above I cannot see that the public good would be subserved by further discussion. With much respect, I am yours truly, CARROLL S. PAGE."

HE HAS TWO WIVES.

Roberts Seems to be in a Doubly Bad Fix.

His Strange Movements Explained by the Fact That He Was Dodging Imaginary Pursuers.

Ottawa, O., Aug. 26.—(Special)—A little light can be thrown on Roberts' peculiar actions since his arrest by the statement made this afternoon by Ben Willoughby, a cousin of the prisoner. He said that a few months since he remarried in Toledo, and the fact that he already had a wife made him liable to a penitentiary penalty for bigamy. He had an inkling that the Toledo officials had learned of his second marriage, and being fearful of being arrested, he came to his relatives here to remain with them till the thing blew over. This is the statement made by his cousin, Ben Willoughby, and he also says he joined the regular army at Columbus a couple of months since, and later received a "bobtail" (dishonorable discharge) for stating previous to mustering that he was an unmarried man when he was not.

THE TRIP THROUGH VERMONT.

Secretary Proctor Still With the President.

St. Albans, Vt., Aug. 26.—The president spent the night quietly at the residence of ex-Gov. Smith. Shortly before 9 this morning he drove down town and inspected a creamery not far from the station which is one of the pet industries of St. Albans.

There was not a big crowd on the streets when the president passed through them.

After looking at the creamery the president and Secretary Proctor were escorted to the special train which had been made up in the station, and at 9:10 o'clock the train left for Montpelier.

Representative H. H. Powers, George T. Childs, Judge H. R. Start and F. C. Smith accompanied the president from St. Albans.

There was a good crowd at the station, which cheered as the president's train pulled out.

Waterbury, Vt., Aug. 26.—The presidential train, after leaving St. Albans, made short stops at Essex Junction and Richmond. At these places the president spoke briefly. The next stop was at Waterbury, 10:40. Gov. Page boarded the train here, accompanied by his adjutant, Gen. T. S. Peck, in full uniform, to welcome the president. The president made a few remarks, being introduced to the crowd by ex-Gov. Dillingham.

HON. GRAYSON MILLS

Nominated for Judge by the Democrats To-Day

For the First Sub-Division of the Fourth District.

An Enthusiastic Convention—Resolutions Adopted—True Blue Democracy Seen Everywhere

Fremont, O., Aug. 26.—(Special)—The democrats of the first sub-division of the Fourth judicial district met here this morning for the purpose of nominating a successor to Judge J. L. Dewitt, deceased.

The attendance was very fair, considering that it was generally understood that Judge Grayson Mills, the present incumbent by appointment, would be nominated without opposition.

The convention met in the city hall and was called to order at 10:30 o'clock.

Hon. James Hunt, of Sandusky county, was selected as temporary chairman and Chas. M. Hill, of Lucas, temporary secretary.

On motion all committees with the exception of the judiciary committee were dispensed with.

The roll of counties was called, on the section of a judicial committee, and the following gentlemen were named:

Erie—John McCrystal.

Huron—John W. Lee.

Lucas—George B. Boone.

Ottawa—C. I. York.

Sandusky—B. S. Garver.

When the announcement of names of candidates was called for, Judge Geo. C. Beis, of Erie county, announced the name of Judge Grayson Mills in a neat speech.

On motion the rules were suspended and Judge Mills was nominated by acclamation.

A committee consisting of Geo. C. Beis, of Erie; C. I. York, of Ottawa, and H. D. Leydorf, of Huron, was appointed to escort Judge Mills to the convention hall.

Pending his appearance the following resolutions were read by B. S. Garver, and unanimously adopted:

"Resolved, That in the death of Judge J. L. Dewitt the legal fraternity of Ohio has lost one of its brightest lights and the democracy one of its truest and most faithful adherents.

"That in the death of Hon. E. F. Dickinson the democracy of Ohio has lost a staunch, faithful and earnest supporter, the judiciary a wise, just and impartial Judge, and the state a loyal and patriotic citizen.

"Resolved, That this convention tender to the families of the deceased its profound and sincere sympathy in this their sad bereavement."

Judge Mills was introduced to the convention and spoke very briefly:

"I assure you I most deeply appreciate this honor. A few months ago I supposed that I would be at this convention to assist in nominating a candidate for common pleas judge.

"Judge Dewitt was then living and I apprehended that he would be honored with the nomination.

"He was, however, stricken down in death. I doubly appreciate this honor from the fact that I am named to succeed such a man as Judge Dewitt was.

"No better ever sat on the bench anywhere.

"Owing to the death of Judge Dickinson you can scarcely expect a political speech so I will simply say that I am a democrat and will not only work for my own election but for the election of the entire ticket, from Gov. Campbell down.

"We are in a position to say that we, as democrats, will take nothing back. We are going forward—our star is in the ascendancy."

Judge Mills is the youngest common pleas judge in Ohio. He was born in 1853 and graduated from Kenyon college in 1875.

He practiced two years in Cincinnati. Returning to Erie county he was elected prosecuting attorney in the fall of 1880, and was appointed nine months ago to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Dewitt.

George B. Boone, Parks Hone and M. T. Sullivan represented Lucas county in the convention.

ROW IN THE RANKS.

The People's Party of Ohio is in a Snarl.

Tiffin, O., Aug. 26.—(Special)—Trouble is brewing in the ranks of the people's party in Ohio. Charges of unfaithfulness to the party are made against Dr. Barnes and they will be investigated at a meeting to be held in Columbus Thursday.

Terribly Injured.

Seville, O., Aug. 26.—George Mathias, of Canaan, O., was terribly injured by jumping from a moving passenger train at this place. His scalp was completely torn away and he received internal injuries which the physicians say must prove fatal. His little daughter was to accompany him to Cleveland, but in some way missed the train, and in his excitement he jumped off with the above result.

Hog Cholera.

Wapakoneta, O., Aug. 26.—Hog cholera has made its appearance in this county and destroyed a large number of valuable hogs. Silas Frazier, living near Uniontown, who is an extensive breeder of fine stock, has lost about 70 Poland-Chinas. The hogs ranged in value from $20 to $100 each.

Fell from a Car.

San Francisco, Aug. 26.—Geo. Crocker, youngest son of the late Charles Crocker, fell off a car yesterday and was severely cut on the back of the head. He was unconscious for several hours, but the surgeons do not think his wound is dangerous.

MISSOURI FARMERS.

They Are Divided on the Sub-Treasury Plan.

Pertle Springs, Mo., Aug. 26.—The farmers' and labor union convention was called to order at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. The convention was held in a large frame building and only those having the password were permitted to enter the enclosure.

President U. S. Hall delivered his annual address. He attacked the sub-treasury and third party movement. He said the farmers should be opposed to class legislation, and yet he grieved to say a number of them were demanding the establishment of sub-treasuries. He said he could not and would not give his endorsement to any such movement. At the conclusion of his address he was loudly cheered by his faction, most of whom are democrats. After appointing a committee on credentials the convention adjourned until 2 p. m. When the convention re-opened the committee on credentials was not ready to report and Alonzo Wardell of Huron, S. D., addressed the convention in behalf of harmony.

The "Eagle" Printers' Trouble.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 26.—At a meeting of Newsdealers' union No. 1, of this city last night, the troubles between the Eagle and printers of union No. 98 were discussed. The newsdealers finally adopted these resolutions: After citing the fact that the association had been asked to interfere it was resolved that no action antagonistic to the Eagle be taken.

Similar action was taken last night by the United retail grocers.

Small Strike.

Fostoria, O., Aug. 26.—A small sized strike has been in progress at the Mosaic glass works among the pressers and gatherers, who demand a raise of wages and more boys. The directors held a meeting and doubtless the differences will be speedily adjusted.

Irish National League Meeting Called.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 26.—President John Fitzgerald, of the Irish National League of America, has issued an address calling for a meeting at Chicago October 1 and 2 next.

Ingalls Not Going Abroad.

Atchison, Ks., Aug. 26.—Ex-Senator Ingalls has not sailed for Europe as has been reported. He is here at home and has no intention of going abroad this year.

Sherman Victory.

Lodi, Aug. 26.—(Special)—The republican senatorial convention have to-day nominated Hon. John Hildebrand, a Sherman man.

STOLE A WHOLE STORE.

A Pretty Thief Locked Up in New York.

She Took Everything in Sight She Could Carry.

Can Give no Reason for Her Acts and People Suspect She is a Kleptomaniac.

New York, Aug. 26.—(Special)—A pretty young woman, clad in a tight fitting costume that outlined the graceful curves of her form, was a prisoner before Justice Meade in the Harlem police court yesterday.

She is a trained nurse, well educated, and her name is Caroline M. Nelson.

In the hospitals of this city, where much of her time has been spent, she had excellent recommendations, but the present outlook of her future is by no means promising.

Fully $1,000 worth of stolen property was found in her room in the Bloomingdale asylum, where she had been recently employed.

It is a question whether Miss Nelson is a clever thief or a kleptomaniac.

The young woman is 26 years old and was born in London, England, and came from there two years ago to this city. On June 1 she went to the Bloomingdale asylum highly recommended from St. Luke's hospital. She proved to be an excellent nurse, and Superintendent Lyons was greatly impressed with her good work.

Articles of value in considerable quantities have been stolen from the patients since Miss Nelson's advent, and daily complaints were made by both patients and nurses.

Superintendent Lyons finally decided to place the matter in the hands of the Manhattanville police.

This step was taken after the disappearance of a $50 gold watch a few days ago, belonging to the head nurse, Miss Elsie A. Dimmond. It was last Saturday morning and Detectives Geegan and Day, after investigation, concluded that Miss Nelson was the thief. On searching her bed, hidden between the ticks, was found Miss Dimmond's gold watch. The pretty occupant of the room stood calmly looking on and said nothing.

Hanging in her closet under a quantity of dresses was a silk dress belonging to one of the nurses. This was soon discovered, and afterward a score of bandboxes were removed from the bottom of the closet and searched.

Packed in these were 10 suits of silk underclothing, valued at from $5 to $10 each. Some of them were claimed by patients in the asylum, while the remainder are believed to have been stolen from St. Luke's hospital.

Another bandbox found under the bed concealed three ostrich feathers, valued at $25 each, while in another were three hand-painted fans, valued at $10 each.

A sealskin coat worth $300 was stolen from one of the patients, but the detectives could not find it.

Miss Nelson said she did not know how the articles had been take into her room. She seemed perfectly serene, and when informed that she was under arrest she proceeded to dress herself with the greatest care and deliberation, curling her hair and putting on a pair of lavender kid gloves.

Laughing and talking she walked between the two detectives to the police station, where she was locked up.

She was remanded by Justice Meade yesterday and will be arraigned again this morning.

The detectives continued their search yesterday. Four trunks and a satchel were searched, and the sealskin sacque and a large quantity of valuable clothing supposed to have been stolen were found. A torn spot indicated the place where owners' names had been marked on the clothing, and the spot was covered by a cloth bearing Miss Nelson's name.

The police believe the clothing has been stolen from St. Luke's hospital and the German hospital, as well as the Bloomingdale asylum.

The nurse finally admitted stealing the articles, saying, "I am a kleptomaniac." She said she stole, but could not explain why she took the property, but she could not pass by any article without getting possession of it.

She never sold anything she stole, and she frequently stole from her relatives, but they always forgave her.

Miss Nelson claims to be the daughter of a wealthy Englishman still living in London, but insane. She did not want to depend upon anybody, she said, and she started to make her own living, coming to this country to support herself. The prisoner was anxious to know how she could communicate with the English consul.

MET DEATH WHILE ASLEEP

Fugitive from Justice Found Cremated.

The Hiding Place of Musgrave Discovered.

A Bad Man's Career Brought to a Close Near the Scene of His Operations.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 26.—This city was greatly excited by the discovery of human remains in the ruins of a fire on the banks of the Wabash river, eight miles north of here.

A small, one-room log cabin that has been unoccupied for several years, about forty yards from the banks of the river, was burned to the ground about midnight last night, and this morning Jonathan Ward and John A. Winters, two farmers, in looking over the smouldering ruins were horrified to discover the remains of a human being.

Among the bones was found a quarter-dollar on which was a Knights of Pythias emblem with the inscription, "B. R. Musgrave, Chicago, Ill.," from which was suspended two office keys. The brass portion of a pocket book was also found.

The ghastly find was brought to this city and turned over to the police. Later Detective Dwyer found Charles M. Trout, a local real estate dealer, who threw light upon the mystery.

B. R. Musgrave, a young Englishman about 32 years old, was a prominent real estate agent here two years ago, when the discovery of several crooked real estate transactions and forgeries, by one of which a widow, Mrs. Dr. Ball, since dead, was swindled out of $2,000 in cash, led to his flight to escape arrest.

He fled to England, taking his mother and sister with him, but returned to this country, and, becoming bolder as time went on, located at Chicago a year ago, and of late has been employed by the real estate firm of Dietz & Co., Tacoma building.

Last week he determined to secretly visit Terre Haute in order to see some of his stanch friends, and he came here last Friday night on the 9:50 train, leaving the train before it reached the depot and being met by Trout.

Musgrave had allowed his beard to grow and no one knew him. He stopped Friday night at the Branson house on the outskirts of the city. Trout had arranged to take the fugitive up the river in a skiff Saturday morning to this lonely hut, which offered a desirable spot where his friends could secretly and without suspicion visit him.

They went up to this spot according to arrangement, and Musgrave was visited by several friends from Terre Haute.

Provisions were carried to him in a boat and a benzine burner was taken up for light.

Trout's theory is that the straw which lay around the cabin caught from either the fire or the benzine burner and that as Musgrave slept in the loft he was suffocated before he was aware there was a fire and perished. He scouts the idea of suicide, as do the other visitors to the secret meeting place.

Some persons advance the theory that this is a desperate ruse of Musgrave to apparently destroy his identity by either murdering some person or stealing a corpse from a graveyard, but the best opinion from all the evidence is that this slick swindler met this dreadful fate at the hands of Providence at the very moment he was slyly fooling the Terre Haute authorities by a secret visit here.

Musgrave's mother, Mrs. Sarah Musgrave, lives at Chicago with her daughter, and he has a number of relatives, all quite prominent people, living in this city.

WHERE IS UNCLE JERRY?

Can't He Keep the Fleas Off the Administration?

Residents of the Capital Visited by a Plague—Social Gathering Had to be Given Up.

Washington, Aug. 26.—(Special)—Washington is suffering from a very curious and extraordinary epidemic. It is an invasion of fleas. There must be millions upon millions of these pestiferous little insects on the jump; nearly every house in the city is infested, social gatherings have been broken up by them and the lives of the inhabitants made miserable.

Anyone who has chased a single flea up and down and around his anatomy may have some appreciation of the situation of people whom they attack like a swarm of bees. They breed in the carpets and cracks about the rooms, and in some houses they are so bad that members of the family have taken to standing on chairs while dressing and undressing.

They are not confined to houses where dogs and cats are kept, but are more prolific where the dwellings have been closed for the summer and they have been undisturbed in their breeding.

One lady whose house has been infested kept count up to 100 she had killed in three days. The matter has attracted the attention of some of the scientists who are here, and two or three have begun investigations to determine the cause and if possible to find the remedy.

Professor Leland Howard of the agricultural department says: "I think the presence of fleas in such numbers is due to the damp weather we have had this summer, though I have not investigated the matter so as to know certainly.

Two years ago, when we had a damp season, fleas were very numerous. Last season, when it was hot and dry, there were few.

I think that they breed faster and more prolifically during a damp season. The dampness is not the cause of them, but is favorable to them. They breed as cattle or other animals, but one female flea will lay an almost infinite number of eggs. In damp weather they hatch out readily.

"They hatch out in crack in the floor, in the dust and in carpets. When houses are closed for the summer, they are undisturbed and are free to multiply. But originally there must have been two fleas in the house to start with.

"I think that a good thing to do to get rid of them is to spray the carpets

SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

He is in Line for Promotion.

Believed in Inner Canadian Circles That He Will Be the Next Premier.

Montreal, Aug. 26.—It is said by well-informed authority that Sir Charles Tupper, high commissioner for Canada to Great Britain, will soon become the Canadian premier.

THE BLAINE DIVORCE CASE.

Charges of Willful Desertion Made.

Her Plea for Legal Separation Made.

A Sad Story of the Unhappy Marriage of a Worthy Girl to a Worthless Man.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Aug. 26.—Wilful desertion is the charge upon which Mary Nevins Blaine bases her plea for a divorce from James Gillespie Blaine, jr.

The summons in the action has been prepared and will be served by advertisement within a week, the whereabouts of the defendant being unknown to the plaintiff.

The complaint is also ready for filing with the clerk of the court. The bill merely sets forth in terse legal terms that Mary Nevins Blaine, for more than 90 days last past a resident of the city of Sioux Falls, county of Minnehaha, in the state of South Dakota, was married to the defendant, James G. Blaine, jr., in the city of New York on the 6th day of September, 1886; that the issue of such marriage is one son; that plaintiff has always been a true and lawful wife to defendant; that defendant wilfully and without cause, did, on or about the 15th day of September, 1888, at and in the city of Augusta, in the county of Kennebec, and state of Maine, desert this plaintiff.

The document concludes with a prayer for a decree of absolute divorce, and asks that the custody of the child be awarded to the plaintiff.

The legal typewritten story of the marriage of pretty Mary Nevins to the youngest son of the secretary of state and the separation of the couple after two years of wedded life does not fill one page of lawyer's note paper; but a remarkable story of a short but fervid courtship, a hasty marriage that was in reality an elopement, a few short months of blissful married life, and a cruel parting are told between the lines.

Scattered portions have been given in the newspapers from time to time, gossip has detailed fragments of it and the world has guessed at a great deal, but the whole has never been told except by Mrs. Blaine to her attorney in the privacy of his office. While the lawyer guards his secret well, the facts have been given to the correspondent.

Everybody at all familiar with the affairs of young Blaine and his sweet-faced wife knows that Mrs. Blaine's father is of one of the oldest and best families of Philadelphia, while her mother was a daughter of S. Medary, a well-known and wealthy Ohio politician, who in territorial days was governor of Minnesota.

Both Col. Richard Nevins and his wife, the parents of the plaintiff in the present suit, were popular in Philadelphia, New York and Washington society circles. Their daughter was given every advantage in youth, and was a girl of varied accomplishments.

While not handsome, she possessed a sweet face and a graceful form.

Such was Mary Nevins when young Blaine met, and in one day was in love with her.

Miss Nevins had gone to Augusta, Me., to visit her brother, who had a temporary federal position there under the administration of President Cleveland. This was in midsummer, 1886.

It chanced that young Blaine was an intimate friend of Miss Nevins' brother, and during her visit to Augusta she saw a great deal of the young man.

At that time young Mr. Blaine declared his love and asked her hand, but no decided answer was given him. Then Miss Nevins went to Bar Harbor and joined her parents.

They strenuously opposed her marriage to "Jimmy" Blaine. He was wild and had no means of supporting a wife, and furthermore they evidently doubted his constancy. But probably the greatest objection to young Blaine was his wildness.

He had been in turn expelled from Young's Washington school, Phillips' academy and a Washington preparatory school. Then he was placed under a private tutor at Augusta, and then it was that Miss Nevins met him.

Mr. and Mrs. Nevins did all they could to please the young people. They hastily left Bar Harbor and proceeded to New York. But thither the ardent wooer followed. On Monday, September 6, young Blaine called on her at the New York hotel. They had a long talk in which the lover strongly urged the girl to marry him, and she consented.

The marriage ceremony was performed at St. Leo's rectory by Father Ducey, an old friend of the bride's family. Young Blaine had previously secured a special dispensation from Archbishop Corrigan.

Not a member of either's family was present, and the young woman's parents knew nothing of her marriage until she returned to the hotel a bride.

The elder Mr. Blaine made his son and his wife an annual allowance of $1,500. They lived in a cozy flat on Fifty-fifth street.

Young Blaine was a model husband for the first 18 months. They were so obviously happy that it became a pleasant joke among their friends. And the coming of the baby made their little home a paradise.

The circumstances connected with their separation all the world knows. In the spring of 1888 young Blaine suffered a relapse. He spent less time with his wife and baby, and finally began to absolutely neglect them. No open rupture occurred, however, and they went to Augusta to spend the summer with the elder Blaines, but in September the young wife was forced to return to New York with her baby.

For two or three days prior to leaving Augusta she was unable to see her husband, and neither did she receive any communication from him.

In October, 1888, she made a last effort to see her husband. She went from New York to Augusta, accompanied by her mother, and to the Blaine house.

They were met at the door by Mrs. Blaine the elder, who positively refused to let either see her son. The young wife was not daunted, but pushed her way into the house and up stairs to her husband's room. She was refused admission.

Then she returned to New York, and determined to go upon the stage. This plan was frustrated by her illness. The suit for divorce was then determined upon.

Mrs. Blaine has been a resident of South Dakota nearly the 90 days required to entitle her to a legal separation from her husband. Three weeks more must elapse before the service, after which the case may come to trial.

Even then there may be delays. There are over 100 cases in process of development, and many of them are on the trial docket antecedent to that of Blaine vs. Blaine, and although, owing to the fact that the evidence in each case is carefully prepared in advance and delays from opposition are rarely encountered, the South Dakota divorce mill grinds with exceeding swiftness, something may arise to prevent the return of a decree for several weeks. That it will enter, however, there is no doubt.

Mrs. Blaine, or Miss Nevins, as she will probably be known after the granting of her divorce, has completed all her plans for the future. It is her intention, as an intimate friend says, to resume her dramatic studies and go upon the stage as soon as her health will permit.

She has regained nearly all her old-time brightness of eye and complexion and sprightliness of movement, and will in a few weeks have entirely recovered from the effects of her long illness.

National Brewers.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 26.—The national brewers convention continued their session to-day. Henry Seebach, of New York City, was elected president for the day, and Lotheri Ulrich, of Syracuse, N. Y., was made vice chairman. A charter was granted to a new local union at Roanoke, Va. It was decided to establish a reserve fund to organize unions and support boycotts. Considerable discussion was had as to whether Rochester, N. Y., beer should be classified as union beer, but the matter was referred to the incoming board.

No other business of importance was transacted and the convention adjourned until this afternoon.

OKLAHOMA FARMERS.

They Have Organized an Alliance.

Oklahoma, O. T., Aug. 26.—The farmers' alliance, of Oklahoma, concluded a territorial convention yesterday. Delegates were present from every county in the territory.

The Ocala platform was unanimously adopted as also resolutions favoring the immediate evacuation of all cattle from the strip and its immediate opening to settlement; favoring the calling of mass conventions of farmers and laborers of the counties for the purpose of electing delegates to a convention to nominate candidates for county offices; favoring the building of an interstate road from Duluth to Galveston, on the co-operative plan; demanding the passage of a national law making it a crime to gamble in the necessities of life; demanding of the United States that the bonds now due be paid and condemning the action of the Cincinnati convention. New officers were elected for the ensuing year. The next annual convention will be held in Guthrie on the third Tuesday in August, 1892.

SUFFERING PEASANTS.

A Clergyman Tells of the Agony in Russia.

London, Aug. 26.—In a letter to the Pall Mall Gazette a clergyman, living in the province of Kazen, Russia, gives harrowing details of the suffering of peasants by reason of the failure of the crops. Many have been unable to obtain bread for weeks. They eat grass and leaves, and are terribly emaciated and dying from starvation. There is no prospect of a betterment in their condition, and uprisings are look d for, as the people are desperate.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that the prince of Wales takes great interest in the condition of the Jews in Russia and of those who emigrate to England. He has indirectly given much assistance to the Anglo Jewish committees, as has also the princess of Wales.

Public Buildings.

Washington, Aug. 26.—Assistant Secretary Crounse has selected the Baker property in block 32 at Racine, Wis., as the site for the public building to be erected in that place. The price is $25,000.

He has also approved the report of Treasury Agent Lowe, who recommended that the public building in Worcester, Mass., be located on Franklin square. This site was selected some time ago, but much opposition was developed. The treasury architect has been instructed by Assistant Secretary Crounse to prepare plans at once for the Worcester building. This action is conclusive and shuts all chance of the site question being again reopened.

A Whole Lot of Heads.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 26.—The largest sale of bottled whiskey ever made in the world took place here to-day, the distilling firm of Hancock, Pepper & Co. selling to Krauss, Hart & Feibit, New York, 36,000 cases of 10-year old Pepper whiskey. The sale amounted to nearly $500,000.

Flour Advanced.

London, Aug. 26.—The Leeds millers have advanced the price of flour 1s 6d per bag. Cold and stormy weather prevails throughout almost the whole country. In many places the crops in the fields are under water or beaten down by the wind and irreparably ruined. Farmers are in despair.

THE BIG SILVER DOLLAR.

It Will Cause Republicans Much Worry.

The West's Demands Must be Heard.

Much Speculation Being Done in Washington as to the Future Legislation.

Washington, Aug. 26.—(Special)—There is a prevailing impression in the so-called silver states that President Harrison is willing to travel so far on the silver road as to approve a measure for the free coinage of all silver the product of American mines; this from the supposition that such a measure might meet with favor in the silver states.

If the president and his friends entertain any such idea they are wofully mistaken. At least so says a large mine-owner in Colorado. "What we want," said the genteman to your correspondent, "is the free and unlimited coinage of silver. We are not asking for so-called protection to American mines, but for the full, thorough and complete remonetization of silver and its restoration as a money metal to the place it always held in America until secredly and fraudulently demonetized in order that gold alone might measure values.

"Even if it be the president's purpose to propose a compromise by which all American silver offered is to be coined it will amount to nothing. The next house of representatives is overwhelmingly in favor of free and unlimited coinage. This is not only the sentiment of more than two-thirds of the representatives-elect, but practically the leaders have agreed what to do and before January, 1892, a free-coinage bill will pass the house of representatives. Indeed, unless delayed by debate, it may pass within a very few days after the house is organized."

"What will the senate do?"

"That, too, has been arranged. Of course, under the rules of the senate it is impossible to tell how long the house free-coinage bill may be delayed in that body. It will be made privileged business, however, and remain before the senate until disposed of. Conferences that have been held during the summer show enough votes to pass a free-coinage bill, and no matter what may be the result of fall elections in the west, the bill will pass the senate."

"Will the president veto it?"

"I cannot say. He will, unless he changes his mind, and we have not got the votes to pass the bill over a veto. As to the effect upon the two parties, I cannot say what may come of the situation thus produced. I am a republican and am sorry to think that a presidential veto of a free coinage bill would injure my party in the west, which, after all, is where the body of the republican electoral votes has to come from. On the other hand, eastern republicans say such a veto would strengthen their hands. Possibly, for a time, but be that as it may, we think free coinage is essential to the prosperity of the country and we are going to have it sooner or later, if not through party instrumentality, then in spite of it."

These are the views of a republican who has the confidence of Senators Wolcott and Stewart, and who undoubtedly bases his opinions upon an agreement between the republican silver senators and the democrats.

He may, however, be counting his chickens too soon. There is an evident purpose among the democratic leaders not to fight the campaign of 1892 on the free silver issue upon which democrats differ widely.

One of the signs of the times is the bold and brave speech made by Representative Mills to the members of the Texas legation who, like himself, have always worked and voted for free coinage.

He told them plainly that free coinage could not produce the result they anticipated from it and that it was unwise to project that issue to the front of the tariff issue, upon which democrats were united, and which, in its evil results, reached every man, woman and child in the country.

It is quite possible, then, that democrats may outline a waiting policy on the silver question when congress meets and that Mr. Harrison may not have to fly the veto which he evidently courts.

Such a veto would undoubtedly strengthen him personally in the east, and it is evident that the gold standard men have the machinery, if not the votes, in the west. At any rate, the democrats will not permit the republicans to make the issue in 1892.

MURDERER ALMY INSANE.

Such is the Belief of the People.

Incidents in the Family Lead to This Theory.

One of Abbott's Uncles Died a Lunatic and His Father Committed Suicide.

Hanover, N. H., Aug. 26.—The mysterious conduct of Frank C. Almy, Christie Warden's murderer, who has been identified with Convict George H. Abbott, may yet be explained by a taint of insanity which seems to run in the blood of the Abbott family.

To the identification of Almy with Abbott by people of Thetford, Fairlee and other Vermont towns and by prison officials, was added to-day the testimony of two of Abbott's uncles that Almy and Abbott are one, and ex-Sheriff Solon Berry, of Thetford, who arrested Abbott in 1880, when he was found in his mountain cave, declares his conviction that the wounded murderer of Christie Warden is none other than the escaped convict.

As for the people of Thetford and the little towns clustered about it in the Vermont hills, none has had a doubt since yesterday that Almy is the scapegrace member of the Abbott family of which they tell queer tales.

A reporter went among those people this afternoon and found them excitedly discussing the claimed identity of Almy and Abbott and comparing notes of the oddities of the Abbott family, which may throw a new light upon Almy's strange character and which may play an important part in his trial for murder.

Hitherto several people in Hanover have remarked that Almy's conduct in many particulars was inexplicable except upon the hypothesis that he was insane. It is known that George Abbott's father committed suicide. In Thetford they say that he was driven to that act by the conduct of his child, who, even when a boy, seemed to prefer the life of an outlaw and highwayman to any other.

An uncle of George Abbott, however, was actually insane. This uncle was Putney Abbott, who died before he reached the age of 30. Thetford people say that he was "foolish," but many strange tales are related of his violent temper, his ferocity when aroused and the violence which at times marked the closing years of his life.

Putney Abbott never was anything but a lunatic and during the whole of his life was kept under strict surveillance by the other members of the family.

If the coincidence that of these two brothers one was a life long lunatic, while the other took his own life, were not enough to show that a taint of insanity was in the Abbott blood, there is even stronger proof.

Duke Abbott, the grandfather of George H. Abbott, alias Almy, was one of the most singular characters in that part of Vermont, and when his son, Putney, proved an imbecile, many people attributed the fact to heredity. Nobody knows where Duke Abbott got his name. He used to call himself "The Duke," and "The Duke of Fairlee," and flattered his vanity by many similar titles.

The Duke Abbott homestead, which he built, is still standing a witness to his eccentricity. The house is of the ordinary Vermont farm house type, with the exception that it is built upon the ground, without the foundations that usually lift such houses two or three feet above the earth.

That was his notion of the proper way to erect a building, and he took pride in the discovery. When the house was completed "The Duke," as he was commonly called, built next to it a large dancing hall.

He called it "the ball room," and during his lifetime it was used for dancing whenever he could gather a company together. After his death it was devoted to other purposes.

Various parts of the house were given names, called by Duke Abbott "religious names." He sometimes called the ball room "Resurrection Hall." Duke Abbott's eccentricities exhibited themselves in several other ways, but they were all harmless and but served to amuse the people.

The old man, for all his peculiarities, was, in the main, shrewd and sharp at a bargain. He saved and scraped, and when he died the farm property was worth over $12,000, though it is not now worth a quarter of that sum. Everybody who knew him says that the old man was illiterate, but that he prided himself hugely upon the scraps of information he had picked up, especially upon those of a religious nature.

Duke Abbott raised a large family. He had six sons. These were Walter, Sylvester, Harris, George Abbott's father Israel, David and Putney. All of these are now dead except Walter Abbott, the eldest. He is now 70 years of age and a bachelor. He lives near Thetford, close to where he was born, brought up and spent the early years of his life. The Duke Abbott farm passed out of the family's possession some years ago when Israel died, and old Walter works in a mill.

Ephraim Wilmot, of Olcott's Falls, a brother of George Abbott's mother, was one of those who identified Almy with Abbott When seen by the reporter in Olcott's Falls, he said: "I went up to Hanover to-day to see if Almy is my nephew George H. Abbott, and I am sorry to say that I think he is. I knew George from boyhood."

"What did Almy say when you entered the room?"

"He was asleep," replied Mr. Wilmot, "and they did not wake him up. I was satisfied enough in my own mind but will probably see him again. From what I have read of Almy, moreover, I am led to think he is my sister's unfortunate child."

Andrew Warden, father of the murdered girl, visited Almy in his room at the Wheelock House last night, and to-day related a conversation he had with the prisoner. Mr. Warden asked Almy why he had done as he did after the kind treatment he had received while at the farm.

"There is nothing that I can say." said Almy.

"Haven't I always treated you well Frank?" asked the old man.

"Yes."

"Did I ever wrong you in any way?"

"No, sir, you always treated me fair."

"Won't you tell me why you did that terrible thing?" And as he formed the inquiry the old gentleman's voice trembled.

"Mr. Warden, there is nothing at all for me to tell you. I cannot talk with you. I have nothing to say."

"Why did you so, like a coward, kill my daughter, Frank!" the old man asked quite sadly.

"I can tell you nothing," was the reply.

"Did you realize the suffering you would cause us? Did you think of the hearts you would break?"

Almy made no reply. His head fell and he was silent. Then Mr. Warden left the room.

Convict Labor Goods.

Washington, Aug. 25—Acting Secretary Nettleton has instructed the collector at New York to take such steps as may seem to him necessary to prevent the importation from Germany of goods produced by convict labor, as the same are prohibited under section 57 of the act of October, 1890.

The United States consul general at Berlin is of opinion that considerable quantities of convict made goods are imported into the United States annually in contravention of law.

Deny the Report.

Boston, Aug. 26.—A denial of the report that the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad intended to construct a line to San Francisco was made to-day by Vice President Reinhart. Mr. Reinhart also stated there was no truth in the statement that the company were purchasing lands for such purposes.

Emma Abbott's Costumes.

New York, Aug. 25.—The sale of Emma Abbott's costumes took place to-day at the Fifth avenue auction rooms. The attendance was small and bidding slow. The gowns that cost from $3,000 to $5,000 each sold for $300 or $400. Probably $10,000 will be realized altogether.

FINDLAY GOSSIP.

Miscellaneous Batch of News from the Brilliant City.

Findlay, Aug. 26.—(Special)—The papers were filed yesterday in common pleas court by Mrs. Fannie M. Parsil v the city for $5,000 damages sustained by her by the negligence and carelessness of the driver of the police patrol wagon on the night of July 18 running against her, knocking her down and seriously injuring her.

Wrestling Match.

The sporting fraternity are all agog over a wrestling match to be given at Davis' opera house on the night of September 7, between two local sports, named Edward Neal and Al. Bumbaugh, for $50 a side, the winner to have the stakes and the greater share of the receipts.

The men are evenly matched and a hard tussle will result to settle the point of which is the best man.

The Australian System.

The county board of elections has ordered 5,000 colored election tickets for the purpose of having one of the booths erected and so that the voters can familiarize and post themselves on the modus operandi of the new system. The idea is a good one and all should avail themselves of this opportunity. The booth will be erected in the basement of the court house.

Eye Put Out.

Eli Knutt, an employe of W. T. Baker's flouring mill on the North Side, while at work yesterday, was struck in the eye by a flying nail which completely destroyed the sight.

Looking Over a Live Town.

The following gentlemen of Marion, O., paid our city a visit on Monday—to post themselves on street paving—John F. Lust, M. H. Porch, Ed Conley, James Vaughn, Col. Souder, Tim Kelley, Bob Everett and Fred Isleib. While here they also took a ride on one of the finest electric car lines in the country.

WILL TAKE NO ACTION.

Civil Service Laughed at by Republicans.

No Action Yet Taken in the Case of the Baltimore Officers and None Expected.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26.—Inquiry at the treasury department, the postoffice department and the department of justice shows that no steps whatever have been taken towards the dismissal of the republican federal office-holders in Baltimore recommended in the report of the civil service commission.

Nor is there any indication that any such action will be taken by either department. It would not be taken, of course, without positive directions from the president himself, and the president shows no disposition to give any such directions. Indeed it would be absurd for him to do so in the Baltimore case when every republican office-holder in Washington and presumably in every large city in the country, feels the force of the demand made by the Harrison managers that he should contribute as best he can to secure the renomination of Harrison.

Harrison may withdraw, of course, and then the office holders will feel free to do as they please. Now he is not sitting back waiting for the nomination to be brought to him, and everybody who has received office from him personally or for his friends is expected to get out and help him get the nomination.

That being the case, Postmaster Johnson, Marshall Airey and all the other Baltimore officials who violated the spirit and letter of the civil service reform laws in their anxiety to carry the republican spring primaries for Harrison, will not be cut off from trying to carry the primaries about to be held in that city by reprimand, much less by removal.

It is just possible that Commissioner Roosevelt may be called upon by the Maryland Civil Service Reform association to repeat his investigation when the next primaries are held. But that he probably will not do, for he accomplished his object in putting on official record for the first time an authoritative account of a typical case of unlawful interference with politics by federal office-holders. Having done this and having brought the matter to the attention officially of the president and cabinet officers directly responsible for the office-holders, Commissioner Roosevelt considers his duty discharged.

For this reason he would not feel called upon to resign if the president or the cabinet officers did not do their duty in the premises. The scope of their duty is broader than the actual recommendation made by the civil service commission, for it would include the removal of Postmaster Johnson and Marshal Airey, as well as that of the subordinates specifically recommended for dismissal.

For some reason Johnson and Airey were not recommended for removal by the report of the commission, but the logic of its argument points directly to their removal. It is even said that in a first draft of the report their names were included among those who ought to be dismissed, but that they were omitted for some official reason.

The commissioners are now worrying themselves very much about the proposed prosecution of Green B. Raum, jr., the son of the commissioner of pensions, for violating the civil service law. They have laid the matter before the department of justice, which in turn called the attention of the district attorney to the alleged violation of the law, and requested him to take the proper steps to prosecute the offender.

ON A SACCHARINE JAG.

Stevedores Have a Queer Experience.

Workmen Along the Delaware Get Intoxicated in a Peculiar Manner.

Philadelphia, August 26.—The stevedores unloading sugar vessels at Pier 30 South wharves have been involuntarily indulging in what they call "sugar drunks."

It is a curious fact that the gases arising from sugar that has been stored in the hold of a vessel without ventilation will produce a state of intoxication which might put to shame that produced by a jug of Kentucky "mountain dew."

This saccharine "jag" is caused by merely breathing the air where the sugar has been stored, and while 20 minutes in the open air is sufficient to work off, its effects, it is none the less a "jag."

While the barkentine John Swan was unloading a cargo of sugar at Pier 30 it was noticed that quite a number of the stevedores working in the hold of the vessel were acting in a strange manner, as though under the influence of liquor.

They were induced to go on deck, apparently in a beastly state of intoxication, but after a few minutes in the open air, they recovered and continued their work.

John Duffy, one of the men affected, pronounced the sensations to be exactly similar to effects produced by drinking whisky. For a while he felt stimulated, then began to grow exhilarated and hilarious.

Shortly after that he began to get dizzy and stagger, and finally lost control of his mental and physical faculties, when he was removed to the open air and recovered shortly afterward.

The effects of the fumes have only been noticed early in the mornings, when the hatches are first opened.

Gradually the current of air from the two hatches dissipates the gas, and within an hour it disappears entirely, leaving only a disagreeable and penetrating odor and a sediment which penetrates every part of the vessel.

Died Aged 82.

New York, Aug. 26.—Mrs. Elizabeth Beatty, who was maid of honor in the court of King George IV. of England, died at her home in Elizabeth, N. J., aged 82.

Biliousness, constipation, torpid liver, piles, cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills; 50 doses 25 cents. Samples free at druggists; by mail 25c. Miles Med. Co. Elkhart, Ind.

IN UTAH'S EL DORADO.

The Greatest Find Since the Days of Leadville.

A Steady Stream of Wealth-Seekers.

The Days of Forty-Nine Brought to Mind—Fifty Millions of Capital on the Ground.

Ogden, Utah, Aug. 26.—The ore find adjacent to Ogden continues to grow, while in richness it is unparalleled since the Leadville find of 1879. The excitement grows apace, and the scenes now in the hitherto quiet city of Ogden remind old miners of the days of '49 in California.

The new Golconda is located 25 miles northwest of Ogden and is reached through the Ogden canyon. The roads are fairly good but the county has already put a large force of men at work improving them. A new town, La Plata, has already been laid out, although the discovery is scarcely seven days old. It boasts a store, saloons, hotels and the general accessories of a town of 1,200 people.

The Southern Pacific railroad has begun the survey of a branch to connect the region with Ogden.

Senator Tabor, of Denver, has several experts on the ground, and they pronounce the outlook most promising. Wonderfully extravagant assertions are made, but there seems to be no doubt that it is the greatest mineral find that the west has known for years.

The production is gold, silver and lead, with indications of antimony. The assays have shown in every case over 80 per cent. of lead and from 12 to 24 ounces of silver per ton.

The ledges from which the assays are made are large, and in many cases are surrounded by a rich carbon of limitless extent. It is all on the very surface, ready to be broken with the sledge, scooped into wagons and shipped. A Colorado miner declared to the World correspondent that it was the greatest mining discovery of the age.

Bear Gulch, which was the original name of the locality, is about three quarters of a mile in extent. Mineral has, however, been discovered in all the section around, and in every instance in paying quantities.

The whole country for miles around shows vast quantities of low grade galena ore, not merely in "float," but in enormous ledges. The veins of ore seem to run from a northwesterly direction, almost in a direct line with Parkerly, and many miners who are acquainted with the country believe it is the same belt of ore that crops out there.

Thus far the mineral has been discovered in a scope of country that covers an area of from two to three miles in widths. The richest of the mines yet discovered are the Sundown and the Sunrise.

The lode is pure galena, and runs through a hill for a distance of over 6,000 feet and along its entire length blossoms of the great vein can be seen. A two-third interest in the Sundown mine was bonded yesterday for $15,000 by Charles Warner of Burlington, Mont. The mine was first discovered by a sheep herder and was opened by Pete Wilson and Abe Bolton, of Brigham City.

The famous Bullion Beck Mining company has about fifty men at work on the La Plata mine, from which it is taking out large quantities. The ore is galena, embedded in a large quantity of carbonate that assays a large percentage of gold. This company has also laid out five acres for the location of mills. The big Ontario and Daly silver mine management are also represented on the grounds.

Yesterday's trains to Ogden brought in hundreds of old timers from all over the west, and representatives of over $50,000,000 of capital are now here. The hotels in Ogden to-night will not accommodate the influx of visitors, and scores are taking the night trip through the canyon to the New Eldorado on any kind of conveyance that can be had. Many are doing the trip on foot.

The formation of the rock described by an old time miner who was in all the early Leadville excitement as that of mineralized lime, impregnated on an average with four ounces of silver. Miners will understand this as the predominant country rock. Mr. Nute, one of the leading pioneer business men of Ogden, considers that the present discoveries are a continuation of the great belt of silver belt from the Park City region and that they increase in extent as they come this way.

Washington Chat.

Washington, Aug. 26.—Acting Secretary of War Grant to-day appointed a board consisting of Prof. Mercur, Capt. Derby and Lieut. Hodges to appraise the work already done on the gymnasium at West Point.

Contractor Shehan this morning notified the department that he would not continue the work under his contract. The war department has decided to complete the work at the expense of the contractor, and as the walls are far advanced the board of officers named were appointed to ascertain the value of the work accomplished. All the officers are at West Point and there will be no delay in convening the board.

Must Be Paid in Gold.

Washington, Aug. 26.—The state department is informed that the Brazilian government has issued a decree requiring that all import duties after Oct. 1 next be paid in gold and not in paper money, calculated at a fixed rate as has been the practice at some of the customs houses of the republic.

Gross Earnings.

Boston, Aug. 26.—The July gross earnings of the New York & New England railroad were $345,615; increase, $16,714.

Hobart Won.

Davenport, R. I., Aug. 26.—Hobart defeated Hovey in the all-comers tennis match to-day.

CHEATING IN HORSE BLANKETS

Nearly every pattern of 5/A *Horse Blanket* is imitated in color and style. In most cases the imitation looks just as good as the genuine, but it *hasn't the warp threads*, and so lacks strength, and while it sells for only a little less than the genuine it isn't worth one-half as much. The fact that 5/A *Horse Blankets* are copied is strong evidence that they are THE STANDARD, and every buyer should see that the 5/A trade mark is sewed on the inside of the Blanket.

Ask for 5/A Five Milo, Boss, Electric, Extra Test, Baker

HORSE BLANKETS ARE THE STRONGEST.

100 5A STYLES

at prices to suit everybody. If you can't get them from your dealer, write us. Ask for the 5/A Book. You can get it without charge.

WM. AYRES & SONS, Philadelphia.

Peculiar

Peculiar in combination, proportion, and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the curative value of the best known remedies of the vegetable kingdom. Peculiar in its strength and economy, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the only medicine of which can truly be said, "One Hundred Doses One Dollar." Peculiar in its medicinal merits, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures hitherto unknown, and has won for itself the title of "The greatest blood purifier ever discovered." Peculiar in its "good name at home,"—there is more of Hood's Sarsaparilla sold in Lowell than of all other blood purifiers. Peculiar in its phenomenal record of sales abroad preparation ever attained so rapidly nor held so steadfastly the confidence of all classes of people. Peculiar in the brain-work which it represents, Hood's Sarsaparilla combines all the knowledge which modern research has developed, in medical science has To Itself with many years practical experience in preparing medicines. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

RADWAY'S PILLS,

AN EXCELLENT AND MILD CATHARTIC

THE GREAT

Liver and Stomach Remedy

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking RADWAY'S PILLS. By so doing

DYSPEPSIA,

Sick Headache, Foul Stomach, Biliousness,

will be avoided, and the food that is eaten contribute its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price 25c per box, or, on receipt of price, will be sent by mail; five boxes One Dollar.

RADWAY & CO., 32 Warren St., N. Y.

Will pay for the Cost of Changing Plain White Glass vessels to Rings, Emerald, Opal, or other Costly Glass. 10c

PIK-RON FOR GLASS WILL DO IT. WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

DR CLARKE

Merrill Bl'k, Corner Woodward and Jefferson Avenues, Detroit, Mich.

THE REGULAR OLD ESTABLISHED

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Is still treating with the greatest

SKILL AND SUCCESS ALL

PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Lost Manhood, Mental and Physical Weakness, Exhausting Drains, and all the evil effects caused by excess or abuse, treated scientifically by new methods, and a thorough and permanent cure guaranteed.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

as Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Eruptions, etc., radically cured without mercury.

URINARY AND KIDNEY

complaints, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs speedily and safely cured.

DISEASES OF WOMEN, of whatever nature, skillfully and successfully treated.

No Experiments. Thousands Cured. Consult the Old Doctor. Forty years in practice. Consultation personally or by letter free and confidential. No matter who has failed to cure you, write DR. CLARKE a full history of your case. Medicines sent everywhere free from observation. Hours, 8 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 12. Call on or address

Dr. F. D. CLARKE, Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.

Dr. Clark, the Botanic Specialist,

Eleven years at his Toledo Office Parlors

Patronize no longer, advertising quacks, who infest our city for a few months and with their accumulated spoils depart.

Dr. Clark cures syphilis, gonorrhea, loss of manhood and power, spermatorrhea, night emissions, cancers sores, liver, kidney and blood diseases.

Special diseases of both men and women positively cured. Dr. Clark is the only botanic specialist in the state. If you mean business and wish to be cured call and see us and have a friendly talk and see what can be done for you. If not you probably will fall into the hands of an advertising charlatan or a home physician that is incompetent. Dr. Clark has no sore time but use, but every case has a thorough examination so you can accept or reject. We are the friends of all sufferers. Dr. C. G. CLARK, Toledo, O., next to Hotel Hamilton.

DRUNKENNESS LIQUOR HABIT.

IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CURE

DR HAINES GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in coffee, tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of patient if necessary; it is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such certainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and soon his complete reformation is effected. 48 page book free.

To be had of J. N. REED, Druggist, Summit and Madison sts., Toledo, O.

FOR MEN ONLY A NEW BOOK ON "Errors and Abuses of Youth." Every man should read it. Many are the victims of ignorance and improper self treatment. All the world is full of them. Almost every man you meet is more or less affected. Nervousness, weakness of body and mind, unnatural losses, nervousness, physical or total impotence, etc., cured to stay cured. Every condition of robust and noble manhood fully restored, unless beyond human aid. Medicines for every disease and form of weakness. Write for free book. You can write them. It may be the making of your life if you fail to answer this and investigate. Every sex of treatment which is absolutely unfailing as any human agency can be. Secrecy of this positively guaranteed. Write to us in good faith, and at once, you have the most valuable book ever written published free. EAGLE MEDICAL CO., One of Main and Swan streets, BUFFALO, N. Y.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

EDUCATIONAL

Tri-State BUSINESS COLLEGE And "Best" Shorthand School, Nearly opposite P. O., cor. Madison and Summit Sts., Toledo, O. Phone 708.

13 STUDENTS placed in position the past two weeks Owing to the large demand for our students we have decided to GUARANTEE POSITIONS. We teach what business men demand. Arrange for the fall term now.

Melchior, Robinson & Melchior, PRINCIPALS.

Steadman BUSINESS COLLEGE —AND— SHORTHAND SCHOOL, Corner Summit and Adams Streets.

FALL TERM OPENS NEXT MONDAY.

We make no false or mis-leading statements to induce you to enter, but it will be to your interest to visit a SCHOOL OF A HIGH GRADE before you pay your money elsewhere.

This is the only school in the city teaching bookkeeping by ACTUAL BUSINESS PRACTICE from day of entrance. No children admitted. Send for full information.

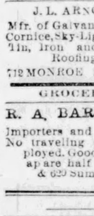
A. H. STEADMAN, Principal.

TOLEDO Business COLLEGE

BOOKKEEPING —BY— Actual Business Practice

No children admitted. Students assisted to positions. Make your arrangements for September. Rooms repainted and papered throughout. Ten years under the management of

516-520 SUMMIT STREET. Phone 1021. M. H. DAVIS, Prin.



OHIO MILITARY ACADEMY PORTSMOUTH, O.

Scientific, Classical, Commercial and Select Courses; Infantry, Artillery and Cavalry Drills. *Beautiful and Healthful Location; Magnificent Grounds and Buildings. Newly refitted. New Term Opens Thursday, Sept. 3, '91. Catalogue free.*

COL. A. L. BRESLER, Supt.

Kenyon Military Academy.

This old and remarkably successful school provides thorough preparation for College or Business, and careful supervision of health, habits and manners. For illustrated catalogue, address LAWRENCE RUST, LL. D., Rector, Gambier, Ohio.

Harcourt Place Seminary.

A school of the highest grade for young ladies and girls. Established upon original lines, its success has been remarkable. For catalogue, address the Principal MISS ADA I. AYER, B. A., Gambier, O.

BEE DIRECTORY

TOLEDO'S ENTERPRISING MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE ESTABLISHMENTS.

TO THE PUBLIC—The firms represented in this department are reliable in every way. Their goods are the best made, and they are recommended to the readers of the BEE in cities and towns everywhere, as proper persons with whom to deal. Letters addressed to any of them will receive courteous attention and orders will be promptly filled. These firms do much toward making business of this section brisk at all times and are worthy of your patronage.

SAWS

NORTHWESTERN S. W. WORKS. A. MERTZ ..... PROP. Mfr and dealer in SAWS and PLANER KNIVES. 8 South St. Clair St.

SAWS.

The Standard SAW takes the lead. Manufactured by H. BARTLEY, Toledo, O.

PAINTS.

BUCKEYE PAINT & VARNISH CO. Prepared Paints, White and Colored Leads.

HEATING.

Isaac B. Smead & Co. Warming and Ventilating Engineers, manufacturers of Warming and Ventilating Apparatus

CONTRACTOR.

T. H. HAMILTON, BRIDGE BUILDER, File Driver and General Contractor, HARTFORD BLOCK.

BRIDGES.

THE SMITH BRIDGE CO TOLEDO, - - OHIO

BRIDGES.

THE MASSILON BRIDGE CO., Massillon, Ohio. TOLEDO OFFICE NOS. 1 & 2 Darst Block, Adams St.

SEED MERCHANTS.

CHAS. STAGER

HARBOR AND LAKE NEWS

Lumber Shovers on a Strike at Buffalo.

Schooner Gilmore Ashore at Point Pelee—Notices to Mariners—General Marine.

Special marine weather bulletin, compiled from the agricultural department weather map, observations taken at 8 a. m.:

Port.	Bar.	Tem.	Wind. Dir.	Vel.	Wea'r.
Oswego	30.24	60	SE	8	cloudy
Buffalo	30.22	64	SE	6	clear
Cleveland	30.22	60	N	6	clear
Toledo	30.22	62	S	lt	clear
Port Huron	30.22	62	S	lt	clear
Alpena	30.08	62	S	10	cloudy
Green Bay	30.08	62	W	8	cloudy
Milwaukee	30.08	62	SW	10	cloudy
Grand Haven	30.08	66	S	12	cloudy
Chicago	30.10	62	SW	20	clear
Sault Ste. Marie	29.96	62	SW	8	rain
Marquette	30.00	60	W	lt	cloudy
Duluth	30.12	54	NW	8	clear

Lake Region—Forecasts for Western New York and Ohio—Slightly warmer and fair today; variable winds; fair and stationary temperature Thursday and Friday.

For Indiana and Illinois—Generally fair; except local showers during the day in northern portions; continued cool variable winds; continued cool and fair weather is probable Thursday and Friday.

For Michigan and Wisconsin—Cloudiness and local showers to-day; colder, fair weather for Thursday and Friday; frosts are likely tonight in northern Wisconsin.

Notice to Mariners.

The following notices to mariners were issued by the lighthouse board to-day:

Notice is hereby given that on or about September 15, 1891, the light at Port Des Morts, Pilot island light station, entrance to Green Bay, Wisconsin, will be changed from a flashing white light every minute to a fixed red light. The order of the light will not be changed.

Notice is hereby given that on or about September 10, 1891, the light at Menominee pier-head, Green Bay, Michigan, will be changed from a fixed red light of the fifth order to a fixed red light of the fourth order. The light should be visible in clear weather from the deck of a vessel ten feet above the level of the lake eleven and three-quarter statute miles.

The J. E. Gilmore Ashore.

Leamington, Ont., Aug. 26.—The schooner James E. Gilmore, from Cleveland to Portage, Can., in tow of the tug Blazer, freighted with 500 tons of coal and seven carloads of pine, came to grief Monday while opposite the point. She was found to be leaking, but made the Pelee Point lighthouse in safety.

She attempted to return to the Detroit river, but found it impossible and was grounded on the Pelee Point beach. Her cabin was washed off and other injuries were sustained, making a total loss of about $2,000.

She is owned by Capt. Farlick, of Cleveland. The Canadian wrecker Saginaw started to her assistance yesterday, but was unable to get alongside on account of the heavy sea running and returned to Amherstburg for a lighter.

Lumber Shovers Strike at Buffalo.

Buffalo, Aug. 26.—The schooners Arthur Dodd and Comanche, wheat laden, have filed protests. During the recent heavy weather on this lake they made water and wet portions of their cargoes.

The lumber shovers have struck against working under stevedores and against employment of Canadian laborers. They want to deal directly with owners of vessels. A meeting was held to-night to organize.

Port List.

ARRIVED.

Schr Knight Templar, Alpena, 380 m lumber.
Stmr Rhoda Stewart, Detroit, light.
Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Prop C Reynolds, Buffalo, light.
Schr Lone Star, Alpena, 350 m lumber.
Stmr Lily, Detroit light.
Schr Wawanosh, Tonawanda, light.
Schr Prussia, Pt Edward, light.
Prop Canada, Kingston, light.

CLEARED.

Schr Kate Kelley, Buffalo, 17,000 bu wheat.
Schr Wawanosh, Owen Sound, 700 tons coal.
Schr J R Benson, Kingston, 22,935 bu corn.
Tug Dan Connolly, Sandusky, light.
Schr R Haliaran, Erie 52,000 bu wheat.
Stmr Rhoda Stewart, Cheboygan, light.
Schr Knight Templar, Alpena, light.
Schr M T Downing, Buffalo, 20,000 bu wheat.
Schr Lone Star, Alpena, light.
Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Stmr Dominion, Kingston, wheat and corn.
Stmr Lily, Algonac, 200 tons coal.
Stmr Prussia, Pt Edward, 750 tons coal.

Snags.

The steamer Ida M. Torrent left to-day.

The steamer Dominion and tow left this morning.

The steamer Canada arrived this morning for grain.

The big steamer America is at the Hocking dock for coal.

The tug Andrews took the schooner Cobb to the lake this morning.

The steamer W. L. Wetmore and consort will get away with coal to-day.

At the Hocking dock are the steamers Wocoken, H. A. Tuttle, America and the Waubashene.

The steamers Henry Chisholm, Federal and John M. Nicol have been chartered to carry coal from Toledo to Duluth at 55c.

IN HAMILTON COUNTY.

A Splendid Ticket Placed in the Field.

No Slate, No Slashing, But a Vigorous Old Time Democratic Convention.

Cincinnati, Aug. 26.—(Special)—The democracy of Hamilton county held their convention at the Bellevue house yesterday. The hosts began gathering before 9 o'clock in the morning. It was 11 o'clock, however, before the convention was called to order, and from that time until 9 o'clock at night the proceedings were lively and interesting.

With but few exceptions there was a struggle over every position on the ticket. The energy displayed in behalf of the various candidates indicates the great interest taken in the fall contest and the confidence which fills the rank and file of the democracy.

The ticket nominated was as follows:

For Judges Common Pleas Court—Moses F Wilson, J R Sayler, Robert Kuehnert, Milton Sater, John A Slattery.
For county clerk—John B. Peaslee.
For county treasurer—Reuben B. Brooks.
For county recorder—Cornelius J. Keating.
Prosecuting attorney—John W. Schrage.
County commissioner—Andrew J. S. Rice.
Board of Control (Long term)—Henry Detmer, H. D Lemon. Short term—Thos. H. C. Allen, John Miller.
For State Senators—James Brown, James W. Utter, Thomas McLaughlin.
For representatives—John J. Rooney, Charles Ames, William H. Ukotter, Charles E. Dalton, John J. O'Dowd, Henry Imwalle, A. J. McCaffery, John Bolton, W. W. Warwick, Charles Lamott.
County infirmary director—J. P. Sedam.

THREE TOLEDO HORSES

Carry Off the First Prizes at the Detroit Exposition.

Detroit, Aug. 26.—(Special)—At the exposition to-day two Toledo horses owned by Geo. H. Ketcham, of Toledo, carried off two first prizes. Nyanza took first in the 2-year-old standard bred class and Biddy Donovan first in the 4-year-old standard bred class.

Nyanza was sired by Robert McGregor, 1:17¼, sire of Bonnie McGregor, time 1:13¾, out of the Almont mare Telos. She is a bay filly foaled 1889 and a beautiful animal.

Biddy Donovan, owned by Geo. H. Ketcham, was sired by Newton's Allie Wilkes. Mr. Ketcham purchased her of Mr. L. N. Pratt, of Blissfield, Mich., a few weeks ago. She is a dark bay, and has a record of 2:29¾.

Mr. Newton's filly won first prize in the yearling class. The contests were close. The exhibition is large and excellent.

Lucas Lodge, No 148, K. of P.

All members are requested to meet at hall, corner Dorr and Heston streets at 1:30 p. m., to-morrow, to attend the funeral of the late brother, A. H. Wilcox.

G. C. WEIR, C. C.
V. W. VANDENBURG, K. of R. and S.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

Assistant Yardmaster Winslow of the Lake Shore Killed—The Toledo Committee.

The Toledo passenger committee met yesterday afternoon. There was a good attendance, but very little business was transacted. A rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip was authorized to the meeting of the One Hundredth regiment O. V. I. at Paulding, O., September 5.

Assistant Yardmaster Killed.

The Air Line Junction claimed another victim yesterday afternoon, making the third this week. It was about 3 o'clock when James H. Winslow, the assistant yardmaster, caught his left foot in a frog. A yard engine was bearing down upon him. He made futile efforts to extricate himself and his cries were not heard by the engineer, who also failed to see him. The engine struck him and passed over his left leg, completely severing it above the knee. Medical assistance was summoned, and everything possible was done for the injured man but without avail. He died an hour or so after the accident.

James Winslow was about 40 years of age and lived at 608 Ralph street. He had many warm friends among the railroad men, who deeply feel his sad and untimely death.

From This Territory.

Excursion rates have been authorized by the Central Traffic association for the following occasions from this territory: Supreme Council, Order of Chosen Friends, Washington, D. C., September 8-14; annual session National Council of United American Mechanics, Troy, N. Y., September 21-24; Laundrymen's National association, St. Louis, October 13-15; National encampment, Union Veterans' Legion, Reading, Pa., October 13-15; Grand Council, Phi Delta Theta Fraternity, Atlanta, Ga., October 19-23.

Cinders Here and There.

E. N. Kendall, traveling freight agent of the B. & O., is up in Michigan.

W. H. Lovekin of the T. & O. C. has returned from a short visit at Bucyrus.

The Toledo Railroad Clerks' association will give a moonlight excursion to-morrow evening.

General Manager J. M. Ferris of the Toledo & Ohio Central railroad will be down the line for a few days.

W. D. Holliday, general agent of the Big Four at Sandusky, was in town yesterday.

The official Toledo railway register, No. 95, has been issued by Wm. Gates, union ticket office, giving the time tables on all local roads.

Another circular has been issued stating that the 96 per cent. basis from Grand Rapids will go into effect September 1 as stated at first.

The contracts for building the Toledo, Walhoiding Valley & Ohio railroad have been awarded from Cosbocton to Londonville, a distance of 46 miles. The work is to be completed by March 1.

THE EVENTS AND ENTRIES

For the Y. M. C. A. Games Saturday.

The Contests Will Be Hard Fought and Will Show What Toledo Boys Can Do.

The entries for the various events to come off at the Y. M. C. A. field day, Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, at the association grounds, closed last evening. About twenty athletes have entered in the contests, as follows:

100-yard dash—Orus W Jones, D C Moor, Karl Groweg, D H Authony, G Rollins, Sam Aldrich.

100-yard dash, juniors—Arthur St C Sloan, Richard Drew, Vincent Emmick, Harry Bennett.

50-yard dash—H G Kahlo, Orus W Jones, Daniel C Moor, A S Bament, Karl Groweg, D H Anthony, Harry F Young, G Rollins, W H St John, Sam Aldrich.

50-yard dash, juniors—Arthur St C Sloan, Richard Drew, Vincent Emmick, Harry Bennett.

440 yards dash—G Rollins, C T A Meek, Karl Groweg, Henry Kahlo, Orus W Jones.

220 yard dash, juniors—Richmond Drew, Harry Bennett.

Mile run—H G Kahlo, Karl Groweg, Harry F Young, Orus W Jones.

Running broad jump—Karl Groweg, G Rollins, H G Kahlo, Orus W Jones.

Running high jump—Orus W Jones, H G Kahlo, G Rollins, Sam Aldrich.

Standing broad jump—W H St John, Orus Jones, H G Kahlo, G Rollins.

Standing hop, step and jump—Orus Jones, H G Kahlo, Karl Groweg, G Rollins.

Standing two hops, jump with weights —Orus W Jones, H G Kahlo, Karl Groweg, G Rollins.

Standing hop-step-jump, juniors—Harry Bennett.

Mile walk—C T A Meek, E L Trowbridge.

Throwing 16 pound hammer—H G Kahlo, Karl Groweg, Orus W Jones.

Putting 16-pound shot—Orus W Jones, Karl Groweg, H G Kahlo.

Throwing base ball—D H Anthony, G Rollins, H G Kahlo, Karl Groweg, O W Jones.

One mile bicycle—R Y Bernhart, D H Anthony, W F Caine, C T A Meek.

Pole vault—G Rollins, Karl Groweg, H G Kahlo, Orus W Jones.

Tennis—Reno Freeman, Arthur Sloan, Frances Simmons.

In the junior events, the running, high and broad jumps, there is only one entry each—Arthur St C Sloan and Harry Bennett.

HEARTLESS PARENTS

Deposit Their Babe in an Ash Barrel,

Head Downward, Naked and Suffocating When Found by a Policeman.

New York, Aug. 26.—There was born in this city a baby whose first impression of life could not have been pleasant. It objected to its rude reception, and its wail fell upon the ears of Policeman Shanahan as he passed along Washington street at half past four o'clock yesterday morning.

The sound was just loud enough to be heard, and the patrolman looked around to find where it came from. After a brief search he located it in an ash barrel in front of No. 27.

Projecting from the barrel he saw a pair of tiny legs. They belonged to a new born babe that had been stuck head first down into the ashes.

Shanahan drew the mite out. Its mouth, ear and one eye were filled with ashes. Rain had made the ashes pasty, and they clung like a plaster to portions of the babe's anatomy.

The child had not been born more than six hours, and that it was not suffocated is a wonder. It was naked save for a strip of waste lawn around its body.

The foundling cried a little, and then showed a disposition to go to sleep. Shanahan hurried with his find to the Church street station house, and was told to get up to police headquarters with his burden as fast as possible. Chances are slim that the foundling will live after its exposure.

To See the Holy Coat.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 26.—A party of 38 Pittsburgers are making ready for a pilgrimage to see the holy coat of Treves. A church authority says that 8,000 people from this country will make this journey, and of these 100 will go from this diocese. Many people will go from Canada, Mexico and South America. A party of 80 will leave here to-day, and these, with others, will sail on the steamer Obdan from Hoboken on Saturday.

A magnificent stock of Pianos, Organs and Standard Sewing Machines can be seen at our new ware rooms, Pythian Castle.

J. W. GREENE & CO.

There is a fastidious horse down in Louisiana who persistently refuses to drink at a watering trough after a mule. He doesn't mind other horses, but he draws the line at mules.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

Presque Isle.

The Lagrange Street Congregational Sunday school is holding a picnic at Presque Isle to-day. To-morrow there will be special attractions at the park, such as ball games, tub races and dancing, and the steamer will make an extra trip to the lakes.

Alderman Graham Deals in Real Estate.

Michael Graham late yesterday afternoon consummated a deal in which he traded 700 acres of land in Kentucky for nine acres at Manhattan Junction, formerly owned by Contractor Mozier. The property will be platted and placed on the market at once.

That Unlucky Number.

Julia Nevers began action in common pleas court to-day against her husband, Ernest Nevers, to recover alimony for alleged desertion and gross neglect. She says in her petition that when they were married her husband, a widower, had five children and she a widow with eight children. Eight and five equal thirteen, which accounts for the suit.

Bridge Repairs.

Harbor Master Skeldon last night had some repairs made to the under planking on the Cherry street bridge. More of this under plank is in bad shape, having been in place since the bridge was built and extensive repairs are necessary. Two heavy stringers are also to be placed under the Perry street bridge in place of broken ones.

Killed at the Workhouse.

John McCloy who has been doing time in the workhouse, was killed this morning by a lump of clay caving in on him. McCloy is about 22 years old and with his wife was sent to the workhouse for a disturbance about a week ago. The coroner was called and will render a verdict in accordance with the facts.

The Epworth League Convention.

The district convention of the Epworth leages convened at Clark street M. E. church this morning with a good attendance. The devotional exercises were led by Rev. P. P. Pope, and the day was then taken up with the program, as printed in last night's BEE. This evening a consecration meeting will be conducted by Mr. A. B. Hood, followed by talks on appropriate topics by Revs. J. H. Bethards, J. C. Shaw and others.

The Woman's Relief Corps.

The first fall meeting of the Forsyth Woman's Relief Corps was held yesterday afternoon. The attendance was quite large and Mrs. R. G. W. Foster, senior vice-president presided. It was decided that the outing and entertainment for the widows and orphans would be held at Presque Isle Friday, September 4th. The ladies of the relief corps will present Uncle Tom's Cabin, taking all the male parts. It will be a novel performance. The corps will soon arrange for a reunion and spread.

Damages for Assault and Battery.

In the common pleas court to-day suit was begun by Homer Clark, by his next friend Peter Cullen against Timothy P. Hart, to recover $1,000 damages for injury.

The plaintiff alleges that on August 22 1891, Timothy Hart struck him on the head with a large and heavy cane and otherwise beat and bruised him, and for the offense was arrested and fined $10 and costs in the police court.

Statement Stretched for a Purpose.

The article in yesterday's Blade, headed "Shame on O'Dwyer," is emphatically denied at the police clerk's office. It is a clear misstatement. The facts are, that Judge Sabin said, somebody had told him that a lot of roughs were making some noise in a saloon near the Wheeling depot, last Sunday evening, and one officer, not four, went into the place to keep order. The conversation as reported by the Blade, was not true in scarcely any particular.

A Birthday Party.

A chapter from fairy-land would best describe the pretty scene enacted by the little lads and lassies who assembled at the home of L. K. Parks yesterday afternoon in honor of Miss Ruthie's eighth birthday. Games were enjoyed until six o'clock, when a dainty supper was served. Later, the entire party, forty in number, were marched to Noteman's drug store and treated to soda water. Miss Ruth was the recipient of various pretty presents from her numerous friends. Among the guests were Emma and Ruth Ellis, Ella Reeves, Malcolm Reed, Eddie Moore, Helen Suydam, Alice Nichols, Marguerite Parsons, Joe Jenning, Lib. Pease, Alice Wheeler and Murray Pease.

Sample of Police Court Business.

The slipshod manner of doing business in the police court was well illustrated this morning in a drunk case. Monday night John O'Neil was arrested for drunkenness and released on bail. Yesterday he did not appear when called, but came afterwards and the bail was not forfeited. The officer who made the arrest had gone, and consequently the case could not be heard, and O'Neil was obliged to appear again this morning. This he did with Attorney B. F. Ritchie to represent him.

The officer, however, was absent again and the case could not go on, besides which the affidavit was made on belief and would not hold water so that it will be necessary to file a new one. O'Neil will have to appear again to-morrow before the case will be settled.

ARE STILL FAR APART.

League and the Association Dickering.

The Old Body Wants All the Fat and Von der Ahe's Crowd Naturally Kick.

Washington, August 26.—Bright and early this morning the hotels where the baseball men are quartered, presented a lively appearance with the baseball men moving to and fro. Throughout the lobbies the men gathered in groups discussing the situation of affairs and the prospects of a meeting to-day between the arbitrators.

The association representatives stand firmly on the ground they took yesterday, and say that the league men will have to give them a written guarantee that all players now under contract with a club will not be tampered with.

This covers "King Kelly's" case in his jump from the Boston association club to the league team of that city, and unless the league committee gives the desired guarantee the association men will not meet in conference to-day.

At the association headquarters this morning this was the feeling expressed. Last night President Kramer, of the association, left the meeting in disgust and said that under the circumstances he did not see how his presence here would help matters any, and this morning he left the city on the 10:40 train.

J. B. Hart, of Boston, also took his departure. Before the adjournment last night it was understood that Messrs. Von Der Ahe and Phelps would meet the league committee this morning at 10 o'clock, but up to 11 o'clock neither of them had put in an appearance.

Soon after a letter was received from them stating that they would not meet the latter. The league men thereupon retired to their rooms and are now holding a secret session, which probably pertains to league matters only. The present outlook is that the warring factions will not come together to settle the differences and it is probable that by to-night all will leave for their homes.

THE GAS TRUSTEES

Award Contract For Piping Lower Town—Bids Submitted.

A special meeting of the board of natural gas trustees was held this afternoon for the purpose of receiving bids for the furnishing and laying pipe in district No. 1 (Ward 1).

A bid from R. W. Smith was received for the construction of pipe on several streets. He also submitted a reconstructed bid on his former proposition to furnish and lay 8-inch pipe. Lenk street has been selected, but he loads his new proposal with such a series of extras that it practically amounts to his second bid.

Bids were then opened for the furnishing and constructing of several miles of pipe in district No. 1 (Ward 1). At the request of the board and of bidders prices are not given.

The following submitted bids: Pittsburg Tube company, Pittsburg; Riverside Iron works, Cincinnati; A. M. Beyers, Pittsburg; Chester Pipe and Tube Co., Pittsburg; Addyston Pipe & Steel company, Cincinnati.

R. W. Smith submitted the following bid:

1,000 feet on Lawrence ave., 6 inch..96c
2,600 feet on Bartlett st., 6-inch.....96c
2,900 feet on Collingwood ave., 3-inch.49c
600 feet on Lincoln ave., 4-inch.....60c

He proposes taking contracts for 8-inch at the same terms as the Lafayette Construction Co. The matter was referred.

The committee on city plant met yesterday and decided that an assistant was necessary, and Manager Heston was authorized to appoint his own assistant.

The committee also made numerous recommendations relative to the laying of pipes in several streets.

ARE READY FOR ACTION.

Democratic Campaign Opens September 17.

The Place Will Be Fixed at a Later Day.

Senator Brice Gives the Lie to Republican Papers Concerning the Tennessee Miners.

Columbus, Aug. 26. — (Special) — The democratic state executive committee met at 2 o'clock with all members present except Messrs. Eppstein, of Toledo, Ream, of New Philadelphia, and Ebert, of Ironton.

The campaign will be opened September 17. Gov. Campbell and Chairman Neal, will decide on place in few days.

All members present gave good report from their section of state.

Senator Brice is of opinion that democratic majority in the northwest will be larger than ever before. It is his desire that the BEE should emphatically deny the republican falsehood that he is connected with the coal companies in Tennessee where convict labor is employed.

He never had any interest in any coal or other company that employed convict labor, but was in favor of giving free, honest labor every encouragement and believed that every man should receive an honest day's pay for an honest day's work, and should at all times aid workingmen when he could.

It is his opinion that Governor Campbell will have a larger majority than two years ago.

EDWARD F. DICKINSON.

His Death Occurred Last Night.

Wille Not Unexpected It Has Cast a Shade of Sadness Over Sandusky County.

Fremont, O., Aug. 26.—(Speial)—Judge Edward F. Dickinson, one of the best known and most prominent citizens of Sandusky county, died at the sanitarium at Green Springs at 11 o'clock last night.

For some time the judge has been a victim of heart failure, which has come near causing his death several times.

He has been very low for some time and about two weeks ago went to the Springs to gain relief and remain quiet.

Saturday night he suffered another attack and has been hovering between life and death ever since.

His condition has been watched with manifest interest throughout the entire county, which is now plunged in gloom.

He probably had more friends throughout the county than any other man.

He was noted for his charity and would give his last penny to a needy one.

Often on account of his large heartedness he has reduced himself to stringent circumstances.

Edwad F. Dickinson was born in Fremont, January 21, 1829. He was the son of Rodolphus Dickinson; was educated at Cincinnati; admitted to the bar at an early age and was a bright scholar and well adapted for the profession for which he applied himself ardently.

He was prosecuting attorney for two terms, beginning in 1852. He was elected probate judge in 1866 and served three terms, and was elected to congress in 1878. He represented this district one term. He has been mayor of Fremont several times. He enlisted in the Eighth Ohio in 1861 and served until the regiment was mustered out in 1864.

He held other county and city offices, and leaves two daughters and a son.

His wife died a few months ago. Has been probate judge for the past six years.

Col. Haynes, Gen. R. B. Hayes, T. P. Finefrock and B. Meek went to Green Springs this morning to bring back the remains.

DEFIANCE REPUBLICANS.

The Farmers Secured All the Places.

City Members of the Party Not Greatly Pleased With the Ticket.

Defiance, O., Aug. 26.—(Special)—The republicans of Defiance county met in convention at Sherwood yesterday to nominate candidates for county offices and representative.

Walter L. Tomlinson, of Farmer township, was nominated for representative.

J. P. Cameron, of this city, was urged to accept the nomination, but firmly declined.

For county officers the following ticket was placed in the field:

Commissioner, Albert Elliott, of Richfield township.

Treasurer, John P. Davison, of Adams township.

Infirmary director, Lyman Hilton, of Noble township.

Coroner—Dr. Hortshorn, of Ney.

The nominations all went to the country and an attempt will be made to catch the farmer vote.

The republicans of this city are not satisfied with the ticket, as they wished to place W. F. Dolke in nomination for treasurer.

The democrats say that the ticket is not a strong one and can be easily beaten.

The judicial convention for the district comprising the counties of Defiance, Williams and Paulding will be held here to-morrow and will be an exciting contest.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Prices Current for Produce and Other Articles.

The market quotations in the BEE are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Denison B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, TOLEDO, O., Aug. 26.

London wheat market quiet and steady; corn firmly held. Liverpool wheat quiet, and ½ pence lower; corn steady.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 1,213,242 bu, compared with 278,354 bu on the same day last year.

Bradstreet's reports wheat east of the Rockies decreased 931,000 bu. Corn increased 365,000 bu. Oats increased 116,000 bu. Pacific coast increased 800,000 bu.

Standing Crops Washed Away.—London, Aug. 25.—Heavy rains have prevailed for some time past and in Westmoreland county the streams have overflowed their banks, flooding the surrounding country. In some districts the lands inundated were covered with standing crops, and these have been washed away, causing great loss to the farmers. Quite a number of cattle which were kept on the pastures adjoining the rivers were caught in the flood and were carried off and drowned.

In Michigan.—The late rain was general throughout the state and crops were greatly benefited.

The press report from St. Paul yesterday, contains a most remarkable statement. It gives the yield of wheat in the state at 70 millions of bus. Last year and in 1889 it was about 40,000,000. It claims that $30,000,000 are to be received for the crop. That is, the population of the state are to eat no bread. The entire crop is surplus and velvet. It is such thoughtless rot that affects American prices adversely.

The Chicago Herald says: It is most likely that the Western Union Telegraph company will soon apply to the board of trade for permission to return to the floor of the exchange, on conditions directed by the board, including the old ticker service.

Receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 934,388 bu in excess of the corresponding Wednesday in 1890.

The export clearances yesterday from three Atlantic ports were 603,650, and flour to an aggregate of 7 00,000 bu. Corn exports light.

English markets as reported herein London quiet and steady. Liverpool dull and lower for wheat and corn.

Crop reporters continue to get in their work, and aggregate results are daily increasing like a great swelling tide. Minnesota claims 70,000,000, and, of course, such reports excite speculation by the Dakotas and where shall we stop. All these northwest and west reports are for bolstering purposes to the land and immigration interest, and are bogus and unreliable We are inclined to believe the government report on Sept 10 will take the tuck out of some of these reporters.

Not the least of the results of deficient crops abroad is the effect upon American rye, the movement of which has been unprecedented, and no wonder, for the price nearly approximates the value of wheat. Toledo has received since the crop began to move nearly one million bushels, which exceeds any previous year.

The Blackboard gives an increase in receipts of wheat compared with last few days, and the large receipts being the only bear element in the deal; that fraternity does not hesitate to use them for all they are worth to depress prices. But our large export clearances in the past month have made no impression on foreign markets. They are not saying anything.

It is American dealers who are doing all the chirping. Our extracts to-day from English authorities and cables herein corroborate the bears' statement of increased depreciation in English production and quality of wheat and the lateness of the season. England has bought freely of us, and it is only fair to say that the demand from that source is decreasing, but taking their quotations in Liverpool as a guide, we say our wheat is cheap enough. No. 2 Red inter wheat is quoted at Liverpool at $1 28 per bu. To come out of that is a water freight of 13c. per bu., and other expenses 5c., is 18c. per bu. Toledo is not exporting wheat, and is guided by the sea board value, and we are now as close as possible to New York. We see nothing to be scared about.

English weather is reported better and their markets opened and closed ½ pence lower per 100 pounds, while Berlin closes equal to 3c bu higher.

Under weaker opening foreign markets, the wheat and corn markets on this side opened weak and declined. New York closed 1⅜c lower on August and September wheat. August corn steady and September 1⅜c lower. Chicago closed 1c lower for September wheat, and 1⅜c lower on December, September corn ⅛c higher. In Toledo there has been a large increase in the trading in wheat futures, and especially for December. August and September quite light. The fluctuations have been only moderate, but prices opened and closed lower, say 1c on August and September and ⅝c for December. On the sale December wheat sold at $1 07. After the call August sold at $1 04¾, and closed at $1 04; September sold at $1 04¾ to $1 05¾, and closed at $1 04. December sold at $1 07 to $1 08¼ and closed at $1 07.

Cash wheat—There was less doing than usual and prices are lower. No 2 soft sold at $1 04 to $1 03½ and to $1 04¾ and closed at $1 04, a loss of 1c; No 3 soft at $1 03 to $1 02½ and to $1 03¾; No 4 soft at 97c; rejected No 1 at 95½c to 95c, No 2 at 89½c; No 1 white at $1 02; No 2 white at $1 00.

Corn nothing doing; No 2 65c; No 3 64c.

Oats, No 2 33c; No 2 white at 35c; No 3 white at 33c.

Rye was steady, with lighter offerings and sales; No 2 sold at 95c cash and Sept rejected at 86c to 87c.

Clover seed was cheaper; Oct at $4 90; Sept at $4 87½; Dec at $4 97½ to $4 95; No 2 at $4 75.

Daily Movement of Grain.

	RECEIPTS.			SHIPMENTS.		
	Wh't	Corn	Oats	Wh't	Corn	Oats
N Y	561300	64125	8 000	18240	650	255
Balto	215494	6820	10433	165104	7800	.....
Phila	151094	5289	57938	248250	7561	15735
Boston	122 4	1976	4283	.....	.....	.....
Toledo	2755 63	17066	24 9	187550	31600	.....
Chicago	427610	67959	403724	277916	236508	255977
Milwkee	23100	29 0	14000	.....	.....	600
St L	146 1	1 000	55 00	166000	13000	32 000
Detroit	8 706	3189	5290	.....	.....	.....
Duluth	18433	.....	.....	84000	.....	.....
Minne	164410	.....	.....	98150	.....	.....
Total	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Visible Supply of Grain in Store.

SATURDAY, P. M., Aug. 22, 1891.

	Wheat bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Rye bus.	Barley bus.
New York	734223	149068	159250	57688	.....
" afloat	570000	45000	.....	24000	.....
Albany	.....	2 400	20000	25600	.....
Buffalo	383746	137389	1500	56606	1391
" afloat	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago	1765 47	1691158	955663	496082	1644
" afloat	.....	.....	.....	31697	29208
Milwaukee	19947	.....	.....	3097	.....
Duluth	9640 6	35	.....	2067	.....
Toledo	1074161	104116	38142	208753	.....
Detroit	246364	42 262	28848	24811	2886
Oswego	25000	6000	.....	.....	.....
St. Louis	1271195	236806	149743	3017	.....
" afloat	166939	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cincinnati	5000	12000	6000	10000	4000
Boston	133498	5-725	14857	1957	312
Baltimore	1190685	80827	27046	56233	.....
Ind'apolis	135572	10200	33362	6400	.....
Kans. City	39-789	101695	43200	10679	.....
Minneapolis	2451854	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montreal	241871	3063	88982	3892	14165
Peoria	1163	43449	175465	8442	2119
Philadelphia	854111	78706	66861	.....	.....
Toronto	45-0	2760	2960	.....	1500
On canal	288-600	116200	.....	310600	.....
On lakes	2540263	1300598	331908	250092	.....
Miss'ippi R	37.697	2055	4725	.....	.....
Total	17857968	4197571	2141665	1796856	57285
Increase	.....	342469	.....	609071	.....
Decrease	1698670	.....	6 962	.....	7987

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, Aug. 26.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 8. Futures firm; August, 7 89; September, 7 59; October, 88 14; November, 8 29.

Chicago, Aug. 26.—Opening: Wheat—Sept., 102⅝; Dec., 105. Corn—Sept., 63⅜; Oct., 59½. Oats—Sept., 31; Oct., 30¾. Pork—Sept., 10 27½; Oct. 10 12½. Lard—Sept 6 55; Oct. 6 45. Ribs—Sept. 6 65; Oct., 6 55.

London, Aug. 26.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at closing quiet and steady; Malz nothing offering. Wheat No 3 red on passage and for shipment, very dull; white firmly held. Maize firmly held.

Mark Lane.—Wheat and maize at opening and red winter wheat for prompt shipment and No 1 calif. wheat first shipped or prompt to be shipped firm. Weather warm after rain.

Liverpool, Aug. 26.—1 p. m.—Wheat market quiet, holders offer moderately. American mixed corn steady. California wheat, No 1, 9s 2d@9s 2½d; winter hard, 8s 10d@8s 10½d.

Wheat and corn off coast demand poor.

New York, Aug. 26.—Money on call 2@3 per cent. Exchange quiet; posted rates, $4 84@4 85½; actual rates, $4 83@4 83¾ for 60 days, and $4 85½@4 85¾ for demand.

Governments steady; currency 6s 109 bid; 4s coupon 117½ bid; 4s do 109¾ bid.

London prices were all materially higher this morning and at the opening here this this market responded with a gain of ⅛@⅜ per cent. In the general list, while Lackawanna advanced 1 per cent. The high prices, however, induced free realizing and the pressure to sell was such that notwithstanding a brisk buying, prices were forced off in the early dealings from ⅛@½ per cent. with the exceptions of Chesapeake & Ohio Northeastern, and Atchison, all of which were up ⅛@⅝ per cent. The downward movement was soon checked, and after 11 o'clock prices again began to advance. At midday about the best figures were current and the advance on yesterday's figures ranged from ⅛@1 ⅛ per cent. The principal dealings of the morning were in Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Atchison, Burlington, St. Paul and Chicago gas. The latter was the strongest speculative. The market is dull at this writing. The sales up to noon amounted to 153,000 shares.

New York, Aug. 26.—Flour steady; city mill extra, $5 20@5 50 for West Indies; superfine, $3 00@3 15; fine, $3 00@3 85; Minnesota extra, $3 80@4 00. Wheat opened weak and 1c lower; fell ½c more and rallied ⅝c by noon; No. 2 red winter, cash, $1 11¾; $1 10⅝ August, $1 11¾, September, $1 13¾, October, $1 14¾ December. Corn opened weak at 1c decline, fell ¾c more and at noon was weak; No 2 mixed, cash, 77½@77¾c; 76c August, 76c September, 69c October. Oats were dull, but steady; No 2 mixed, cash, 38c; 37½c September, 37¼c October. Rye and barley neglected. Pork quiet; new mess, $11 50@12 00. Lard quiet; $6 76 September, $6 86 October. Molasses slow and nominal; Domestic grades, 29@33c for good to fancy. Turpentine easy at 36@37c. Rosin quiet; strained to good, $1 32½@1 40. Petroleum nominal. Freights, demand fair, with rates firm; grain to Liverpool 3d. Butter dull, but firm; western extra, 22½@23c. Cheese quiet, but firm; Ohio flat, common to fine, 6@8c. Eggs steady; state fresh, 18@18½c; western 17½@18c. Rice nominal. Sugar, refined dull and weak; cutloaf and crushed, 5½c; granulated, 4 5-16c; mould A, 4 7-16c. Tallow dull; prime city, 4 15-16c. Coffee steady; fair Rio cargoes, 19c.

Chicago, Aug. 26.—Close—Wheat—September, $1 02⅝; December, $1 04½. Corn—September, 65c; October, 59½c. Oats—September, 31½c; October, 31c. Pork—September, $10 28½; October, $10 40. Lard—September, $6 55; October, $6 65. Ribs—September, $6 65; October, $6 75.

United States Yards, Aug. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 17,000; weak for common and medium grades. Hogs—Receipts, 22,000; weak, 10c lower. Heavy, $4 70@5 15; mixed and medium, $4 87½@5 30; light, $5 00@5 60. Sheep—Receipts 28,000; strong, 10c higher.

Live Stock.

New York, Aug. 26.—Cattle—Receipts 438 head, all for exporters and slaughters. No trade. Feeling firm. Dressed beef was dull at 6½@9c per lb

The Bee

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

The BEE absorbed—
Daily and Weekly Times, February 15, 1881.
Daily and Weekly Post, February 25, 1886.

ONLY 14 years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST.

THE BEE Is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 286 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, AUGUST 26, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. PERKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN Mc CAMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
A. J. TRUMBO, Lawrence County.

Voters of Northwestern Ohio, familiarize yourselves with the Australian method of voting, the now official ballot of this state. You never had a better friend, and you cannot know its features too well.

New York city is in a bad way for street cleaning. The commissioner asked for $2,633,233 for the coming year, which is about equal to $1.80 for each man, woman and child in the city. The amount expended in the present year has been $1,717,774, and from all reports the streets of the city reek with filth.

In the person of Dr. Wm. M. Denman the people of Williams county will have a representative who will be an honor to the county. He is clean in person and politics and is a democrat in whom there is no guile. The party is doing well in making legislative selections in all sections of the state The standard of ability and excellence is raised.

The nomination of Mr. H. L. Stewart, of Norwalk, for senator by the democracy of the Thirtieth district is an honor alike to that gentleman and Huron county, and is very creditable to the people of the district. Mr. Stewart is editor of the Norwalk Experiment-News, and is a man of ability. His election is certain and the district will never have reason to regret the choice made by the democratic convention.

Foreign advices state that at a working men's convention held in Drammen, Norway, it was resolved to demand that the state shoud purchase enough land to divide it among the unemployed, and advance them means to procure tools, seed and live stock. Here's a tip for Peffer and Simpson. In asking this government simply to loan money to the people they are making a too moderate demand.

Warm words of commendation from those entitled to judge greet Von Moltke's "History of the War of 1870." The book has scarcely left the hands of the publishers and is already being eagerly read abroad, and the prediction is made that it will take a place in classic literature. The London Times says "it is the most masterly precis of a campaign in the entire scope of military literature." All the world shares Miles Standish's admiration for "a man who can fight and write, too."

The Adirondack forest region is still in danger, and the threatened railroad which would destroy the trees may yet be built. It is said one reason there is such general apathy over the impending loss is because so much of the forest is owned by a few individuals. One gentleman is owner of 115,000 acres and there are 300,000 acres which are the property of a few men. The New York forest commission has its work cut out if this natural park is to be preserved, and if it is destroyed that course will surely be regretted in the future.

It is quite the fashion to ridicule Ignatius Donnelly in a gentle way. Certainly the author of the Cryptogram and of Caesar's Column may be deemed eccentric, but in his advice to the Farmer's alliance, of which he is a conspicuous member, he has shown good sense and a degree of it other leaders in that movement might envy and copy. From the start Mr. Donnelly has opposed the sub-treasury scheme as unsound and unprincipled. He has no milder words for the plan by which the alliance proposes to corner wheat or othrwise artificially regulate the market.

C. Stuart Patterson, a well known ecclesiastical lawyer of Philadelphia, has furnished an opinion on the sentence of Rev. Howard MacQueary by Bishop Leonard which is in substance that the sentence is uncanonical and against good law. On the 18th of September the term for which Mr. MacQueary was suspended expires, and if he does not before then render submission to the bishop, and if Bishop Leonard does not change the sentence, formal deposition of the Canton clergyman will follow. Neither Bishop Leonard nor Mr. MacQueary is likely to change his mind or his course, but it is now said the latter will take legal action against being deposed. The entire trouble is regrettable, and would not have arisen had Mr. MacQueary voluntarily left the church when he ceased to believe its creed and preach its doctrines.

An elegant line of republican politics is now being displayed in Toledo. At no other place in the state is the feeling between the Foraker following and the Sherman henchmen so bitter and uncompromising. The senatorial struggle is the chief element of discord and overshadows all other issues. In the language of the street, the governorship "is not in it." Thus far the Fire Alarmists are ahead, though the Sherman men are not disposed to yield points until after the election. It is a matter of current report and general belief that Foraker has made a positive deal with C. P. Griffin, by which the three representative votes from Lucas county are to be cast for Foraker in return for the influence of the latter for Griffin for speaker of the house, in the event the republicans control that body. This may be news to other Ohio republican aspirants to that honorable office, but it is true. Whatever pledges have been made in other localities will not be kept. The fight for supremacy is in Toledo, and Griffin and Foraker are determined to end Sherman's political career this campaign.

Of course this row is pleasant for democrats to witness, and it is more than probale that a part if not all of the Lucas delegation in the next legislature will vote for a democrat for United States Senator. It looks that way now.

The San Francisco Call, commenting upon the speed of the Teutonic in her last voyage, which reduced the time between Liverpool and San Francisco to ten days and eight hours, recalls some assurances of men of science of a past age concerning the time of ocean travel which are amusing in the light of actual achievements. For instance, there was Dr. Lardner, who was sure no steamer could ever cross the Atlantic because she could not carry coal enough. Commodore Judkins, whose familiarity with ocean travel was based on his having crossed the Atlantic more times than any man living, gave it as his opinion that a steamer could be built which would make the trip in six days, but that would be the limit, because "the resistance of the water set a barrier to greater speed than that." His time has been broken by ocean greyhounds several times this summer, and it may now be safe to prophecy that the railroad time of "a mile a minute" will yet be made by double screwed steamers amply fueled.

A circular issued by a local pension claim agent contains the following interesting paragraphs:

We would like to have you call at our office, at your convenience, to consult with us regarding your pension or other war claim business.

The laws are now very liberal, and much of the red tape of past years has been done away with. The evidence needed is very simple.

Soldiers or officers dishonorably discharged or dismissed from the service can now get pensions.

Charges of desertion can often be canceled.

Old, rejected cases can be reopened and proved up under the new rules of evidence.—Chicago Herald.

Thus is fulfilled the prophecy of the legislators who, in the interests of the genuine soldier and of his honest claim upon the government, fought the disability bill that is now law. The claim agents of the country lobbied the bill through, and now they are growing fat on fees for securing pensions for such fellows as are here advertised for. It was not that disability pensions were objectionable that this bill was so vigorously opposed, but it was opposed because so framed that its provisions opened wide the door for fraud. In its support a partisan cry was raised, and legislators intelligent enough to see why the bill was pressed and how it would work were not honest enough and courageous enough to vote against it, and it became law. In a pension department reckless, extravagant and shameless, this law is being interpreted exactly as its opponents foresaw it would be, and claim agents dare to openly advertise their ability to secure pensions for the unworthy, because they know they can carry out their promises.

THE RUSSIAN JEW.

The persecution of the Russian Jew continues and interest deepens in his unhappy condition among the people of other nations. Baron De Hirsch's plans for establishing colonies of these exiles in Southern America and in Asia Minor will probably be successful, but notwithstanding all that he and other wealthy men of his faith can do the fate of thousands must be starvation, separation of families, death. It can scarcely be otherwise when, as Mr. Hourwitch, the Russian Hebrew barrister, tells us, tens of thousands of Jews have been expelled from various cities of Russia in the last two years, and the exile continues.

All nations laying claim to civilization should with one voice protest against the course of Russia toward her Hebrew people. At the least these nations might petition, as a writer in the London Fortnightly Review suggested the English should do, that "if the Russian law must condemn six millions of men and women for worshipping God as Christ did, his Imperial Majesty would in his clemency commute the present unbearable sufferings for painless death by electricity or poison."

The United States of America is not in any degree championing the cause of the distressed Jew. In justification of the nation's neutrality it must be remembered that the national policy is one of attending strictly to home affairs and letting other nations manage their own business. In criticism of the neutrality policy, it may with reason be said we have already meddled with the question to a degree and the manner in which we dropped it was not creditable to us.

When the world was horrified, early in 1890, by the wholesale order issued by the Russian government of banishment, proscription and confiscation against the Jews, a resolution was introduced in the United States senate by Mr. Charles S. Baker, of New York, calling upon the president to intercede for these people, and to utter as strong a remonstrance against the course of the Russian government as was consistent with the laws of international courtesy. Some time afterward the senate and the people of this country were informed that Secretary of State Blaine had executed the command of congress, and that he was able to report there was "no truth whatever in the stories. * * * No thought had ever been given to the persecution of the Jews in Russia. For satisfactory reasons the Russian government had determined to issue regulations of a purely domestic character in the interests of industry, and the Jews as well as all other classes of Russian subjects were affected by them." In the light of the cruel expatriation of Russian Jews in 1891 it would be interesting to know whether or not Secretary Blaine would like to revise this report, made less than a year ago.

It is serious consideration for us that great numbers of these exiles, poor and without trades, homeless and without property, are seeking our shores. With all desire to be generous we cannot forget that there is at recurring intervals idleness and distress among our unassimilated population which these exiles swell. It is, however, asserted by representative men of the Hebrew race in New York city that not a single Russian Jew has become a public charge since the influx of these people to America began, a decade ago. This is probably true, for it has been noted that the Hebrew never becomes the subject of charity in benevolent institutions other than those of his own people, nor a charge upon the state in any of its institutions. The Jewish Alliance of America anticipates a large increase of Russian-Jewish emigrants another year, and with characteristic energy is arranging to take care of them, to furnish them with transportation and the means for beginning to earn a livelihood.

It would seem, then, the citizens of this republic who understand the spirit of its institutions can do no less than extend their warm sympathies to these exile-immigrants. And further, if again any official act is undertaken to express this nation's condemnation of Russia's course—such action as an appeal to the President of the United States to interfere, as suggested at a recent meeting held in this city to discuss this question—it is earnestly to be hoped, for the credit of the nation if for no higher reason, such action will have no such "lame and impotent conclusion" as Secretary Blaine's report last year.

MCKINLEY vs. MCKINLEY.

The author of the present tariff monstrosity doubles on himself with agility and very reckless ability. Except upon the question of high taxes, which he discusses with parrot-like precision, he wobbles and trims and contradicts himself. Just now he is a gold bug of the most pronounced stripe. In his keynote at Niles last Saturday he used this language:

The danger of free trade and unlimited coinage has been pointed out over and over again by leading statesmen of both political parties. The position of leading republicans upon this question is so well known that I need not pause to quote from them. Let me call your attention to what the leaders of the democratic party, who are chief in its counsels, say. No one has spoken with greater ability on the democratic side than the ex-president of the United States, Hon. Grover Cleveland. His letter written but a few months ago, taken in connection with his former utterances upon this subject, show that nothing could be more disastrous, in his judgment, to the business interests of the country, and to the best welfare of all the people, than the free and unlimited coinage of silver. Let me read you:

Now see how this oracle of protection talked on the silver question last winter. At the memorable dead turtle soup banquet in Toledo, on February 13, he also quoted Grover Cleveland as follows:

During all of his years at the head of the government he was dishonoring one of our precious metals, one of our own great products, discrediting silver and enhancing the price of gold. He endeavored even before his inauguration to office to stop the coinage of silver dollars, and afterwards and to the end of his administration persistently used his power to that end. He was determined to contract the circulating medium and demonetize one of the coins of commerce, limit the volume of money among the people, make money scarce, and therefore dear. He would have increased the value of money and diminished the value of everything else—money the master, everything else its servant. He was not thinking of "the poor" then. He had left "their side." He was not "standing forth in their defense." Cheap coats, cheap labor and dear money; the sponsor and promoter of these professing to stand guard over the welfare of the poor and lowly! Was there ever more glaring inconsistency or reckless assumption?

Directly opposite are the conclusions which Mr. McKinley draws from the position of Mr. Cleveland on the silver question. Which conclusion is honest? Which opinion of Mr. McKinley is honest? What is his opinion? Has he any opinion at all on this subject? He is a trimmer for votes and can be a gold bug or an inflationist, as best suits his own personal purpose.

If Dr. Briggs must be tried for heresy this fall the Pittsburg Dispatch thinks he is in luck and is strongly reinforced in his position in having Col. Editor Elliott F. Shepard take the other side.

The Boston Herald man, after reading ex-Minister Douglass' article in the North American Review, perpetrates the following shocking pun: "Ex-Minister Douglass now poses as a gentleman of choler."

Larry Neal All Right.

Advantage has been taken of Larry Neal's sojourn at an eastern summer resort to represent him as a sulker. He is at home once more, and talks like the simon pure democrat he always was. As usual, when the campaign opens no speaker's time will be more demanded than Mr. Neal's, and he will do every thing he can for the party. His democracy is something more than mere personal ambition.—The Massillonian.

Too Big a Job

The glowing accounts of the McKinley meeting at Niles speak of the exhibition of tin in various decorative forms on the occasion—and all American. But Neidringhaus, the leader of the scheme of higher taxation for tin plate, says there are no American workmen who know how to make tin plate. We do hope the tin plate liars will get together and make their stories consist.—Steubenville Gazette.

McKinleyed Fifty Per Cent.

The wages of 40 girls in the Akron Cereal company were McKinleyed 50 per cent. on Friday. Thus it seems that even the women are not free from the blighting process of that infamous measure. Soon, very soon, let us hope, some republican editor can hold up to public view one workman at least whose wages have been increased by the new tariff law, as promised.—Zanesville Signal.

The Major Knocks Fact Any Time.

Major McKinley's treatment of the wool price question in his speech at Niles Saturday, is very peculiar. Is the major undertaking to deny the fact that the price of wool has not increased in response to his tariff law, or that it has not in fact decreased? Argument can be leveled against a theory, but not against a fact.—Columbus Post.

Quite Correct, Major.

Mr. McKinley is quite correct in saying that free sugar was never a part of the policy of the democratic party. By putting sugar on the free list and a bounty on domestic sugar the McKinley act has robbed the treasury of $60,000,000 of fiscal revenues in order to put double that amount of money into the coffers of private monopoly.—Philadelphia Record.

Shaded From View.

It is very likely that Secretary Foster's remark, that tais is a billion dollar country will be laid aside, along with Col. Fred Grant's observation, that a surplus is much easier to get along with than a deficit.—Columbus Press.

TWO PAVING JOBS.

The Bids Submitted for the Same Summarized.

The following summary of the bids received for the paving of Western avenue and Erie street has been made by Miss Bodette, of the city engineer's office, for the street committee to-morrow night:

WESTERN AVENUE FROM M. & E. CANAL TO WAYNE STREET.

	Medina curb	Berea curb.
Medina stone:		
Wm B Scott	$58,744 97	$57,691 92
Wm McMahon	60,448 49	59,099 99
Wernert & Son	57,910 77	56,190 57
Thos McKinney	61,257 52	60,151 02
John Streicher	57,844 09	56,067 59
Fire brick:		
Wm B Scott	$41,892 77	$41,844 02
Wm McMahon	47,381 09	45,941 09
Wernert & Son	46,159 97	44,739 77
Thos McKinney	45,071 32	43,865 42
H P Streicher	43,542 09	42,365 59
Cedar block:		
Wm B Scott	$34,994 47	$32,945 72
Wm McMahon	33,882 09	34,442 69
Wernert & Son	34,570 97	33,150 77
Thos McKinney	33,696 22	32,479 32
H P Streicher	36,966 19	35,779 09
Boulder:		
Wm B Scott	$39,968 87	$37,910 62
Wm McMahon	41,752 19	40,325 99
Wernert & Son	41,496 77	38,786 57
Thos McKenney	41,103 52	39,899 62
H P Streicher	8 924 69	37,947 59

ERIE STREET, FROM ADAMS TO ORANGE STREET.

Medina stone:	
John Miller	$12,867 47
Wm McMahon	13,296 65
Wernert & Soe	12,871 91
Chas McKenney	12,811 28
Lelia Bros	13,843 65
H P Streicher	13,401 08
Fire brick:	
John Miller	$10,190 24
Wm McMahon	11,002 68
Wernert & Son	10,694 75
Chas McKenney	10,883 63
Garrigan Bros	11,178 91
H P Streicher	10,469 98
Asphalt:	
Warren Scharf Asphalt Co	$15,347 10

A ROUSING CONVENTION.

Stewart's Nomination Received With Cheers.

A Splendid Speech Made by the Norwalk Man.

Soncrant Ready to Do Battle for the Ticket—General Politics in Ottawa County.

Oak Harbor, August 26.—(Special)—Mr. Harlan L. Stewart, of Norwalk, editor of the Norwalk Experiment-News, and a bright young democrat, was nominated for senator yesterday on the second ballot.

He had more than 75 votes on this ballot, eight more than he needed. Before the vote could be announced by the chairman, Judge Geo. C. Bels, of Erie county, moved that his nomination be made unanimous.

The nominee is but 30 years of age, but has done yeoman service for the gallant minority party of Huron county. A few years since the republicans carried that county by a majority of 1,500, but two years ago they had nearly 700 to go on. This result is largely due to the work of Mr. Stewart, and it was largely owing to a desire to reward him for his services that the convention tendered him the nomination.

Whether the democracy of the Thirty-first senatorial district did wise in refusing Senator Soncrant the courtesy of a renomination to the office which he has filled for two years, time will determine. It is to be hoped that from the brief but hard fought contest, no feuds will be engendered nor factions created The democracy of the district could by no means afford that.

Senator Soncrant himself will do his level best for the success of the ticket. He will not sulk in his tent. He will be found at the front gallantly fighting for the man who defeated him.

After the result was announced yesterday a committee consisting of Judge Bels, Mayor Huston, of Huron, and Hon. Godfrey Jaeger, was appointed to escort Stewart, Soncrant and Donahue to the convention hall.

When they appeared the young nominee was greeted with a tremendous storm of applause.

He was introduced to the convention and said briefly, and in an impressive manner:

"I thank the democrats of this senatorial district for this mark of their esteem. It is the highest honor that was

H. L. STEWART, THE NOMINEE.

ever accorded me, and I will try and reward you one and all for it. In this campaign which we are about to enter upon, there is much responsibility resting upon every democrat.

"The great issue of tariff reform is brought prominently forward, and if Ohio democrats do their duty, McKinleyism and the republican party will be buried in one common grave.

"I wish to congratulate the democrats of Ohio upon the splendid platform given them by the convention at Cleveland, and upon the strong ticket. We have at its head a man who has never been defeated, the mascot from Butler county. With such a gallant leader how can democracy be otherwise than triumphant?

"This convention has seen fit to pass other gentlemen, who have had more experience, and are of maturer years, by, and nominate me. I will do my best to be elected."

Mr. Stewart's remarks were interrupted quite frequently with bursts of applause.

Senator Soncrant was here called for and stepped upon the stage. After being introduced by the chairman, he said:

"Gentlemen, you must sympathize with me at this time. You cannot expect a man who is called upon to preach his funeral, to make a speech. I had intended to say something to you of a different nature, but you have ordained otherwise. Perhaps it is for the best. You have seen fit in your deliberations to retire me to private life. For this I must thank you. (Laughter.)

"During my term in the senate of Ohio, I have endeavored to do my duty. I have no apologies to make. Were I called upon to vote upon the same measures again, I would vote in the same way. I have stood by the people, by the laboring men and the farmers, and I have nothing to reproach myself for.

"You have nominated another man to fill my place, and you will elect him. I am a democrat and will vote for him, and I desire all my friends to do as I will do.

"I believe in the majority ruling, and I will do all in my power to secure Mr. Stewart's election.

"If I have made any enemies, I am sorry. I had hoped that my friends would reward my good work for the district, and that my enemies might forgive me, long enough to vote for me again. But they did not. I forgive my enemies for any wrong they have done me. Let us all work for the election of the ticket."

Senator Soncrant was also frequently cheered, and at the conclusion of his remarks was given three cheers.

Mr. Donahue was then called for and made a rattling speech which was well received.

The convention then adjourned sine die, after voting thanks to the presiding officers and to the village of Oak Harbor for the manner in which the convention was entertained by its citizens.

Oak Harbor is not large, but its people have more hospitality to the square inch than any town of its size in the country. The visitors were well taken care of, and all left bearing with them splendid impressions of Oak Harbor.

Ottawa County Politics.

The democrats of little Ottawa are up and ready for the campaign. They are all firm in their belief that the interests of the state will be best subserved by the election of Gov. Campbell, and the democratic state ticket. There are no people in Ohio better posted on, nor more thoroughly opposed to the high tariff doctrine of the republican party, than the democrats of Ottawa county, and they will make an effort to increase their normal majority this fall.

The People's party will more than likely have a ticket in the field, although that step has not yet been definitely decided upon. The committee will meet in a few days and decide what to do. The Farmers' alliance is strongly organized in Ottawa county, but it is not known whether or not they will affiliate with the People's party. The republican leaders in the county are, of course, endeavoring to hatch mischief, and are doing all in their power to induce the alliance people with the People's party to put a ticket in the field. This is an open secret.

Hon. Godfrey Jaeger, of Elmore, said yesterday to the Bee:

"I am absolutely unable to say whether the People's party will be in the field this campaign in Ottawa county or not. It is an uncertain quantity. I do not see why any democrat should desire to go to a new party when the present democratic platform is so near the actual wants and needs of the people, although I can see why republicans should seek relief from the iniquitious measures which have been carried out and which are proposed now by its leaders."

"Do Ottawa county democrats stand as a unit for Gov. Campbell?"

"Yes, sir. There is not a democrat in Ottawa but will support the Governor, and do some active work for the cause if necessary. There is no discontent with either the platform or the ticket before them asking for their suffrages this year. In my opinion, if all signs do not fail, this will be a democratic year."

Prof. George H. Withey, another of the hustling democrats of Ottawa, is of the opinion that there will be no trouble about the usual big democratic majority.

Said he to the Bee:

"This People's party may do more than people apprehend this year. They had a picnic out here the other day, and at least 4,000 farmers were there. They did not talk much politics, but there is an undercurrent among the farmers which, though practically undeveloped, means something. Democrats in Ohio, upon the issues presented, have an excellent chance of winning this year. People are tired of high taxation, and are about ready to substitute something else, by way of an experiment at least."

There seemed to be nothing but the best of feeling apparent over the nomination of Stewart.

FORAKER - GRIFFIN DEAL.

Foraker Forces to Support Griffin for Speaker.

In Return the Squire Combine Will Assist Foraker,

Who Proposes Making a Red Hot Race for U. S. Senator—Legislative Ticket Nominated by Foraker and Squire at Middle Bass

There will be music in the air when the republican cohorts meet in convention in this city September 5.

Not only will the candidates for representative be pledged to vote for Foraker for United States senator, but they will also be asked to oppose by voice and vote the re-election of John Sherman.

It is going to be a bitter fight and no surrender will be the watchword along the whole line.

It was stated that Foraker was in Toledo part of Saturday and Sunday and had a conference with Mr. Squire relative to nominations for the legislature from Lucas county. This is a mistake, as the conference was held at Middle Bass last Thursday.

"This is a fact," said a well-known republican to a Bee yesterday, "and I know whereof I speak."

"What was done at the conference?" he was asked.

"Griffin and J. C. Messer were agreed upon provided both pledge themselves to stand by Foraker."

"Where is Carl Beckham?"

"He's not on the slate, as he is accused of flirting with Jim Brown and other Sherman men. B. O. Manchester will not be in it either. In the first place he is antagonized by the labor organizations and Griffin says it will load him down, and again it is claimed he cannot be relied upon."

"Has Squire got a reply from McKinley relative to the railroad commissionership?"

"He has. McKinley absolutely refuses to commit himself in writing but commissioned a friend to say that if elected the position of railroad commissioner will be Squire's."

"Has Squire accepted the proposition?"

"No. Squire hasn't got an ounce of political sagacity, and he would as soon turn around and fight McKinley as he would a ward heeler."

"And he will not take it?"

"Oh, yes he will. Foraker has promised to see that it is all right. By the way, have you heard of the dicker between Foraker and Griffin?"

"No, what is it?"

"I suppose I shouldn't say anything about it, but it is well known, and we may as well rub it into those Sherman fellows when we are at it. One of the matters brought up by Squire at the Middle Bass conference was the question of the speakership. Squire demanded that Foraker's forces be used to elect Chas. P. Griffin speaker of the house."

"And Foraker agreed to it?"

"Certainly he did. It is a bargain, but like McKinley, Foraker did not like to commit himself but had to do it, when Squire significantly remarked that he had not organized 68 republican clubs in Ohio for nothing."

"Is not this rubbing it into the Sherman people?"

"Well, that's the intention. They began the fight, and we propose making them pretty sick of it. Say, you were wrong in stating that Emmick was present at our conference in the produce exchange. He was not. He tried to get in all right enough, but he is not to be trusted. We are using him, though."

"In what way?"

"He and Romeis are working up a certain German element against Sherman. He is playing fast and loose with Griffin."

"How fast and loose?"

"Well, he got Griffin to agree to put up $500 in this proposed new labor paper and he went straightway and told the proprietors of the other alleged labor organ what Griffin proposed doing, and there will be a row when the boss gets home."

"What are the Sherman people doing?"

"You must go to the other camp for that news," and he turned away, laughing as he went.

The Sherman forces are not as strong as they once were. The defection of such men as J. D. Ford, J. K. Hamilton and J. F. Kumler means a serious loss to the Sherman forces. Four years ago, even a year ago, they were all the strongest of Sherman supporters, but they have gone dead back on him.

"What is the cause of it?' a Sherman man was asked yesterday.

"Oh, that is easily accounted for. They claim Sherman indorsed J. D. Ford for United States district attorney and then went back on him. This is a lie, however. Sherman never indorsed Ford and he was not indorsed by the republicans of Lucas county. There was a petition as long as you could reel from here to Mr. Sherman opposing his appointment. The fact is, that whole gang has got to be unloaded now or never."

"What is Romeis kicking about?"

"Now that is another man that has got to be sat down upon. Why, at a recent meeting of the executive committee of the Toledo Republican club he threatened to run for sheriff on the democratic ticket, and he told them very emphatically that he could run it if he wanted to do so. He is worse than Emmick."

"What is Emmick looking for?"

The gentleman sat back in his chair and laughed softly.

"Do you know," he said, "what Emmick told me? That Rob Locke said the Blade would bolt the ticket the next time unless he (Emmick) was nominated for congress. Just think of it."

"Do you think Mr. Locke made any such proposition?"

"No. He may have swelled his head a little on the subject, but Rob is no fool. The fact is Locke has no use for Emmick ever since he went back on his promise to Charlie Reed."

It is a nice kettle of fish, look at it any way you wish, and in another fortnight it will be hammer and tongs. The Independents are lying quiet, but they will be in it just the same.

From the Cradle to the Grave.

Major McKinley made his opening campaign speech at his birthplace. It is not so great a distance from the cradle to the graveyard, politically speaking.—Boston Herald.

LET'S HAVE THE TRUTH

And Place the Responsibility Where it Belongs.

Mayor Emmick's Flourish of Trumpets

Was of Short Duration—Toledo Never Was Freer from Crime—Antics of Republican Police Officials.

Of late some severe attacks have been made on Chief of Police O'Dwyer, and unwarranted charges of inefficiency and neglect of duty are cited against him. It is claimed that he makes no attempt to control the gambling houses, brothels or to close the saloons on Sunday.

From the tenor of these attacks a stranger might think that the chief of police was a little czar over Toledo, and that there was no other municipal government whatever, no mayor, no council, no police board and no police court. The facts in the case are that Toledo has all of these city departments, although the incumbents of some of them are "not much to brag of."

The chief of police does not own the city, but that part of the municipal affairs which he has charge of are conducted in about the most business-like manner of any city department, and the present head of the police force is a most efficient city official, as is proven by the small amount of crime prevalent in the city and the good order of the community for which Toledo is noted. The police force of the city is small in comparison to other cities of the same size, and does not come up to the number allowed by law, yet, notwithstanding, the immense territory covered by the patrolmen, there is but very little crime of a serious nature, and it is the exception for criminals to escape.

Investigation of police matters in certain direction shows that the concerted attacks made on Chief O'Dwyer are the results of a deep-seated conspiracy among certain officials who would shirk their own duties and they, therefore, use the chief as a scapegoat and lay the blame on him.

The lack of harmony among police court officials and the inefficiency of that court has several times been exposed in the Bee, and it is here where most of the trouble lies. The vascillating policy and two-sided nature of Toledo's promissory mayor is also well known to all citizens of every class.

If these departments were ventilated some skeletons would be disclosed that would astonish the people who are not familiar with some of the inside workings of the city government. Mayor Emmick made loud boasts before election that all the gambling houses would be closed up and that the saloons would be obliged to shut up on the Sabbath.

On Mayor Emmick's first night as mayor of the city he ordered the gamblers raided and five houses were pulled and some 50 visitors arrested. This was a good start, but within a week all of the joints were running again, full blast, and one keeper openly boasted on the street that the mayor had told him that he might run and that there would be no more raids. Also that the arrests were made "just to quiet the howl from the law and order people."

The gamblers have not since been molested, and it looks as though the gambler boasted truthfully.

As to Sunday saloons, the facts are that when the word was given Chief O'Dwyer closed them up tight, both front door and back, entirely too tight to suit the mayor and his following.

A number of convictions were made when suddenly Judge Sala discovered defects in the jury system and it became impossible to obtain further convictions, and Prosecutor Wheeler absolutely refused to prosecute any more.

The chief, however, did not relax his vigilance, and every Monday morning his men make written reports of the saloons open on their beat the day before. These reports are turned over to Prosecutor Wheeler, and the facts which the officer has obtained are laid before him. Yet he always refuses to swear out a warrant for the offender and makes the excuse that the testimony of an officer is not sufficient evidence to convict, even where he witnesses the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The chief is exact and methodical, and this little farce is gone through with every week.

Monday morning was no exception, and the chief had his usual pile of reports which were seen by a Bee. The following is a sample:

"Sunday, Aug. 23.—Found the Farmers' hotel saloon, on the corner of Superior and Washington streets, wide open. Saw about eight men in the bar room. The lady was back of the bar and there were two empty glasses on the counter.

"J. ZIEMS, Patrolman."

Prosecutor Wheeler, however, said that this patrolman's testimony was not sufficient evidence and refused to issue a warrant.

The reports of last Sunday are numerous and include saloons in all parts of the city, from the insignificant groggery on the outskirts of the city to the big places on Summit street. Notwithstanding this, the prosecutor refused to take up a single case.

From this it is but a proper inference that the police court officials are afraid of the saloon element and so shirk their duty in these cases. Now by underhand attacks they try to place the blame upon Chief O'Dwyer, for their own inefficiency, but it is not difficult to locate the blame.

It has also been stated that the houses of ill repute have been allowed to run without check, and that many gilded palaces in this city have enjoyed immunity from police interference for many years. It is hardly necessary to refute this charge as its falsity is patent to all. The wholesale raids made upon the brothels of the city by Sergeant Conway last winter and spring were a subject of much newspaper comment and created considerable of a sensation at the time. Among the first to be pulled were Annie Allen, Lydia Thompson, Irene Levy, as the big places. Not a house escaped, others who were running what are known as the big places. Not a house escaped, and the raids are still being continued among the lesser joints.

The farce of a police court being carried on in this city is still the laughing stock of those who know anything of its workings, and it is considered a snap among the lawyers to have a case before it. They have almost a sure thing to win.

Prosecutor Wheeler is not only easy to beat, but Judge Sala has lost much prestige among the bar and citizens by some of his remarkable decisions and undignified bearing.

Only last evening Judge Sala, at the council chamber, engaged in an unseemly discussion with Alderman Potter in endeavoring to uphold his jury decision. The debate became quite heated and was very little to the credit of either gentleman, yet the judge seems to delight in just such occasions.

The incidents which are mentioned above and many others of like character, are the cause of the disrepute of Toledo's police court, and it is futile to attempt to blame Chief O'Dwyer with their negligence and misrule.

Judge Lawrence Will Help Him.

Major McKinley goes to Bellefontaine, September 17. That is where the big wool disaffection is most pronounced. He will try to explain the cause of the drop from 40 cent a pound prediction to a 24 cent reality. The major should not deal in futures.—Canton News-Democrat.

Fellows Don't Run for Fun.

No republican up to date has been found willing to take the republican gubernatorial nomination either in Massachusetts or New York. The official careers of the democratic governors of those two states have been so acceptable that no republican wants to lead a forlorn hope.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

HEY, BRAVE JIMMIE LAD!

"Hey, brave Jimmie lad,
Cock up your beaver."
(After Burns.)

When first the brave Jimmie lad
Won the hard race,
He had to keep going
At a very great pace.
But now he has gotten
The hat and the feather;
Hey, brave Jimmie lad
Cock up your beaver.

Cock up your beaver
And cock it full sprush,
We'll all get in order
And give them a brush,
And Mac and his clan
Will teach better behavior.
Hey, brave Jimmie lad
Cock up your beaver.

We've made the low tariff plank
Sound, safe and strong.
Then all you've to do, lad,
Is just to jump on.
It will carry you through
With a mighty good will
And land you in triumph
On top of William's bill.
Then steady boys, steady,
We'll pull all together,
Hey, brave Jimmie lad
Cock up your beaver.

Then cock up your beaver,
And cock it full high
For the ides of November
Are now drawing nigh,
When Mac and his clan
Will go under together.
Hey, brave Jimmie lad,
Cock up your beaver.

Put-in-Bay, August 24th. —K. S. McC.

BLOWING A LIVELY GALE.

A Heavy Storm Raged in Great Britain.

It Took the Nature of a Hurricane and Swept Everything Before It Like Chaff.

London, August 26.—All night long a tremendous hurricane prevailed throughout Great Britain. Everywhere the telegraph wires are prostrated, and it is impossible to obtain anything more than the most meagre information as to the amount of destruction caused by the fearful wild and sweeping rain.

In and about London, and the few outside places that have been heard from trees have been dragged out of the ground by their roots and the roofs of houses have been ripped up and hurled into the streets, lanes and byways.

At New Castle the tents of the flower show were blown away like straws and the beautiful exhibit which they had enclosed was almost entirely destroyed.

A dispatch from Southport, in Lancaster county, on the Irish sea, reports that the Norwegian bark Gefion has been wrecked off that place. The crew were, however, saved.

Numerous other minor casualities are reported. It is feared that with the restoration of the telegraph service will come the news of serious disasters all along the coast.

Through the entire night the terrific gale pounded its stormy course through the narrow stretch of the British channel with a violence seldom witnessed on even that rough waterway. Communication of any kind between the shore and the monster ironclads of the great English and French fleets now riding in Portsmouth harbor could not be established last night and while nothing indicative of accident to the war vessels has been heard there is a constant apprehension that one or more of the ships may drag their anchors, or in some way become unmanagable among the other vessels.

THE STRIKE IS OVER.

Lake Erie & Western Again Running.

Restraining Proceedings Stopped and a New Scale of Wages to be Presented.

Lafayette, Ind., Aug. 26.—The strike on the Lake Erie & Western ended at midnight. A conference of a committee from the strikers and the officials having resulted in a settlement all the strikers are to resume work to-day. The restraining proceedings in the federal court are to be dismissed and a new scale of wages is to be submitted to the men within five days.

Murderer Under Arrest.

Petersburg, Va., Aug. 26.—A special to the Index Appeal from Suffolk, Va., says that a telegram received there announces the arrest at Raleigh yesterday of the negro John Royster, who is charged with the murder of John P. Epps, telegraph operator at Suffolk on the night of July 29.

THEY ARE INDIGNANT.

People in New York City Aroused

At the Slow Manner of Work at Park Place

Many Remains Yet in the Ruins and the Stench Arising Has Become Unbearable

New York, Aug. 26.—Much indignation is felt and freely expressed in this city at the tardy and unsuccessful manner in which the authorities are working to exhume the corpses of the unfortunate victims of the terrible disaster that occurred on Park place last Saturday.

Up to 8 o'clock this morning only 57 bodies had been taken out, and although many others are plainly visible, mixed up with the debris, the men at work are powerless to remove them on account of the want of proper appliances.

Many of the bodies are held down by the heavy presses, which it will be impossible to remove without the requisite machinery. These appliances are promised to be used to-day, when it is hoped that the work of exhuming the bodies will go on more rapidly.

The bodies that are recovered now are simply a shapeless mass of charred putrid flesh, in many instances a moving mass of maggots, that it is impossible to recognize them by their features, the identity in most instances being made by the clothes or some paper or watch or something in the pockets.

The stench of decaying bodies last night was so horrible that it was almost impossible to breathe within the fire lines without some counteracting odor to inhale.

There were 125 longshoremen at work all last night under the command of T. E. Crimmins. These men began their work by bracing up the back walls of the ruins, which were in an unsafe condition. Others began by removing some of the debris accumulated in the street. A large crowd of watchers kept constant vigil. Some looking for the bodies of their friends or relatives, while others were simply impelled by a morbid curiosity.

At 7:15 last night

TERRIBLE ITCHING

Used Everything Five Months. In Three Weeks not a Scar or Pimple. Cured by Cuticura.

When my baby was three months old his cheeks and forehead began to break out with white pimples on red surface. In a few days itching commenced, which was terrible. After he would rub it, matter would ooze from the polots. In a short time it spread over the top of his head, then scabs soon formed on head and face. We used everything we could hear of for nearly five months. It grew worse all the time. I saw your advertisement of the CUTICURA REMEDIES in the "Chicago Weekly." We purchased CUTICURA REMEDIES and commenced their use. In three weeks' time there was not a sore or pimple, not even a scar, on head or face. He is nineteen months old now, and has no sign of the disease. His scalp is healthy and he has a beautiful head of hair. (See portrait herewith).

Mrs. OSCAR JAMES, Woodson, Kan.

My infant, eighteen months old, was afflicted with skin eruptions on his hips. Had sores came on other parts. All remedies failed until I procured CUTICURA. Cured a year and no return of disease. Mrs. A. M. WALKER, Carsonville, Ga.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood Purifier internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements), and CUTICURA, the great skin cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair), have cured thousands of cases where the suffering was almost beyond endurance, and hair lifeless or all gone, disfigurement terrible. What other remedies have made such marvelous cures?

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S skin and scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely pure.

ACHING SIDES AND BACK, Hip, Kidney and Uterine Pains and Weaknesses relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

$235.00

Will buy at our store a fine Walnut or Mahogany

UPRIGHT PIANO

Full Size and Fully Warranted.

We do not employ a large force of canvassers and saving this great expense we can offer far greater bargains than any other music house in Toledo.

The Whitney & Currier Co.,
217 and 219 SUMMIT ST.

Toledo Truck & Storage Co

General Storage, Trucking and Hoisting of Machinery and Safes.

Office and Warehouse:
25 to 35 S. St. Clair St.
Phone 374. C. C. Cone, Mngr.

"DRESSY MEN"

Appreciate our efforts in presenting for inspection some of the

Newest Designs in Woolens!

Do you intend buying anything in our line? If so, kindly call and allow us to give you quotations.

LOUIS STONE,
422 Adams Street.

MICHIGAN LAKE ICE CO

PURE LAKE ICE

Best Service! Scales on Wagons!
Customers Get What They Pay For.

Ten year's unused coupons redeemed. All contracts carried out. A trial will convince you.

Phone 468. 339 St. Clair St.

"THE SITTERLY"

Oyster and Chop House!

All kinds of Sea Food and Game in Season.

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS AND ON TIME.

340 SUMMIT STREET,
Between Madison and Adams.

F. J. ROOT. J. E. KEARNS.

L. H. MEINERT
501-SUMMIT ST.-503

We make the following flavors in Ice Creams and Ices:

ICE CREAMS.	ICES.
Vanilla.	Lemon.
Chocolate.	Orange Flower.
Coffee.	Peach.
Strawberry.	Pine Apple.
Raspberry.	Raspberry.
Pistache.	Strawberry.
Hazelnut.	Maraschino.
Tutti Frutti.	Tutti Frutti.
Neapolitan.	Apricot.
Maraschino.	Coffee.
	Cherry.

Roman Punch and Biscuit Glacee. Charlotte de Russe, in individual forms, either in paper case or in mould.

Delivered promptly to all parts of the city shipped to surrounding towns.

A BARGAIN

100x200 Ft. on Bancroft St.,

Between Collingwood and Parkwood Avenues, for sale cheap, for a few days.

J. Baldy, 1813 Madison St.

Do you want a "HAWKEYE" or "KODAK" CAMERA to take with you on your vacation? If so, call at HEADQUARTERS for all kinds of PHOTO GOODS.

SESSIONS & KOHNE,
102 Summit St., Toledo.

CROCKER-WHEELER
PERFECTED
ELECTRIC MOTORS
From 1-12 Horse-Power Up.
Most Efficient Motor on the Market.

Merrell & Chapman
512 Madison Street Phone 817

KARL :-: MATHEIS
Fine Funeral Furnishings.
428 Summit St.
Office Phone. Residence Phone 1107

N. B. BACON. T. F. HUBER

BACON & HUBER
ARCHITECTS,
13 and 34 Chamber of Commerce.

VOCAL LESSONS.

Mr. Whiting will continue his vocal lessons through the summer. This will give an opportunity for teachers and others wishing to study through the vacation. Address 609 Madison street or call at parlors of First Congregational church.

THE LYRIC OF LOVE'S FAITH.

I.

Love can wait!
Being so patient it is strong;
It in this world it wait in vain,
It surely shall not suffer long;
For in some other state,
Some life of larger scope,
It ultimately shall attain
The full fruition of its hope.
This is love's faith, defying fate,
Time, change, neglect and laughter,
It can wait
For the hereafter.

II.

Say that this life is all we know,
And death has nothing to bestow
Beyond the grave's duress
But silence and forgetfulness;
Then if I count the cost,
Seeing love's self in sacrifice,
I surely have not lost,
If with this life love dies.

III.

But love's desire
Being so patient and so sure,
Though it may pass through tears and fire,
Ay, through the p rials of the tomb,
Will yet endure
Till its own time shall come;
Therefore, though never while we live
It may be mine to ask of yours to give,
Though you may pass beyond my ken,
And I be lost
Among the crowd of nameless men—
Though both be tempest-tos ed
To earth's extremest ends afar,
I know that we shall meet again,
Meet and be one in perfect love;
But when and where—
Whether in this earth here, or heaven above,
Or in some star
Beyond the world or star
I neither know nor care;
Early or late
Love can wait.

—Charles Lotin Hildreth.

BEESWAX.

One of the Anneke Jans heirs is still cooking and washing at the age of ninety-six.

Fashionable men in Paris and London are now using electricity as a cure for excessive tippling.

A lady in Saratoga, 70 years old, whose hair has been white for 20 years, finds that it is turning black again.

At Tokio, Japan, a concern employs an electric moter instead of steam for operating planing and drilling machines.

Berlin has just decided that wooden pavements are a failure, while Constantinople is having the first one put down.

A paper mache trunk is one of the latest ideas. It is a terror to the baggage smasher, who finds it practically indestructible.

Sir William Ffoulkes, of England, has arrived in New York. We fancy he is a sort of flourth cousin of some of our flolks. —Springfield Union.

Mr. Ingham, of Montreal, who exports annually to Europe, mainly to England, 50,000 dead cattle, is said to be the largest exporter of American meats.

The oldest college in North America was founded in 1531—the college of St. Ildefonso, in the City of Mexico. The next oldest is Laval college, Quebec.

A lad at Reading, Pa., who long suffered from epilepsy, fell 25 feet out of a window, since then he has been as well as ever, barring a few bruises he received.

A Limoge firm has introduced a new problem of firing porcelain by means of petroleum or residuum oils, which give as pure heat without smoke or fumes.

In France successful experiments have been made with sulphate of iron and with sulphate of copper, lime and water as a spray in preventing potato disease.

Two-thirds of the applicants for West Point and Annapolis, according to Dr. Cheeseman, of Chicago, are rejected because of the igarette habit and its results.

Gayman—This is a great day with us at home. My daughter "comes out" to-night. Dumley—Don't say! So does my brother. He's been in for seven years.—Yonkers Gazette.

In the museum of the dead letter office at Washington, D. C., there is a piece of parchment at which is pinned a copy of the Lord's prayer written in 54 different languages.

By the death of Mrs. Polk, Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Garfield become the only surviving widows of presidents. Mrs. Tyler, the second wife of President Tyler, died in Rieamond in July, 1889.

The apparent flattening of the vault of the heavens has been found to have an annual period, and to depend on clouds. It seems least flat with a misty horizon, and less by night than by day.

She—So you are engaged to four girls at once! How are you going to get out of it? He—I don't want to get out of it. How the deuce am I going to stay in? That's what's bothering me.—Life.

Herr A. Noll, of Beringer, in the Black Forest, has invented a clock warranted to go without winding until A. D., 9999. It is understood that Pension Agent Lemon, who is now abroad, may buy it.

The erosion of big guns is thought to be largely due to igniting slow burning powder at the base of the charge, whereby the core receives attrition from the hard, unburnt portions of the powder.

A photographer who developed a dry plate, which had been exposed six years before, was surprised to obtain a transparent print of great beauty, which gave some indications of natural colors.

The tugs that can elude the active turkey must be very animated creatures. A farmer near Garden City, Ks., attacked a column of grasshoppers with 70 turkeys and was soon master of the situation.

Prof. Charcot, the eminent lecturer on nervous diseases in Paris, has succeeded in obtaining enlarged photographs of the brain under various conditions of the disease, a result of great scientific value.

For turning a 200-feet double-track draw span over the Milwaukee river a gas engine containing a half-day's supply will be erected on the bridge, to be used in case of accident to the main, which runs under the river.

There is an immense garden in China that embraces an area of 50,000 square miles. It is all meadow land and is filled with lakes, ponds and canals. Altogether it is as large as the states of New York and Pennsylvania combined.

A Chinaman once told a Salt Lake editor that he was going back to China to buy a wife. When he was asked how much a wife cost, he said; "Fifty dollar buy a belly good wife, one hundred dollar buy a belly fine wife, two hundred dollar um yum."

An old Australian who is in St. Louis says that the thrilling stories about the boomerang are the purest fiction. The weapon is merely the native's tomanawk, and it is no more dangerous than a common hatchet. A hatchet would be in any skilled hands.

King Alexander of Servia is a tall, slim boy, handsome, and rather graceful. He leads a lonely life, because the jealousy of political parties excludes all companions of his age and of noble rank from him, afraid they might gain influence for their families through them.

The death of Lord Ellenborough recalls the rumors current years ago of his attachment to the then unmarried queen of England. She was said to return his affection and to be desirous of making him her consort. His rank was not considered high enough for this, and he was sent to India, where he was afterward made governor general.

A Congo native, who has been taught to read and write, has just sent a letter, his first, to the archbishop of Canterbury. It reads as follows: "Great and good chief of the tribe of Carist, greeting: The humblest of your servants kisses the hem of your garments, and begs you to send to his fellow-servants more gospel and less rum. In the bouls of Carist, Ugalia."

According to The Scientific American, the earliest Connecticut patent on record was granted in October, 1717, to Eiward Hinman, of Stratford, for the exclusive right and liberty of making molasses from the stalks of Indian corn, in Fairfield county, for ten years, which grant ended with the words, "Always provided the said Hinman can make as good molasses, and make it as cheap, as comes from the West Indies."

Mrs. Emma Stuart has been an invalid for many years, during which time she has had thirty-eight different doctors, all of whom had different treatment for her disease. Strange to say, Mrs. Stuart lived through it all, and has written a book on "How to Get Well and Keep Well." Doctors and their pills are "not in it." Her receipt is, in brief, to eat rare beef and drink warm water.

The average weight of the brain of man bears a definite relation to the climate in which he lives, a heavier brain weighing found in cold than in warm countries. In proportion to their stature the Lapps have the largest heads in Europe, the Norwegians next, then comes the Swedes, Germans, French and Italians. In the Arab the head is found to be smaller than any of the above, while in the far North there exists a people called Chugatshes, whose heads are remarkably large.

BIG TREES IN HONDURAS.

Fortunes in the Great Southern Forests.

Interesting Story of the Timber of the Tropics.

Mahogany and Spanish Cedar the Leading Exports of Belize—American Capital.

Washington, Aug. 26.—(Special)—The Bureau of American Republics is in receipt of interesting information in regard to the condition of the wood-cutting industry in Honduras.

The first wood-cutters in the territory came from the British colony to Belize 150 years ago, bringing with them their slaves, and since that time Belize capital has been principally occupied in the various camps for mahogany works which extend between the rivers Ulua, Chameleon, Patteck and Wanks, on the Atlantic coast. The timbers at present most sought after for shipment are mahogany, cedar, rosewood, zebra and fustic.

Mahogany and cedar are the leading exports, and are shipped mainly to England, although some contracts have recently been taken in the United States. The price of mahogany in London ranges from $110 to $175 per 1,000 superficial feet, and cedar from $90 to $130. Rosewood, zebra and fustics are cut into short lengths and shipped as ballast.

Rosewood brings from $25 to $40, and fustic $30 to $45. The logs are all squared before shipment. The present average cost of the squared timbers on the bars ready for shipment is $30 to $40 per 1,000 feet for mahogany and cedar, and $8 to $10 a ton for rosewood, zebra and fustic.

Freights to London for mahogany and cedar are from $40 to $50 a thousand, and on the other woods from $5 to $6 a ton, leaving a handsome profit to shippers.

The timber on government lands is free to any one who proves to the administrator of customs that he has ample means to transport the timber to market, a great deal having been lost before the adoption of this rule through being left to decay after being felled.

It can be cut at any time in the year, but the best season is during the rainy months, so that the logs may be ready for trucking by the beginning of the dry season on the 1st of March.

A party is generally composed of from twenty to fifty men, who are divided into companies, each company having one captain. A foreman in charge of the whole camp keeps account of logs cut and other details. One man, called the hunter, looks up the trees fit to be cut, and reports to the foreman, who examines each one. Care is taken not to fell any tree less than eight feet in circumference.

The cutting is done by the task, two trees from 8 to 12 feet being a day's work for one man, and a tree 25 feet in circumference being regarded as a day's work for four men. Over 200 trees are sometimes felled in a camp in a single season.

The trucking of lengths to the river banks is done principally at night. A foreman's wages will vary from $60 to $100 a month, with occasional allowance of an extra servant; first captain, $18 to $20 a month, with rations; second captain, $14 to $15 a month, with rations; laborers or choppers, $10 to $14 a month, with rations.

During the year 1889 there were exported to the United States 611,538 superficial feet of mahogany and cedar, representing in Honduras a value of $37,950. The export duties on mahogany and cedar are $8 a thousand.

The Nicaraguan government has signed a concession of 2,000,000 acres of land in the departments of Matagalpa and Segovia to a company of Kansas capitalists. The consideration of this grant is that the capitalists shall colonize 3,000 families in the departments named and build a railroad from Momotombo, on the northwestern extremity of Lake Managua, to some point on the Rio Grande which empties into the Gulf of Mexico.

The company also agrees at any time after 20 years from the completion of the railroad to sell it to the government at the original cost price, assuming that it will take five years to build it. The Grande river is said to be navigable for 100 miles from the coast, but it will be necessary to dredge the bar at the mouth. The company has also been granted wharfage facilities at Corinto, on the Pacific coast, and it will build a telegraph line. The departments of Matagalpa and Segovia are regarded as the most fertile in Nicaragua, and there are already under cultivation 2,000,000 coffee plants which will yield in about a year and a half. In a short time it is predicted that it will become the coffee center of the republic. Many of the settlers are citizens of the United States, some of whom have been in the country 25 years. Befort the concession can be carried into force it must be ratified by congress, and it is understood that the president has agreed to call a special session for this purpose.

The report of the chief of the immigration department of the Argentine province of Santa Fe places the value of the harvest in that province this year at $64,500,000, as compared with $30,000,000 last year.

The estimated value of Argentine crops this season will be $60, 000,000, of which $30,000,000 will be available for export. The probable yield of wheat will be 5,000,000 tons, of which 2,000,000 will be available for export, and the yield of maize will be 1,000,000 tons, of which one-half can be sent abroad.

The total value of cereals exported in 1889 is estimated at $16,429,288, as compared with $25,827,889 in 1890. There was a falling off in the importation of agricultural machinery last year, the receipts being 1,035, as compared with 4,088 in 1889, and there was a reduction of 13,687 in the number of ploughs imported.

The Uruguay house of representatives proposes to make a reduction of $500,000 in the budget by cutting down salaries and by reducing the legations in England, Italy, Germany and Paraguay to the rank of consulates general, leaving only the legations to France and Spain.

Eighteen hundred tons of steel rails, a locomotive and ten cars have arrived at San Quenton, in lower California, for the construction of the new railway from that port to Yuma, Arizona.

To Shield His Family.

Youngstown, O., Aug. 26.—Charles Maurer, a young attorney, charged with betrayal, was acquitted this morning, the complainant, Lizzie Robinson, failing to appear. Immediately afterwards she caused the arrest of Justice Allen on the same charge, admitting that Allen had induced her to cause the arrest of Maurer in order to shield him and his family.

What You or Greatgrandmother Did.

She hetcheled the flax and carded the wool, and wove the linen, and spun the tow, and made the clothes for her husband and ten children. She made butter and cheese, dipped tallow candles, to light the house at night, and she cooked all the food for her household by an open fire place and a brick oven. Yes; and when she was forty years of age, she was already an old lady whose best days were over. Her shoulders were bent and her joints enlarged by hard work, and she wore spectacles and a cap. Her greatgrandaughter, with all the modern conveniences for comfort, refinement and luxury, may be as charming and attractive at forty-five as at twenty. Especially is this true if she preserves her health and beauty by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which wards off all female ailments and irregularities, cures them if they already exist, keeps the life current healthful and vigorous, and enables the woman of middle age to retain the freshness of girlhood upon brow and cheek, the light of youth in her eyes, and its elasticity in her step. Sold by all druggists.

SARGEANT MISSION CHAPEL.

A Lawn Fete is Given to Assist in Its Construction.

Last evening a most enjoyable lawn fete was held at the corner of Ontario and Buckeye streets by the teachers of the Sargeant Mission Sunday school. The grounds were gaily decorated and looked very pretty. The arrangements were perfected by the superintendent, E. G. Wetmore, and J. W. Hepburn and Wm. Leighton. There were many forms of amusement, including music, ice cream booths, refreshment tents, fish ponds and the like. Miss Mamie Nixon and Miss Hattie Bolly were flower girls. Misses Bertha and Edwina Sevan sang a charming Spanish song. Misses Dawson, Morrison, Theirman and Thomas also sang. The fete was given to raise money to assist in building a chapel on the grounds to be known as the Sargeant Baptist Chapel.

WILL FIGHT A DUEL.

Polk Does Not Propose to Remain Silent Longer.

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 26.—The attempt of President Polk at the alliance state convention last week to have a resolution adopted, boycotting the News and Observer of this place, so angered its editors that they have denounced Polk during the last week in the most insulting terms.

Polk has been advised by his friends that the action of the editors has reached a point where he must fight and he will probably issue a challenge on his return to the city.

J. L. Ramsay, Polk's assistant editor, has also been denounced. It is said that he will send a challenge as soon as he returns from Statesville.

ON THE COLOR LINE.

Patriotic Sons of America Divided.

Heated Discussion at the Opening Session in Philadelphia Yesterday.

Philadelphia, Aug. 26.—The National Camp, Patriotic Order Sons of America, opened here yesterday. An address of welcome to the delegates was made by Mayor Stuart, which was responded to by George P. Smith, of Chicago, national president of the order. Addresses were made by State President Frank R. Spiese and Dr. E. P. Murdock, of Chicago, lieutenant general of the military branch of the order.

At the afternoon session a hot discussion of the color question was unexpectedly precipitated by a resolution asking the privileges of the floor for Stephen B. Gibson, president of Washington Camp, No. 579, of this city, one of the colored camps excluded from the national organization by the action of the national camp held at Boston last October, when by a change in the wording of the constitution membership in the order was limited to white persons.

The amendment by which the exclusive term white is to be excluded from the constitution of the order was presented by Frank R. Spiese, of Tamaqua, state president of the Pennsylvania organization and chairman of the constitution committee, who is a vigorous champion of colored camps.

After much wrangling the convention decided to make the amendment a special order for to-day.

At this point the warm feeling rampant in the convention manifested itself on the motion of Chairman Frank Spiese, asking that at to-day's session Stephen B. Gibson be granted the floor for the purpose of showing why colored men should also be accorded the privileges of the order.

The motion was vigorously opposed by Joseph Williams, of Denver, who said he was opposed to admitting any one to the assembly who was not a member duly accredited to the present convention.

Delegate Burge, of Texas, Taylor, of New York, said: "I am decidedly opposed to striking out the word white from the constitution. I shall vote against it. If you strike out that word 'white' you will never get a camp in any of the southern states."

"This is not a question of color," interrupted Professor Channels, a Pennsylvania delegate; "this is simply a question of courtesy, according a privilege to a brother in good standing."

H. T. Currier, of Chicago, a member of the constitution committee, presenting the proposed amendment, declared that he did not believe in the proposed amendment and wanted the assembly to understand the amendment was simply a majority report of the committee.

The discussion was continued by E. E. Baker, L. W. Johnson, Dr. E. B. Murdock, and others. After a good bit of parleving it was finally decided to allow Mr. Gibson to take the floor and speak on behalf of his colored brethren.

DESERTED HIS FRIENDS

And Gone Over to the Enemy's Camp.

Powderly Joins Hands With Quay and All That is Corrupt In Pennsylvania.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 26. — Master Workman Powderly has created a sensation in political circles by announcing in the course of an interview that he intended to run on the republican ticket as delegate to the proposed constitutional convention.

"I am going to get to that convention," said Powderly, "no matter what party sends me. I am not a partisan. The republican state convention put me on their ticket and I am going to run."

There is some talk among the laboring classes to call a meeting and denounce Powderly.

It is claimed that Quay and the republican leaders of this state have hoodwinked him, and that he is now in their power.

The democrats are disgusted with Powderly's action.

They say that he has gone over, body and breeches, to the republican party.

"In the first place, said one prominent democrat, "Powderly knows that the republicans do not want a constitutional convention. They are fighting it; so are the corporations who are the friends of the republican party. The republicans don't want a convention, because if a convention were held we would get ballot reform, and ballot reform means protection for the poor man's vote.

"Powderly by joining the republicans, opposes ballot reform, and strikes a blow at the labor cause."

Several local assemblies will take action on Powderly's course at once.

Leading republicans say Powderly has virtually broken the Knights of Labor up by his last move.

Two-thirds of the K. of L. men are democrats.

They will never consent to Powderly joining republicans.

One Hundred and Seven Years Old.

Montville, Conn., Aug. 26.—Friends and relatives assembled yesterday in the Oldsmith homestead to celebrate the 107th birthday of Father Martin Smith. Mr. Smith has more than 200 descendants in this country. The day he was 100 years old he won a rifle match, contending with shooters of all ages from 16 to 60 years.

Quiet in Valparaiso.

New York, Aug. 26.—W. R. Grace & Co., on Monday night, received a dispatch from their agent at Valparaiso saying that all was quiet there. From this Grace & Co. infer that there was no fighting in Valparaiso. A second telegram received yesterday declared the situation to be unchanged.

White Will Retire.

New York, Aug. 26.—Republican State Committeeman S. V. White, of Brooklyn, who has for many years been a leader in the councils of the republican party, has made up his mind to go out of politics. He will devote his time to his business.

THE SECRET CHAMBER.

The Biggest Fake of the Season

Planted on Summit Street—A Lot of Dirty Nothingness and How It is Worked.

Perhaps the worst fake that a ramshackle vender of for-gentlemen-only ever planted in this city is now located on the east side of Summit street, between Monroe and Jefferson. It might have one poorly redeeming feature—it might be a museum of anatomy, but it isn't; it is a big fake, pure and simple, that lures men, young and old, who think they are going to see something rich, rare and racy. When the deluded gents enter through the heavily-curtained portals they find a few grimy, dusty, worn-out wax figures that might have done duty before the ark, reckoning from the numerous stratas of dirt on their surfaces. But this is not all. The fake continues still further. A secret chamber is announced when the visitor glances around at the nothingness for a short time. "Ah," exclaims the victim, "this is not the show; there is something rich beyond; no one would think from the appearance of this room that there was a good show hidden away in a secret chamber, but there is, or why all this secrecy, whisperings and confidential assurance?"

It costs 10 cents more to go behind the curtains of the chamber where lies all the hidden beauties, among which the young man can roam to the tinkling of bells, playing of fountains, strains of sweet music and a thousand perfumes, while feasting his eyes, all for 10 cents. This is the picture he draws mentally. The secret chamber, however, contains six stereoscopic views, worth about 5 cents each. Two or three are scenes in prominent cities; one is a little girl with a dog and the other a mountain view. This is the great secret harem. It leads to the street entrance, and out the visitor must go. He wants to fight but he can't, as the proprietors are nowhere about. He can smash things, though, and the interior of the chamber looks as if a good many had taken satisfaction in that way.

If the authorities had any gumption they would fire such swindling schemes as soon as they strike the town. If the show was what it purports to be, the excuse for moving it out would be all the greater.

WALKS AND TALKS.

Several lawyers were talking about the Columbus Grove robbery and murder in Merrill & Hone's law office the other day. The difficulty attending the identification of the real criminal and the mistake often made by mobs in lynching the wrong man, was under discussion.

"It is a common thing for men to make mistakes in identifying their most intimate friends," remarked Byron Ritchie. "It was not very long ago that a Wauseon party took me for Fred Kumler, and was so convinced that he was right that when I told him there was some mistake he wanted to bet me $5 that he was right. The man met me on the street in company with a friend who was also well acquainted with me. The fellow slapped me on the shoulder and said, 'Hello, Fred.' I replied that he had the best of me. 'Oh, what's the matter with you; I know you and your brother John.' I answered that he was evidently in good faith but was way off his lines just the same. The friend that was with him was enjoying the affair most hugely. The fellow noticed the other man laughing and concluded that we were working a joke on him; so, to catch us bluffing he offered to bet $5 that I was Fred Kumler. I told him that he was a stranger to me, and that I didn't want to take his money. He then wanted to bet me $1. I turned to his companion and remarked that there was an opportunity to make a dollar quite easy. His friend just for fun took the bet, and the question was left to Bob Wallace, who came up at that moment, for settlement. Bob, of course, told the fellow who I was and satisfied the stranger."

"The council, chief of police, health officer or somebody clothed in the garments of authority should compel these slop hucksters to cover their slop barrels," remarked a citizen to a Bee, who was evidently stirred up about something.

"What's the matter now?"

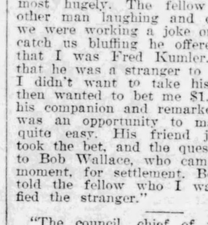
"Matter enough that I had a suit of clothes about ruined the other day by being splattered from head to foot with sour slop. I was crossing Jefferson street on St. Clair when one of those merchants drove by with a load of slop in barrels filled clear to the top. The wheels of the wagon struck an uneven place at the crossing with the result that I was deluged with sour milk and dish water from head to foot. They could cover these barrels just as well as not."

"If we had to depend on pleasure drives to keep up our business I think we would have shut up shop long ago," remarked a leading livery man to a Bee. "The fact is, Toledo is no earthly good as a summer town for the livery business. I used to have some show in taking what steamboats, yachts and row boats left us, but now the bicycle has rolled in and gobbled up what little was left. The girls have taken to riding them, and that settles it."

The clerk who presides at the stamp window of the postoffice has splendid opportunity to study human nature in its many and varied types.

"Funny incidents occur at this window every day," remarked Louis Volk, as he counted out a postal card to a Bee the other day. "Just before you came up a man left the window madder than a wet hen, and it was all on account of his own ignorance. A great many people are impressed with the idea that because this is a public institution and postage is a small item, that it wouldn't make any difference if we threw in several stamps with every two or three sold. Yes, they actually come here and ask and expect us to throw in an extra stamp because they bought over two. That was all that was the matter with the citizen who just went away mad enough to eat somebody. He asked for a dollar's worth of 2-cent stamps and I counted him out 50. He counted them over and raised his big kick right away because there wasn't 52 stamps. I informed him that 2-cent stamps retailed at 2 cents each and no less, and would you believe it, the fellow picked up his money and went out, declaring that he would go to some other place and buy his stamps. I have often had people ask for extra stamps, but that is the first time anyone actually refused to take the stamps."

DOUGHERTY'S NEW ENGLAND CONDENSED



MINCE MEAT
THE ORIGINAL
and only Complete and Satisfactory Condensed Mince Meat in the Market.
Cheap Substitutes and Crude Imitations are offered with the aim to profit by the popularity of the New England.
Do not be deceived but always insist on the New England Brand. The best made.
SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

PATENTS PROCURED —BY— WM. WEBSTER
Patent Attorney.
311 Superior Street
TOLEDO, O.
Phone 953.

A Lady's Dress and How to Get It.

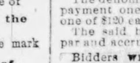
Mrs. —— is responsible for the following ditty
Concerning a lady who lives in this city,
Who decided to purchase a tailor-made suit,
Each garment to match—coat, hat and boot.
She started out boldly, assured of success,
Her mind fully settled that hereafter she'd dress
In the height of the fashion; as it now is the rage
To wear tailor-made garments, especially at her age.
And in fact at all ages, all sizes and classes,
Give us tailor-made clothing is the cry of the masses.
The first tailor she called on said: "Beg pardon, miss,
But you surely must give me something easier than this,
For I'll give you my word that where I learned my trade,
Ladies' tailor-made garments were unheard of, they said."
The result was the same wherever she went,
Till to 616 Adams she was finally sent.
But her luck had been such as to poison her mind,
And she concluded this place she'd not try to find.
For her thoughts were so bitter toward the tailors in town,
She decided to request for a tailor-made gown.
But on her way home she called on a friend;
Not to speak of her trouble, nor did she intend
To even mention the subject of fashionable dress,
But she couldn't resist when she saw her friend "Bess."
Attired in such elegant tailor-made clothes;
And the first thing she said was: "Where do you,
"Why, at 616 Adams; I thought you must know,
But then I remember, they don't make much show.
Still, the work they turn out is simply immense,
And the beauty of all is at so little expense.
And fit! I should say so; and wait just a minute—
When it comes to odd shapes you can bet they're right in it.
The variety of garments they are able to make,
And the style they put into them just take the cake.
From a wedding outfit to a suit for the yacht
You can't mention a garment or design they've not got,
And the high grade of dressmaking they aim
Would please the most fastidious people you know.
Still it seems that their specialty mainly consists
Of tailor-made dresses and jackets and vests."
"Why, sure, I remember now, I've heard that before.
But it says merchant tailor, down stairs, on the door.
And I knew that was where brother Tom got his clothes,
But I never once dreamed it was where you got yours.
I'll write down the name, the number and street,
Where they fit you so nicely and their work looks so neat."
"Here's their card; you won't need either pencil or paper—
'M. D. Avery, exclusive fine Tailor and Draper.'"

MORAL.

'Tis a proverb of old, "truth and right will prevail,"
While deception and humbug their own woes entail.
To prove our success and ability best,
Just leave your order, "we'll do the rest."

Baron Liebig

The great chemist pronounced the well known Liebig Company's Extract of Beef made from the best River Plate cattle, infinitely superior in flavor and quality to any made of cattle grown in Europe or elsewhere. He authorized the use of

His well known signature  as the trade mark of

LIEBIG COMPANY'S Extract of Beef.

For Delicious Beef Tea. For Improved and Economic Cookery.

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 19, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purchase of sanitary fund deficiency bonds to the amount of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, bearing date Sept. 1, 1891, and payable Sept. 1, 1901, at the Importers' and Traders' National Bank, in the City of New York, with interest at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place, to be evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said bonds are issued pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, "authorizing cities of the third grade of the first class to borrow money and issue bonds therefor to supply deficiencies in sanitary fund of said cities, passed March 21, 1890, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, to provide for the issue of bonds to supply the deficiency in sanitary fund," passed April 7, 1890, and a resolution directing this issue Aug. 10, 1891. All proper demand having been made to the council of said city by the board of health in accordance with the statutes.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the Law and Ordinances. When the bids have been examined and the award made according to Law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said City, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said Bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for Improvement Bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

first pub wed aug 19, 26 sep 2, 9, 16

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 19, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purchase of sanitary fund deficiency bonds to the amount of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, bearing date Sept. 1, 1891, and payable Sept. 1, 1901, at the Importers' and Traders' National Bank, in the City of New York, with interest at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place, to be evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said bonds are issued pursuant to an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, "authorizing cities of the third grade of the first class to borrow money and issue bonds therefor to supply deficiencies in sanitary fund of said cities, passed March 21, 1890, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, to provide for the issue of bonds to supply the deficiency in sanitary fund," passed April 7, 1890, and a resolution directing this issue Aug. 10, 1891. All proper demand having been made to the council of said city by the board of health in accordance with the statutes.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for, as a guarantee of good faith, and that the bid so made (if successful) will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the Law and Ordinances. When the bids have been examined and the award made according to Law, all moneys or checks deposited as guarantees shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Auditor subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered, and accepted as part payment of the Bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement, or refusal to accept and pay for the Bonds so sold, then and in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Toledo, and shall become the property of said City, in compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said Bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of bid. And no bid will be received if not accompanied by money or check aforesaid.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals should be addressed to the "Auditor of the City of Toledo, Ohio," and be indorsed "Proposals for Improvement Bonds."

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

first pub wed aug 19 26 sep 2, 9, 16

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 19, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the Common Council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at this office to

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p. m., for the purchase of street improvement bonds to the amount of two thousand one hundred and fifty ($2,150) dollars, bearing date Sept. 14, 1891, and payable as follows: Two hundred and fifteen dollars on Feb. 17, 1892, and two hundred and fifteen dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including August 31, 1901, at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said improvement bonds are issued pursuant to section 2704 to 2707 of the revised statutes of the State of Ohio, and also under an ordinance of the common council of the City of Toledo, Ohio, "To provide for the issue of improvement bonds to pay the cost and expense of the improvement of Erie street, from Swan creek to Logan street"—passed Aug. 10, 1891.

The denomination of these bonds will be first payment one bond of $198 95-100, and thereafter two of $430 and one of $420 each payment.

The said bonds will be sold at not less than par and accrued interest to the highest bidder.

Bidders will be required to state the gross amount they will pay for the Bonds besides the accrued interest to date of delivery at Toledo, Ohio. They will also be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some responsible bank equal to at least five (5) per centum of the par value of the Bonds so bid for as

THE NEWS FROM GRANADA

Sacasa's Bold Move on Sunday Last.

Particulars of the Trouble Mentioned Yesterday.

A Number of Soldiers Killed and Fifty Citizens Filled Full of Government Bullets.

Granada, Nicaraugua, Aug. 26.—The news sent out from here yesterday concerning the revolution was none too sensational.

Granada on Sunday was the scene of a coup de main by which President Roberto Sacasa tried to rid himself of his most prominent opponents and at the same time nip in the bud a possibly growing revolution. The gentlemen arrested include two ex-presidents of Nicaraugua and the editor and owner of the most important daily journal in the country. Granada is practically in a state of siege and the troops here at the capital are confined at the barracks. In addition, the opposition to President Sacasa is growing daily, and affairs are assuming a critical condition.

For many years vigorous rivalry has existed between the ancient city of Leon and the more modern Granada, and between the progressists, whose headquarters are at Granada, and the Inglesistas, or Roman Catholic church party, whose strongholds are Leon and Managua.

Granada for many terms past has furnished the country with the president, but at the last election, by undue means, the progressists' candidate, Sacasa, a Leon man, was chosen president. Sacasa had previously been a senator, and on the somewhat mysterious death of President Carazo two years ago last October, Senator Sacasa was chosen to fill out the unfinished term.

This was not approved by the progressist party, and President Sacasa became more and more unpopular as it became known that he, backed up by the Leon or church party, had determined to leave no stone unturned to bring about his election to the presidency after he had filled out Carazo's unexpired term.

In spite of the opposition party and the increasing unpopularity of his administration, Sacasa succeeded in his ambitious plans, and in November last was elected president.

Naturally this only served still further to embitter the feeling existing between the progressists and the church party. It was whispered that an attempt would be made, by force of arms, to oust Sacasa from the presidency, and he apparently determined to do his utmost to prevent the progressists from bringing about his downfall.

But no trouble was anticipated until the elections, which are to be held in November, and very few people anticipated that Sacasa would attempt a coup de main in Granada itself.

One of the great complaints made against the Leon party and their representative, President Sacasa, is that they hold the police or troops, (for the police act both as police and soldiers, and carry a rifle and bayonet, though they wear no shoes), in their power and use them to control the elections.

Moreover, one of the reforms promised by Sacasa when a candidate for re-election, was a thorough reform in the "police" system; people were to be able to walk in safety in the streets at night, and the police were not to interfere at elections.

The spies employed by the administration seem to have pointed out ex-President Gen. Chamorro, ex-President Gen. Joaquin Zavala, Don Anselmo Rivas, editor and proprietor of the Diario Nicaraguense of Granada, the organ of the progressist party and the leading newspaper of Nicaragua; Don Enrique Guzman, a son of Gen. Guzman, and Don J. Rodriguez, formerly attached to the Nicaraguan legation at Washington, as the most dangerous leaders of the progressist party in Granada.

Consequently, after taking every precaution to meet a revolutionary outbreak, President Sacasa determined suddenly to arrest these gentlemen and exile them, under pain of being shot should they return. This plan was executed Sunday.

The men above named were most unexpectedly arrested on the charge of conspiring against the government and were taken to the barracks. Their arrest caused great excitement in Granada, and a vigorous attempt to rescue them was made. The quartel was attacked, the soldiers were fired upon, the latter returning the fire, and a number of each side were killed and wounded.

The exact number of casualties is not known, but it is reported that the chief officer of the police and at least six soldiers were killed and that some fifty citizens were shot.

Gen. Chamorro and the other prisoners were subsequently brought to Managua under a strong guard, and Granada was placed in a state of siege, pending the subsiding of popular feeling.

The important prisoners yesterday were sentenced to be escorted across the frontier and ordered never to return, under penalty of death.

The prisoners will be secretly taken to the frontier, but to what point, and whether on the Honduras coast of Costa Rica line, is not generally known. Possibly the prisoners will be allowed to embark on some vessel at Corinto.

The Chamorro, Zavala and Guzman families are among the most wealthy and important in Nicaragua, and consequently the arrest and expulsion of the gentlemen named causes intense excitement.

It is known that, in addition to the arrests just made, other persons are under surveillance. People would not be astonished if some member of the Cardenas and of the Lacaya families were also to fall under the president's displeasure.

Gen. Zavala will be remembered by Americans as the cause of the abandonment of the banquet that had been tendered to ex-Senator Warner Miller while the latter was in this country recently.

To such an extent does the general carry partisan feeling that, when he was informed that members of the church party had been invited to the proposed entertainment, he announced that he would not sit at the same table with them.

This led to a heated discussion and the abandonment of the banquet.

The present political troubles do not affect the progress of the work on the maritime canal, though Don Rodriguez, one of the gentlemen expelled, is known to have been a bitter enemy of the American enterprise. This opposition, however, is said to have grown from a snubbing which Don Rodriguez thought he received from the American senator of state while he was attached to the Nicaraguan legation at Washington.

Americans in this country will feel much more comfortable when the new United States minister, Col. Richard C. Shannon of New York, reaches here. It is reported in American circles that Minister Shannon will arrive at Greytown shortly on board the gunboat Petrel, and that the vessel named will remain off the coast for some time.

Some people are constantly troubled with boils—no sooner does one heal than another makes its appearance. A thorough course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifiers, effectually puts an end to this annoyance. We recommend a trial.

Scientific men rely almost entirely upon the regularity of the motion of the moon for fixing and determining dates among the people of earlier civilization.

SITUATION IN OHIO OIL.

Manager Gifford of the Paragon Talks on Production and Market.

"Operations are practically at a standstill in the Ohio oil field," said Frank Gifford, manager of the Paragon Refining company, to a BEE this morning. "I was down in the field yesterday and there is simply nothing doing."

"What is the cause of it?" was asked.

The same old cry, low and groggy market. Ohio oil compared with Pennsylvania oil is worth more than 30 cents, and the producers I think have at last come to their senses and there may be some change for the better brought about before this time next year. There is no one to blame under the sun but the producers themselves for the present low price of oil. Last year there was enough crude oil pumped from the earth to supply the market for two years. Of course there was a vast amount of new territory developed, which run a great deal of oil on the market.

"Then others were compelled to drill to preserve their leases while others drilled to protect their lines. Putting this all together there is an overproduction.

"The boys have realized this fact, and I think they are in the right channel now to better their position. If they let up drilling for awhile until there is a demand for oil then the price must go up."

VITRIOL IN HIS FACE.

Terrible Vengeance of a New York Girl.

She Marked Her Betrayer for Life.

The Court Thought the Case Was Justifiable and Refused to Hold the Girl.

New York, August 26.—Vitriol throwing usually entails a long term of imprisonment in this state, but there is an occasional exception to the rule, when the law holds that the throwing of the stuff is justifiable. A case of this kind came up in the Lee avenue police court of Brooklyn.

Mamie Roche, a comely girl of 18 years had been arrested last night for throwing a quart of vitrol into the face of Charles Gerhardt, a Brooklyn car conductor. Gerhardt had ruined her. Mamie was assisted by her mother and sister in her desperate act. While she did not succeed in her object, which was to blind the man, she managed to scar his neck and face for life.

Gerhardt was in charge of car No. 24 of the Union avenue line. At 9 o'clock he was going in a westerly direction on the down trip toward the ferry. At the corner of Stagg street and Union avenue he was hailed by three women. One was apparently the mother of the other two.

The youngest was dressed in dark clothing and heavily veiled. Gerhardt helped them on the car and noticed nothing unusual in their appearance. After traveling a few blocks he passed forward to collect their fares. When opposite the trio the eldest woman handed the younger one a package and said in a determined voice: "Now's your time! Give it to him!" In the meantime the young girl had opened the package and taken out a can. The can contained vitriol. The young woman arose, aimed for Gerhardt's eyes and threw the liquid at him, but the horrible stuff only reached his neck and the lower part of his face. He screamed in agony and grasped his clothes at the spot where the vitriol burnt and tore pieces out of his coat and shirt. The car, which was an open one, was filled with passengers, and several of them had their clothes burned by the vitriol.

The women in the car screamed, and in less than a minute several hundred persons had gathered around the car, which had been stopped by the frightened driver. Policeman Sweeny arrested the girl and took her to the Stagg street station in a nervous and hysterical condition. Her mother remained behind, begging the passengers who had been burned slightly not to make a complaint against Mamie.

The girl told her story to the sergeant at the station house. According to it she was very fond of the merry-go-rounds in the neighborhood of her home, and passed much of her time there in the afternoons. Sometimes she went with James Preston, a worthy young man to whom she is engaged. A few days ago she went alone and there met Gerhardt. She met him several times after that and he invited her to go to a beer garden entertainment with him. For the novelty of the thing she consented. After the performance, during which she drank some lemonade, she was persuaded by Gerhardt to go to the Central Hotel at East New York and remain all night with him.

She had been brooding over her shame since, and her mother and sister advised her to punish Gerhardt. Had she blinded him she proposed to kill herself by taking laudanum.

Gerhardt, who was conveyed to St. Catherine's Hospital, admitted that the girl's statement was substantially true. He is a married man with three children. He is a big, broad-shouldered fellow, and his wounds do not beautify his ordinarily unattractive appearance.

Mamie was taken to the Lee avenue police court early this morning and was met by her mother and sister. She was arraigned before the bar, but no one appeared to make a complaint against her. The Justice might have held her longer had he been disposed, but he sympathetically said, after a moment's wait: "You may go, my girl." Mamie and her mother and sister then left. Gerhardt would say nothing about the case when seen.

GETTING DOWN TO WORK.

Democratic Leaders in Columbus To-day.

Senator Brice Takes a Hand in Arranging for the Coming Campaign.

Columbus, Aug. 26.—The democratic leaders are arriving for the conference on the occasion of the meeting of the state executive committee this afternoon.

Among those already here are Senator Calvin S. Brice, Chairman James E. Neal and Al. Carlisle. Many others will arrive on later trains. Senator Brice and Col. Neal soon after their arrival repaired to the executive mansion and held a conference with Gov. Campbell, who is still confined to his room.

In conversation on the political outlook Senator Brice, who is chairman of the national democratic committee, said he could speak advisedly of northwestern Ohio, where he had spent some time and was pleased to say "that where slight disaffection at Gov. Campbell's course existed two months ago the reports from all the counties of that section were now of the most encouraging character."

He felt gratified to find the democrats united and personal investigation had fully confirmed all the favorable news received. Said he:

"I feel confident that northwestern Ohio will give Gov. Campbell every democratic vote and besides many republicans will support him.

"With the northwestern section strongly in his favor as it surely is and what has been regarded by the republicans as the weak spot in the democratic line strengthened, as it will be, the chances of our success in Ohio are remarkably good.

"Gov. Campbell will gain largely with the farmers and with the workingmen, and he will be supported by the new voters and young men, with whom he is a prime favorite."

STORY OF CHINESE RIOTS

Why the Foreigners Hate the Missionaries.

A Semi-Official Statement of the Case.

It is Claimed that the Civilizers of the Heathen are Guilty of Gross Insolence.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 26.—Chinese papers received to-day contain no news regarding any uprising in China against the Tartar dynasty, nor any fresh details of any missionary riots.

A remarkable article on the latter subject, written by a Chinese, appears in the North China Daily News. It derives importance from the fact that it is openly attributed by the China Mail to Hong Beng Kair, private secretary to Viceroy Chang Chi Tung, of the Northern province.

It gives more semi-official explanation of Chinese hatred of foreigners, for it is undoubtedly inspired. It opens with the following quotation:

"It is men that can make a religion great, and not religion that can make men great."—Discourses of Confucius.

Then follow the title and opening paragraphs, "Defensio Populi ad Populos, or the Modern Missionaries Considered in Relation to the Recent Riots."

"In view of the recent repeated popular outbreaks against missionaries," says the writer, "I propose here to examine the actions and objects of missionaries' enterprise in China, and after such examination to see if the time is not come, both in the interests alike of Chinese and foreigners, when foreign governments should be asked to undertake, if not the entire withdrawal, at least of some modification and control of the whole mission scheme as it now exists in China.

"The avowed objects of the missionary at the present day, which I will proceed to examine, may, I think, be summed up thus:

"First, the moral elevation of the people; second, the intellectual enlightenment of the people; third, the works of charity."

After proving to his own satisfaction the negative of these three propositions, this aggressive Chinese genius writes:

"It is, I think, admitted that there are only two effective checks upon wrong doing of every kind—theyare the law and public opinion. But the missionaries here in China, who are allowed to gad about the country with the 'comitatus' of what I have called the outcasts of Chinese society—their converts—have no law immediately before their eyes, because the consuls are far away and the Chinese have no jurisdiction over them.

"They have no fear of public opinion, because they are in the touch, with few exceptions, only with Chinese outcasts—their converts.

"I submit, therefore, before the people are condemned even in these riots, that it should be shown that missionaries, without the two restraints which I have said are necessary for ordinary men, are capable of doing no wrong; that they, with their natural partiality for the Chinese outcasts—their converts—and their high notions of their saintliness, are incapable of insolence and aggressiveness, of the high handed meddlesomeness and petty tyrannies to the Chinese.

"I say, therefore, that before the Chinese people are morally condemned in the court of foreign public opinion, let it be shown that these riots are but explosions of popular indignation at the accumulated amount of petty insults and injuries, to which stories about the babies and their eyes are but as matches to set an already heated mass ablaze.

"These, then, I say, are the real burning grievances of the masses of the Chinese people against the presence of the missionaries in China. The fact that this class of what I have called unemployed professional persons from Europe and America, with a 'comitatus' of the Chinese outcasts—their converts—should be loose upon the country, with no other restraint to keep them from insulting and injuring except through the profession of godliness.

"This, let me here emphasize, is the root of the hatred of foreigners among the masses of the Chinese people, whereas that which I have shown under article two is the root among the educated classes.

"This is given in the previous part of this remarkable article:

"For, then, is it, from being true that the missionaries' enterprise in China is an intellectual movement. Any one who will take the trouble to look into that mass of impenetrable darkness that goes under the name of 'missionary publications' in China can easily convince himself that it is this mass of darkness that really makes the educated Chinese intellectually despise the foreigner. And when the educated Chinese sees that this mass of darkness is being thrust upon the people with all the arrogant and aggressive pretentiousness of missionaries on the one hand and by threats of gunboats on the part of foreign governments on the other hand, it makes him hate foreigners with hatred which only those can feel who see that all which they hold as highest and most sacred, and belong to them as a race and a nation—their light, their culture their literary refinement—are in danger of being irreparably defaced and destroyed.

"This, let me say here, is the root of the hatred of foreigners among the educated Chinese."

Continuing, this spokesman for the Chinese says:

"Missionaries are thus responsible for these only too deep causes of hatred of foreigners among Chinese. But all the miseries which Christian missions have brought upon China may be summed up in that one ugly, diabolic fact—fostering rebellion, which I have called the rebellion of the Chinese outcasts of the Christian missions in China.

"If there is any truth in what I have shown—that missionaries, instead of doing good, do real harm to the Chinese—it follows necessarily that the presence of the missionaries is also injurious to foreigners.

"But I have said that missionaries are also really responsible for Chinese hatred of foreigners.

"At this critical stage in China I maintain that this hatred is threatening to do a great deal of harm to the large commercial and other interests which foreigners have now in China.

"Missionaries are now clamorous for gunboats, and would lead the foreign public to believe that the officials are merely selfish in asking foreigners not to make a display of gunboats in these missionaries' riots.

"But those who know the temper of the people ought, I think, to tell the foreign public that the first shot from a foreign gunboat fired in the missionaries' cause will be the signal of a war, not against the government, as our foreign wars have hitherto been, but a war against the Chinese people. * * *

"I have now spoken what I have long meditated and hesitated, from personal and other deeper considerations, to speak. What I have written above applies equally to Protestant and Catholic missions in China."

Frightful Loss of Life.

Of the many disasters with which mankind has been visited one of the worst is that class of ailments which originating simply with inactivity of the kidneys and bladder causes such frightful loss of life. Under this appalling category come Bright's disease, diabetes, gravel, ordinary nephritis and catarrh of the bladder. No class of organic maladies, against which medical skill is pitted, so often baffles the expert practitioner and sets his skill at naught. Easy is it, however to arrest these direful ailments at the start. The diuretic set on of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is just sufficient to set the bladder and kidneys at work, preserve or rescue them from fatal inactivity without exciting them. The unmedicated stimulants of commerce excite without either strengthening or regulating. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters does both. It is unfailing for malaria, dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, liver complaint and constipation.

THERE WAS A RAID,

And Half a Hundred Soiled Doves and Companions Were Arrested.

This morning's docket at the police station was the largest on record for years. By the order of Chief O'Dwyer a wholesale raid was made on a number of houses of ill-fame last night.

Shortly after 10 o'clock the fun commenced, and until after midnight Sergeant Conway and a score of patrolmen were kept busy hustling the offending ones to the police station, where the entire office force had their hands full receiving money and issuing bail bonds.

The different houses were each surrounded by the squad of patrolmen and all of the occupants arrested. Eight keepers and 46 inmates and visitors were arrested, and as fast as they were brought into the station house most of them put up the requisite amount of bail and were released.

The cases will be tried in the police court this afternoon.

Housekeepers, domestics, clerks, saleswomen and salesmen, sewing girls, typewriters and agents, were the different occupations given by those arrested. Sums amounting to over $1,500 were put up as bail, and only a few of the parties were held at the station over night.

THE NEWS FROM NORWALK.

Social and General Mention of Interest.

The Maple City Teems With Gossip Always of an Important Nature.

Norwalk, O., Aug. 26.—(Special)—John Harley, a well-known drayman of this city, was jumped upon by his horse in the stable, yesterday, and received serious injuries.

His nose was broken, face badly disfigured, two ribs broken, and it is feared has received some internal injuries about the chest.

Dell Bonnell, who fell dead on a Lake Shore freight car at Air Line Junction last Saturday night, was well known in Norwalk among railroad men. He was formerly night yardmaster for the W. & L. E. here, but was discharged a few months ago because of an accident that happened which was the result of his carelessness.

George Lorenz, head miller at Cleveland & Co.'s mill, this city, had the ends of two fingers cut off by a belt which he was adjusting.

Messrs. Drehr & Linn, of Cleveland, are frescoing the audience room of the Congregational church.

James Aigie, a well-known dealer in pianos and sewing machines, dropped dead at his home in Bellevue, yesterday, of heart disease. He arose from his bed, walked out on the porch and dropped down dead.

Mrs. Selina Carmichael, wife of Andrew Carmichael, a former foreman of the Lake Shore blacksmith shop, this city, died Monday, aged 71. The funeral was held this afternoon.

W. D. Patterson was arrested and fined yesterday for violating the fire ordinance.

Dr. Louis Stratton, who is a successful druggist near Savannah, Ga., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Stratton. Lou is an old Norwalk boy, and his friends are glad to see him looking so well.

Lyman Hinkley, of New London, arrested and lodged in jail here for assault and battery, has been released on $300 bail.

THOMPSON & CHUTE AFFAIR.

Major Bell and Manager Chute Make Statements Regarding the Concern.

The BEE's statement yesterday relative to the financial trouble surrounding the Thompson & Chute Soap company, seems to have caused considertable commen principally among those chiefly interested. Major Bell, whom the article claimed had stepped in and was backing the firm financially, was angry this morning when approached by a BEE on the subject. He said:

"The article did the institution an injustice. In the first place the company is perfectly solvent, and in the second the directors have not resigned."

"The directors were the officers; have they resigned, major?"

"The salaries of all the officers who were directors save one, have been stopped."

"The BEE is not disposed to do the firm an injustice. Will you give me the particulars?"

"Well, there seems to have been some mismanagement and the directors asked me some time ago to act as receiver and parcel out the institution, but I said 'no.' This place can be made to pay; all you want is a little more capital, which I will advance if you give me bonds in blank as security. This was done and the directors, all save Mr. Sigerson, turned over part of their stock to me. I don't own a share of stock in the concern, but simply hold it as collateral for money loaned."

"What was the trouble originally?"

"There were too many high salaried officers doing nothing. Then again the firm had not capital enough to swing the institution. There were times when they had as high as 1,600 boxes on their books that they were not able to supply. They have now between 900 and 1,000 boxes on order that they cannot send out."

"What is there in the statement that you offered Mr. Sigerson $25 for his interest?"

"Nothing. The facts are these: The firm owed Mr. Sigerson $26. I think it was, when he resigned. It had been decided to pay no more salaries, but finally it was agreed to give Mr. Sigerson this $26 due him. That is all there is in it."

"You say the publication of the article in the BEE yesterday had a tendency to injure the concern. Don't you think that the connection of your name with the concern had rather a tendency to strengthen the company financially?"

The major smiled and said he did not know that it had hurt it.

Manager J. M. Chute was also seen by a BEE. He, too, felt that an injustice had been done, but finally admitted that the statement that Mr. Bell was backing the establishment financially would have a beneficial effect.

"In order to cut down expenses, five of the six salaried officers resigned," he said, "and what with the capital secured from Mr. Bell we are in a better and stronger position financially than ever before.

"When we understood the true state of affairs we called a meeting of directors and decided the only way out of the difficulty was for those officers who could be spared to step down and out. The salaries of the two, Messrs. Thompson and those of Mr. Haviland and Mr. Sigerson were discontinued."

"Did Major Bell help you out financially?"

"Yes, he loaned us some money, and we gave him bonds in blank in security."

"What is the financial condition of your company?"

"We bought the concern from Mr. Bell, who took a mortgage for $10,000. We agreed to pay $1,000 a year on this and did this for two years, but failed to come to time last spring, so that we owe Mr. Bell, with interest and all, about $8,500."

"And the bank?"

"You were right regarding the bank. We owe it $8,500, but it is fully secured."

In conclusion Mr. Chute said the good debts outstanding amounted to $4,000, the inventory $6,000 in the building, and the financial condition of the firm had been re-established.

Mr. Chute is a practical soap man, and what with the fact that Mr. Bell is backing the firm there is no doubt but that the company is on a fair way to success.

It should be mentioned that the brand of soap alone is valued at $5,000.

One of the questions at the Gentry county, Mo., teachers' institute was, When did Missouri become a state? and two were so impressed with the grandeur of Missouri that they imagined her to be quite an ancient dame, and answered 1620.

A Pennsylvania barber has just completed a novel fishing line which occupied five years in making, and is made entirely of human hair of ever color and shade, nicely woven together. Every time he operated on the glossy lock of a female customer he begged a few silken threads. The line, which is over 100 feet long, is an unusually strong one.

Fulton, Mo., proposes to stop the cow nuisance by passing an ordinance authorizing any one to milk a cow caught running at large.

The True Way
TO RID THE HUMAN BODY OF
The Poison of Disease
IS TO FORCE IT OUT THROUGH THE SKIN.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
always does this effectually. It treats the disease instead of the symptoms, and removes the cause, thereby making a cure.
Mrs. E. J. ROWELL, No. 11 Quincy St., Medford, Mass., says that her mother has been cured of Scrofula, by the use of four bottles of S. S. S., after having had much other treatment, and being reduced to quite a low condition of health, as it was thought she could not live.
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3. Atlanta, Ga.

TAIT'S BREAD
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT
"OAK RIDGE,"
GREEN SPRING, O.
Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium.
$12 to $21 Per Week.
KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

GREAT CHINA MATTING SALE!
5,000 ROLLS CHINA MATTING!
Direct Importations! Elegant Patterns!
Prices Below the Lowest!
STERLING & CO., 408-410 SUMMIT ST.
A. R. SISSON, Manager.

WEBER BROTHERS,
Clothiers and Furnishers.
An endless variety of Clothing, occupying three floors, and complete satisfaction guaranteed to all.
NOTICE.
Money Refunded on All Goods Returned if Not Soiled.
Weber Bros., 409 and 411 Monroe St.

ACORN COOKING STOVES AND RANGES
Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors and Windows, Acme Mixed Paints.
MECHANICS' TOOLS AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.
H. E. Kuhlman & Co., 620 S. St. Clair St.

Fishing Tackle,
House Furnishihg Goods
Builders Hardware,
Bird Cages---A large line.
THE WHITAKER AND KIRK HARDWARE CO.
210 SUMMIT STREET.

DO YOU THINK
Your Carpets ought to last forever? Is it not a fact that they have served you well, and that the uncomplaining old floor ought to have a new covering?
If that is so, come to us for the New Patterns in all grades of Carpets and Rugs.
V. B. SNYDER & SON,
The Old Reliable Carpet House.

OUR STOCK OF
FURNITURE!
MUST BE REDUCED
Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.
Young & Southard's, 172-174 Summit St.

SECOND-HAND BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES FOR SALE
AT
John Bladon & Son's, 134 Ontario St., bet. Monroe and Jefferson.

Canopy top basket phaeton	$ 35	1 Canopy top phaeton, Columbus make	$100
Full leather top Cooney phaeton	65	1 Light open spring buggy	65
Full leather top Cooney piano box	75	1 Three spring open wagon	-
Open buggy as good as new	35	1 Three spring Rockaway, new wheels and tires and all newly jointed good as new job. Eastern make	125
Extention top carriage	20		
Jump seat and canopy top Bladon	80		
Jump seat open	25		

All the above are in good repair, having been through our shops and put in order; they are bargains. Come and see them. JOHN BLADON & SON, Carriage M'nfrs

Exclusive Agency!
—FOR THE—
COLUMBIA, HARTFORD, —AND— FEATHERSTONE'S PNEUMATIC! BICYCLES
EMIL GRAH, 406 SUMMIT ST Phone 630.

JUST OUT
Messrs. Dickman & Schmidt, 623 Cherry St., corner of Erie, have an entire new line of PICTURES and FRAMES at low prices and any finish known to man. Having secured one of the best workmen in the city, all work is done on the premises.
AGENTS WANTED.

USE THE BEST!
STELLAR -:- KEY -:- FLOUR
AT FELLIS & CO.'S, 603 MONROE ST. Phone 1033.

PSUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE!
IMPERIAL GRANUM
THE GREAT MEDICINAL
FOOD
THIS ORIGINAL AND WORLD RENOWNED DIETETIC PREPARATION IS A SUBSTANCE OF UNRIVALLED PURITY AND MEDICINAL WORTH, A SOLID EXTRACT DERIVED BY A NEW PROCESS FROM VERY SUPERIOR GROWTHS OF WHEAT—NOTHING MORE. IT HAS JUSTLY ACQUIRED THE REPUTATION OF BEING THE SALVATOR FOR
INVALIDS AND THE AGED.
AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT FOR THE GROWTH AND PROTECTION OF INFANTS AND
CHILDREN
A SUPERIOR NUTRITIVE IN CONFINED FEVERS AND A RELIABLE REMEDIAL AGENT IN ALL DISEASES OF THE STOMACH AND INTESTINES.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS
SHIPPING DEPOT—PARK, DAVIS & CO., DETROIT, MICH.

How Long
Will it take you before you try
WEBER for SHOES?
837 Summit Street.

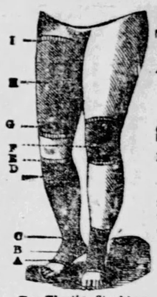
C. A. Kirchmaier, Ph. C.
Chemist and Assayer!
Laboratory, 1316 Adams St.
PHONE 938.

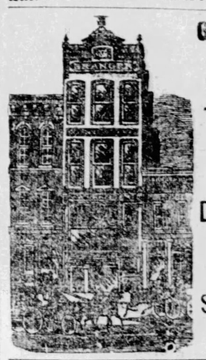
JEWELRY, BADGES, ETC. Roulet & Armstrong, 141 SUMMIT STREET. Over Strasburger's.

STORAGE
AND GENERAL TRUCKING.
Covered Vans for Furniture!
FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE
Delivered to and from Depots, or any part of the City.
The Moreton Truck and Storage Co.

BUCKEYE BREWING CO.
Brewers of Genuine
Pilsener, Export and
LAGER BEER!
TOLEDO, OHIO.
JOHN JACOBY, Supt.

WERUM BROS
508 ADAMS STREET,
Manufacturers of
TRUSSES!
Abdominal and other Supporters, Braces, Bandages,
ELASTIC
STOCKINGS!
Knee Caps, Anklets, Crutches, Etc.
Special appliances for the mechanical treatment of injuries, etc., etc.
Trusses Skillfully Adjusted.
We cure ALL Children and about one out of every 5 adults.
For Elastic Stockings take measure opposite letters on the cut.





GRANGE THE IMPORTING TAILOR AND Woolen DRAPER
205 SUMMIT ST.

CUTLERY,
ALL KINDS.
The Chapman Hardware Co.,
315-317 ADAMS STREET.

PHONES 119, 289, 285.
A. FORD
Manufacturer of and dealer in
STIFF AND SILK
HATS!
Bleacher of Ladies' Straw Hats.
Repairing of all kinds of Hats a Specialty.
208 Summit Street.

Cures in 1 to 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.
Mfd only by THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is recommended as the leading remedy for Gonorrhœa & Gleet. The only safe remedy for Leucorrhœa & Whites. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STUNER, M. D., DECATUR, ILL.
Sold by Druggists. PRICE $1.00.

HAVE YOU TRIED
—THE—
BEST FLOUR
MADE?
Geo. Miller & Son, Toledo Agts.

Notice to Contractors.
Sewers.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,
THE 31st DAY OF AUGUST, 1891,
for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four inch shell, along the center line of Wisconsin street, from the sewer in Junction avenue to the east line of Brown avenue.
Also, for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer twenty inches inside diameter and four inch shell along the alley lying next east of Vermont avenue, from a point ten feet south of Page street to a point fifteen feet south of Fredrick street.
Said work to be paid for in an assessment upon the lots and lands benefited thereby in proportion to the benefits, payable to the contractor or assigns, one half in ten days after the confirmation of the assessment and the remainder in one year thereafter, except the cost of that part of the work in street intersections, which will be paid in cash within ninety days after the acceptance of the work.
All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.
Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.
Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.
Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.
The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
By order of the council.
C. H. DURIAN,
augiseod2w City Clerk.

Notice to Contractors.
Wayne Street Macadamizing.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,
THE 31st DAY OF AUGUST, 1891,
for improving Wayne street, from the westerly city limits to the northerly gutter line of Western avenue, by macadamizing with broken stone the central twenty-five feet thereof, together with the necessary grading, drainage, etc.
The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.
All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.
Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.
Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.
Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.
The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
By order of the council.
C. H. DURIAN,
augiseod2w City Clerk.

Notice to Contractors.
Bridge Street Paving.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,
THE 14th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,
for improving Bridge street from the paving in Front street to the dock line of the Maumee river, by paving the central fifty feet thereof with Medina block stone with joints filled with mastic cement, together with the necessary grading, curbing, crosswalks, drainage, etc.
The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after the completion of the work and the acceptance thereof by the city.
All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of six hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.
Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.
Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.
Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.
The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.
By order of the council.
C. H. DURIAN,
augiseod2w City Clerk.

Chain, Single Tree Irons, Etc.
BUY THE BEST "BAKER"
which means the
SPECIAL FORGINGS.
Ask your Dealer for "BAKER" Chain and "BAKER" Clips, or write to
BAKER CHAIN & WAGON IRON MFG. CO., Allegheny, Pa.

Notice to Stockholders.
There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Toledo and Island Steamboat Company, at the office of Messrs. Swayne, Hayes & Hayes, on Friday, Sept. 11, 1891, at 4:00 p. m., for the purpose of acting on the question of issuing bonds of said company to the amount of sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000), and securing the same by a mortgage or deed of trust on the property of said company.
S. C. REYNOLDS,
N. H. SWAYNE, President.
Secretary. aug7 to sept5

14th Street Improvement.
Jefferson Street to Adams Street.
Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 11 93-100 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of saturday, 29th inst.
W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.
aug15eod3no

IF YOU WANT GOOD WORK DONE AT REASONABLE RATES CONSULT
C. A. SIPE
DENTIST.
601 Summit Street
FOR SUMMER SUITS
—GO TO—
W. G. SCHILL & CO.
130 SUPERIOR ST.

MAN,
If from self abuse while young, or over indulgence in later years you have become sexually weak, and would be made strong—if you are strong but would be more vigorous, send four cents in stamps, for our Medical Book, and List of Questions, which will be sent free, sealed, and in a plain envelope, secure from observation. Address
THE EVANS MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

We have the well earned reputation of having the Largest and Best arranged Stock of Modern and Classic Sheet Music, also Bound Volumes of such, in Toledo. Headquarters for Guitars, Banjos and Mandolins, of the leading makers.
AT PRICES JUST RIGHT.
IGNAZ FISCHER,
THE MUSIC DEALER,
229 Summit St. Ground Floor.

F. H. PENFIELD,
MANUFACTURER OF
Lubricating & Illuminating Oils
Naphtha, Gasoline, Linseed Oil and Paraffine Wax.
1 and 13 MERWIN ST., CLEVELAND, O.

G. A. MUHME, Home Chiropodist, office 117 Summit st over Mr. Egley's shoe store, second floor. Removes Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing Nails, without leaving the feet sore. Positive cures sweating and Odorous Feet. Examination free. Treats Chilblains and frozen feet. EMMA McCARTHY, teacy.

ON THE SANTA FE TRAIL.

An Adventure With Road Agents in the West.

Looking Into Pistol Barrels and Reading Advertisements on the Wadding—A Fortune Saved from the Robbers by an Old, But Successful Trick.

Four of us—a young lady, governess in an officer's family—a wealthy merchant, middle-aged—the company's horseshoer, bound for the stables at Denver—and my self, government assayer and mineral expert, had left Sante Fe, N. M., on the S. F. & D. stage one scorching summer afternoon. It was now about 2 o'clock in the morning. We had just congratulated ourselves on being safely out of the most dangerous passes, and were driving briskly toward the Canadian fork.

The full moon lightened our way, making the bushes and trees adjacent cast sharp, decided shadows across the road. I had changed places with the little horseshoer on the roof for the sake of a little more air. The "insides" were dozing, but I felt wakeful and alert. We beguiled the sultry hours by story telling. Suddenly I saw something moving in the shadows ahead of us.

What is that, I said.

The driver looked, his eyes rounding like the moon. "Nothing but a burro," he replied referring to the pack mules that frequently strayed down the mountain side. It disappeared quickly in the shade, and from thence, as if by magic, two men' the polished barrels of their rifles gleaming in the moonlight, sprang into the road.

They were huge, slouched Panteroos and army cloaks. The stoutest of the pair caught the bridles of the leaders; the other, covering us with his Winchester, roared:

"Stir a finger an' yer dead men!" Advancing closer, and keeping us within range of his muzzle, he shouted.

"Fitch out the treasure box, quick! We're in a hurry!"

The driver began to stammer a reply, but I stopped him with a muttered, "Shut up! Let me talk to these chaps! There's no treasure aboard to-night!"

I said this coolly, at the same time swaying my body to and fro, to get out of the range of the muzzle; the man was evidently very determined as well as very near. As I intended he should, he took me for an express messenger, and as neither driver nor messenger is supposed to possess any valuables, they are seldom molested.

"None o' yer nonsense, replied the bandit. "Hand out the treasure or ye'll see trouble, blast yer!"

The scoundrel at the reins, who held his rifle pointed at me from between the horses' heads, evidently enjoyed my endeavors to get out of range, for he squeaked in a high, falsetto voice: "Does them bar'ls look big!" "Yes," I said, echoing the old joke current among the miners, "I can read all the advertisements on the wadding!"

He gave a hoarse chuckle. "Hy'ar, by'ar; heave out ther specie box!" roared the ruffian with the Winchester. I insisted there was none. "Here, look at the waybill; if there's any such thing aboard it will be among the items," and I made a motion to get down, holding it in my hand.

"Stay where yer are, er I'll shoot yer d—n head off."

I threw him the way bill. He dropped his rifle, and, picking it up, looked it over in the moonlight. Profiting by the action, I undertook to slip my pocket book into my boot, and moved my hand round to get at the pocket.

The driver, mistaking the movement, whispered, "Have you got one?" The man at the horses' heads noticed our little conference and yelled at us. The other instantly leveled his gun straight at my head. "None o' that! Hands up!"

We threw up our hands and he again turned to the way bill. I did manage, though, to slip my money into my boot.

"You see there's no mention made of the treasure, and if it was sent, it would certainly be noticed on the bill. However, you can get up and look in the box and satisfy yourself."

He hesitated a moment, then climbed up rifle in hand and looked in the box; in doing so he kicked my valise. (As a government expert I was well known to the bankers of Santa Fe.

They never hesitated to intrust me with large sums of money, and this trip was no exception, having with me nearly $15,000 in gold, secured partly in an inner belt around my waist, partly by a false bottom improvised in my valise by gumming strong wrapping paper over the precious parcel, an inner lining of the bag. "O, jes this by'ar grip!" cried the road agent. I did so carefully taking out its contents and letting him look inside; the wrapping paper deceived him.

"Naw," he growled, thar's no treasure on this stage, but we've sworn ter have $200 to-night, an' ef we don't fin' it in your treasure box we mought fin' it in yer baggage. Who's inside?"

"Two men and a lady. None of them rich; one of them is a horseshoer going to Denver to shoe the company horses."

"We'll look at 'em. Whatever happens don't yer move on yer life. We may find the cash on them ur in the baggage."

The "insides" appeared to be sleeping. The man rattled the door and roused them. Leveling his rifle he ordered them out to be searched. They obeyed, apparently half asleep. He placed them in a row. "Hands up!" he said. "Now fur your pockets!"

The horshoer had but $2 in silver; the merchant's purse showed only a ten and a few small bills, and the young lady's nothing but her papers and a little change. The poor girl looked as if about to faint.

"You're a ornary crowd ter have so little with yer," he snarled, "an I've a good mind to send yer all to binzes this cussed night. Two hundred we've sworn to have, so we'll have ter rip up yer baggage." This was uttered with infinite disgust.

The merchant then spoke: "You'll find nothing of any account in our baggage, but if you will ask this young lady for her hat, and can find the $1,000 in bills she concealed in it just before leaving Santa Fe, I think you'll certainly consider yourself repaid for your trouble."

The girl turned towards him with blazing eyes, and uttered the word, "Traitor!" There was no escape; the hat was taken possession of. After the lining had been carefully ripped out it was returned with few gruff words of apology.

"In luck, by heavens!" cried the highwayman, exultantly. "Pile in, all, an' be d——d ter yer. Sorry fur yer loss, Miss, but we're boun' ter take all we kin git. We didn't got no treasure; but this here'll do 'bout as well. Drive on."

"I want the way-bill!" I said, excitedly, for the scene we had just witnessed had raised my indignation to fever heat. He handed it to me, but it fluttered under the horses' feet, and I again demanded it. He picked it up, climbed the wheel and handed it to me. Then, turning to the young lady, he said, gruffly:

"But for this lining, young woman, ye might all ha' been lyin' in yander ditch. No treasure aboard! Come this way agin 'thout it an' we'll settle yer accounts, blast yer! Now, git!"

We gladly followed this advice, but could not find language strong enough to express our opinion of the merchant. The driver made the air fairly lurid with his sulphurous profanity, and the young lady answered all attempts at consolation with hysterical sobs. The merchant alone appeared to retain his cool equanimity of temper.

Arriving at Denver he begged very earnestly of the young lady, with me as her escort, to grant him a few moments for explanation in a private parlor. He pleaded so fervently that she gave a reluctant assent. He closed the door and bolted it, which looked a little strange.

"Don't be afraid," said he, as I felt for my revolver. Sitting down he pulled off his boot and from the toe took out a wad of bills. Said he, "My poor child let me make restitution. Here are $2,000 in bills for the $1,000 you lost"—handing her two $1,000 bills—"your lining was a godsend to me. If they had searched me further they would have secured $20,000 instead of $1,000.

"And besides, concealed in my baggage are diamonds and other precious stones, which, if they had secured, would have beggared me." Taking a beautiful solitaire from his vest lining, he presented that also to her. "I should have explained in the stage," he said, "but walls have ears, and way should I trust the others with my secrets!"—Edward J. Armstrong in Cincinnati Commercial.

Pin Hook, Cross Roads, Hog Eye, Rubber Neck, Hole in the Ground and Middle Brook are some of the names of the post-offices in southern Missouri.

HOW HE CAPTURED HER.

"So you won't marry me, Jenny?"

"It would be madness, Tom; you know it would."

"What do you mean by madness?"

"You know well enough what I mean, and you know that I am right."

"Yes," meaningly, "I think I do know. You mean that I am poor and you are ditto, and poverty multiplied by two is madness."

Jenny, a very pretty little blonde with bright golden curls and sweet blue eyes, said nothing but looked down and wrote hierogyphics on the ground with the end of her parasol, while Tom, a handsome, broad-shouldered fellow, with dark brown hair and mustache and large hazel eyes, lay half reclining at her feet.

"Isn't that the sum and the answer?" he asked.

Still Jenny said nothing, but continued to write hierogiyphics, while a little flush rose on her cheeks and brow.

"I see how it is," he said. "While I have been away you have been demoralized."

"What do you mean?" she asked sharply, giving him an indignant glance.

"O, nothing to make you very angry," he replied "It is just this: Some of those sage female veterans, who have gone through life satisfied to exist without that which, it appears to me, alone makes life endurable, have talked you into their way of thinking, and now, forsooth, it is madness to marry the man you love. For you do love me Jennie—you know you do."

The girl was silent yet a little while, and then she said, plaintively:

"I did believe I loved you once, Tom, I'll acknowledge it; but I am older now, and think maybe I was mistaken."

"Pshaw!" said Tom; "think maybe. If you don't know it without any maybe about it, you were not mistaken, either, when I say you love me still. Yes, you love me still, and yet you are going to marry that sneaking Ralph Morley. Don't deny it, for I know it; though, perhaps, you don't quite know it yourself yet. Are you engaged to him?"

"That is an impertinent question and I shall not answer it."

"Then I will take it for granted that you are."

"You needn't do any such thing, for I am not.

"Well, you did answer my imperfinent question after all."

"I was not going to let you think what you pleased."

"I'm glad you answered it, anyhow, for now I am going to tell you what sort of a fellow he is, and shan't feel as if I am being rude, as I might otherwise have done. But, pshaw! I won't plead my cause by abusing my rival. If I can't convince you of the divine right of love above every other consideration, I'll throw up the case. I know you love me; I know I love you."

"Why, Jenny, I could go on all my life loving you just as I always loved you, if you would let me; but I know if you don't marry me you will marry somebody else and it will be all up with me then. Better is a dinner with herbs where love is than a stalled ox and hatred therewith. Do you know what that means?"

"Of course I do, any child would know."

"You don't, though, for all you think yourself so wise. It means just this; it is better to marry for love than money."

"Come, Tom," said the girl, and there was a catching of her breath when she spoke, which told that tears were not far off. "come, I must go home."

Tom noticed these symptoms, and, wisely concluding to press his suit no further just then, walked along by her side without saying another word.

II.

There was to be a balloon ascension, and Tom Arrington was to be one of the party of æronauts. He had been on several such expeditions before, and was quite an enthusiast on the subject of aerial navigation.

There was a big crowd collected around the inclosure when the big silk bag was being inflated with gas. Tom was inside the inclosure with Jenny, her two maiden aunts and Morley, who had joined them, much to the young æronaut's chagrin.

"How should you like to go up in her, Jenny?" he asked.

"O, I think it would be splendid, if I wasn't frigatened, as I am sure I should be," replied Jenny.

"I don't mean to make the trip, but just a little way."

"How could we do that?"

"Easy enough. We'll get in the car, and the man will pay out the rope until we are hundred feet or so from the ground, and when you have seen what it is like they'll pull us down again. Come, get in and try it; you've no idea how nice it is."

Jenny hesitated, looking at her aunts. "No, Jenny," said Aunt Jane, for whom she had been named, "I'll not permit you to try any such experiment. Suppose the rope were to break; where would you be then?"

Tom said there was no danger of the rope breaking, and Aunt Sarah, who had made up her mind to be one of the party, said she didn't believe there was.

"Will you go, aunty?" asked Jenny, whose heart was all in a flutter between excitement and fear at the idea.

"Yes," replied the maiden lady decidedly. "I've always wished that I could go up in a balloon, and now I've got a chance to do it without danger—there is no danger, Mr. Arrington?"

"Why, Sarah!" cried Miss Jane, "I'm astonished at your encouraging Jenny in such a wild, harum-scarum adventure."

Tom soon had his arrangements all made and helped the two ladies into the car.

"Will you go?" he said, not very cordially, to Morley.

"No, thank you," was the reply.

"Why, you are not afraid?"

"No, I'm not afraid, but I will stay on terra firma."

"All right," said Tom, stepping into the car where the ladies were already seated. "That fellow hasn't the pluck of a woman," he growled, as they slowly arose.

"Oh! how nice!" exclaimed Jenny, when the balloon came to a stand, about 150 feet from the ground. "Isn't it, aunty?"

"Are you sure there is no danger of the rope breaking, Mr. Arrington?" asked Miss Sarah, instead of replying to her niece.

"It is brand new," replied Tom.

"Then it is a very agreeable sensation," said the lady.

After giving his companions sufficient time to fully enjoy the pleasures of their novel situation, Tom made a sign to the man below, and they commenced to haul in on the rope. The balloon seemed rather reluctant to leave her native element—if one may call it so—but was at last secured near enough to the ground for the occupants to alight from the car.

After giving his assistance to Miss Sarah, Tom turned to Jenny, who was preparing to follow her aunt:

"How would you like to try it again?" he said in a low tone.

"O, so much," was the reply.

In an instant he was back in the car, the signal was given to the men to pay out the rope, and when Aunt Sarah looked around her niece was 50 feet above her in the air.

I don't know whether Tom Arrington had had any such intention from the beginning; but while Jennie was looking over the edge of the car, waving her handkerchief to those below, he took his penknife out of his pocket and cut the rope, and the balloon shot up in the blue sky like a wild bird set free from captivity.

III.

At first Jennie was so astonished and frightened that she could not speak; then she said: "O, Tom! I thought you said that there was no danger of the rope breaking."

"I said what I believed to be true," replied that equivocating scamp, who had slipped his knife back into his pocket; "but don't be frightened."

"How can I help being frightened!" she asked, in a trembling voice. "What will become of us, Tom!"

"I don't know," said Tom.

"O, Tom! I thought you were an æronaut!"

"So I am."

"Don't talk such nonsense. You ought to be ashamed to try to make me more frightened than I really am."

"I am not trying to frighten you, but now that I have got you up here all to myself I am going to carry you to the moon, where girls are not sold for money."

"O, Tom!" cried the girl, beginning to think she was in the power of a maniac, "what do you mean?"

"Mean! Why it's plain enough. Don't you know the moon is made of silver! Can't you see it for yourself? Come, Jenny," he said, "I was only joking; we'll come out all right."

"You—ought—to be—ashamed to frighten me so," said Jenny, crying and sobbing, while Tom, taking advantage of her helpless condition, put his arm around her waist. It had been there often before, it is true.

"Come, Jenny," pulling at the halyard that connected with the valve with his disengaged hand: "come, dear, we'll be all right; so don't cry.

"I can't help it," said Jenny, laying her pretty head on his shoulder—she felt less frightened that way; "I—can't—help—it; you are—so—so—cruel. I didn't—think—you—would—be cruel—to me—Tom."

"And I don't want to be cruel to you, darling," said Tom, kissing her. "I want to love you, and I want you to love me—that's all."

They were gliding along now easily and smoothly, but at a rapid rate, though that fact was imperceptible to Jenny. The landscape seemed to be swimming along beneath her, but she could perceive no motion in the balloon.

"What are you doing with the rope, Tom?" she asked, having somewhat recovered under his treatment.

"I'm steering her," he said, with a comical smile.

"Steering her? I thought balloons couldn't be steered."

O yes, they can—when the wind's favorable. At any rate I'm steering this one."

"Where are you steering it to?"

"Right straight to Hymen's bower."

"Now you are beginning again to talk as if you were insane, and I shall get frightened again if you don't hush."

Tom pressed her closer to him.

"Don't you love me Jenny?" he asked.

She turned her eyes up to his, but didn't say a word. Her head was still lying on his shoulder.

"Don't you think it would be nice to sail along this way all by ourselves, away from Morley and the two old aunties and everybody, forever?"

"I don't know, Tom; perhaps we might get tired."

"Never!" said Tom.

He had been discharging gas all the time, and the balloon had slowly settled down towards the earth till now everything on it was plain to the naked eye—houses, trees and even people, and Jenny, much to her lover's regret, had lifted her pretty head from its recumbent position to look over the edge of the car.

"Do you see that little white church, Jenny?" he asked.

"Yes."

"Well, that's what I've been steering for; do you know why?"

"No; how should I?"

"How should you? Don't you know what people generally do in church?"

"They preach and pray and sing hymns."

"Nothing else?"

"Yes, they christen babies there."

"Ho, ho; christen babies indeed! Don't they do anything else in churches?"

"Y-e-s, I believe so."

"You believe so. I know so, and that's just what we are going to do."

"O, Tom, we can't."

"Can't we, though! Who's to hinder? Come, Jenny, you've got to promise to do just as I say, or I'll carry you up in the clouds again and keep you there forever."

"O, Tom, you ought to be ashamed of yourself to take advantage of my situation to make me do as you please," said Jenny reproachfully, but at the same time clinging closer to him; "you haven't got any right to do it."

"I've a perfect right to make you do what you want to do and what is for your happiness. Come, promise! We are almost to the church, and if you don't I'll let her loose; I've only to throw out some of these little bags and up she goes," said he picked up one of the sandbags, as if to heave it out.

"Don't, don't, Tom," said Jenny, laying her hand on his arm; "I'll promise."

"All right," said Tom, and in a few minutes the balloon was skimming along not far from the ground, over an enclosed field. He threw out his anchor, almost immediately, and it caught in a panel of a fence, bringing the balloon to with a sudden jerk.

"O!" exclaimed Jenny, clasping her arms about her lover's neck, "I thought I was going to bounce out."

"We will bounce out, and that right quickly," said Tom, kissing her blushing face two or three times. "Yonder's the church, parson can't be far off, and—and—I've got the license in my pocket."

"O, Tom," said Jenny, "aren't you ashamed of yourself—to play me such a trick?"

But Tom wasn't a bit ashamed, and afterwards, whenever his pretty wife twitted him about it, as she did occasionally, he said it was a trick worth any two or a dozen that he had ever heard of.—N. O. Picayune.

A Long Lease on Life.

Old Dr. Boerhave's golden secret of long life was: Keep the head cool, the feet warm, and the bowels open. Drastic cathartics and powerful purgatives do more harm than good, but such a remedy as Dr. Hand's Pleasant Physic is a boon and blessing in every household.

The following, from Mrs. John Horn, cor, Penn avenue and Linden streets, Scranton, Pa., contains some valuable experience: "I have been in poor health for the last five years, caused by a constipated condition of the bowels, dyspepsia, and a sluggish liver. I took Dr. Hand's Pleasant Physic every night for two months, with the result of curing me of the liver trouble, the dyspepsia and constipation, thus giving me comfort, health and a new lease of life."

For sale by R. C. Spohn, D. Harpster & Co., Bowers & Friederich, Geo. C. Nill, Thos, Vanstone.

SOMETHING ABOUT CORSETS.

Dress Reform May Affect an Extremely Extensive Industry.

Making a rough estimate there are over 10,000 persons employed in this country making corsets, and the value of what they produce is about $10,000,000, and, besides this, immense quantities of corsets are imported, and the consumption is about 60,000,000 corsets a year. Almost all females above the age of 13 wear corsets. Some idea of the extent of the business may be gathered from the fact that one firm expended $30,000 in advertising a peculiar fastening for corsets. The old-fashioned way of fastening a corset was to lace it up every time it was put on. This took a good deal of time.

The later plan and the one now universally adopted, is to have at the front a pair of steel bands that are fastened by a little catch. The corset is put on and laced to whatever point of tightness the wearer desires. When it is taken off the lacing is not disturbed, but the two front steels are unhooked, and the corset is ready to put on the next time without the trouble of lacing.

These little catches on the front steel are made of white metal, and there are four or five of them on each corset. The weight of the set of catches is not greater than that of an ordinary thimble, and yet one firm uses about thirty-two tons of white metal a year to make these catches.

The steel required for the springs amounts to hundreds of tons, and there are separate factories devoted to the production of the steels.

Formerly corsets depended for their stiffness upon whalebone. Then steel was introduced for the fronts, but has never been made available for the small bones. When gas and petroleum knocked out the whale fishery and whalebone got scarce, other substances had to be substituted for the whalebone.

The principal substitute for whalebone is horn. This is chiefly manufactured in France from South American horns, and the stuff is imported ready cut into narrow strips ready for use. Efforts have been made to substitute celluloid or hard rubber strips, but nothing has yet been found so good as the whalebone or the horn.

By and by some Yankee will find out a good substitute and make his fortune as Peter Cooper did when he found out how to make a hoof do for isinglass.

LADIES

Who Value a Refined Complexion

MUST USE

POZZONI'S

MEDICATED

COMPLEXION

POWDER.

It imparts a brilliant transparency to the skin. Removes all pimples, freckles, and discolorations, and makes the skin delicately soft and beautiful. It contains no lime, white lead or arsenic. In three shades; pink or flesh, white and brunette.

FOR SALE BY

All Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers Everywhere.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Don't Get It Into Your Head

when you go by

MERRELL BROS.

At the corner of Monroe and Huron,

that they handle nothing but old traps.

If you want a vehicle of any description, go inside for it. A carload just received from the Buckeye Bug Co., of Columbus.

These are the finest in the land but they have others at all prices.

FOR MOSQUITO BITES, SUN-BURN, SORE FEET, LAMENESS from OVER-EXERTION.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

FOR PILES, CHAFING, To Bathe FACE and HANDS when heated etc.

DON'T FORGET when starting on vacation to take with you. You are sure to need it; perhaps VERY MUCH indeed.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES probably worthless Accept POND'S EXTRACT only.

Pond's Extract Co., New York and London.

Lawn Mowers, Lawn Hose, Hose Reels, Garden Tools, Etc

Schunk, Hillenkamp & Co., 519 and 521 MONROE ST.

Manhood Restored.

Small weak organs Enlarged. Free Remedy. A victim of youthful errors causing Emissions, lack of vigor and development, Nervous Debility, Varicocele, etc., will gladly send (sealed) Free to all sufferers a recipe that cured him after all other remedies failed. Address with stamp, L. A. BRADLEY, Grocer, Battle Creek, Mich.

TOLEDO Artificial Limb Co TRINITY BLOCK, Office, Room 6, Corner Adams and St. Clair Sts. TOLEDO.

☞No Money Required of Responsible Parties to Commence Treatment.☜

DR. FRANCE,

Formerly of New York, now of the France Medical and Surgical Institute, Columbus Ohio, by request of many friends and patients, has decided to visit

TOLEDO, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2d.

Consultation and Examination Free and Strictly Confidential in the Private Parlor of the Burnett House from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., one day only.

The France Medical and Surgical Institute of Columbus, Ohio, is the only Medical Institute in the state incorporated with a capital of $300,000.

FRANCE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE,

38 & 40 W. Gay St., one block N. of State House, Columbus, O. Incorporated, 1886. Capital, $300,000.

DRS. FRANCE AND OTTMAN, of New York, the well known and successful Specialists in Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Eye and Ear, on account of their large practice in Ohio, have established the FRANCE MEDICAL INSTITUTE, where all forms of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases will be successfully treated on the most Scientific principles. They are ably assisted by a full corps of eminent Physicians and Surgeons, each one being a well known specialist in his profession

CANCER positively cured without pain or use of the knife, by a new method.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—DR. FRANCE, after years of experience, has discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by the new remedy, OLIVE BLOSSOM. The cure is effected by home treatment. Entirely harmless and easily applied. Consultation Free and Strictly Confidential. Correspondence promptly answered.

YOUNG MEN—Who have become victims of solitary vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of exalted talent and brilliant intellect, may call with confidence.

DRS. FRANCE AND OTTMAN, after years of experience, have discovered the greatest cure known for weakness in the back and limbs, involuntary discharges, impotency, general debility, nervousness, languor, confusion of ideas, palpitation of the heart, timidity, trembling, dimness of sight, or giddiness, diseases of the head, throat, nose, or skin, affections of the liver, lungs, stomach, or bowels—those terrible disorders arising from the solitary vice of youth—and secret practices, blighting their most radiant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage impossible. Take one candid thought before it is too late. A week or month may place your case beyond the reach of hope. Our method of treatment will speedily and permanently cure the most obstinate case, and absolutely restore perfect manhood.

TO MIDDLE-AGED MEN.—There are many from the age of 30 to 60 who are troubled with frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight burning or smarting sensation, weakening the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examination of the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will be found, or the color will be a thin or milkish hue. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is a second stage of seminal weakness. We will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and a healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.—We have a special department, thoroughly organized, and devoted exclusively to the treatment of diseases of women. Every case consulting our specialists, whether by letter or in person, is given the most careful and considerate attention. Important cases, and we get few which have not baffled the skill of all the home physicians) have the benefit of a full council of skilled specialists. In treatment of diseases peculiar to females, our success has been marked, over two-thirds of our patients being ladies, old, young, married, single, rich and poor. Our method is entirely free from objectionable features of the general practitioner, namely, "Local treatment." We seldom find it necessary. We prepare remedies, constitutional and local, as the case demands, and instruct ladies how to treat themselves.

MARRIAGE.—Married persons, or young men contemplating marriage, aware of physical weakness, loss of procreative powers, impotency, or any other disqualification, speedily restored.

PRIVATE DISEASES.—Blood Poison, Venereal Taint, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakness of Sexual Organs, Want of Desire in Male or Female, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual habits of mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cures guaranteed. Medicines sent free from observation to all parts of the United States.

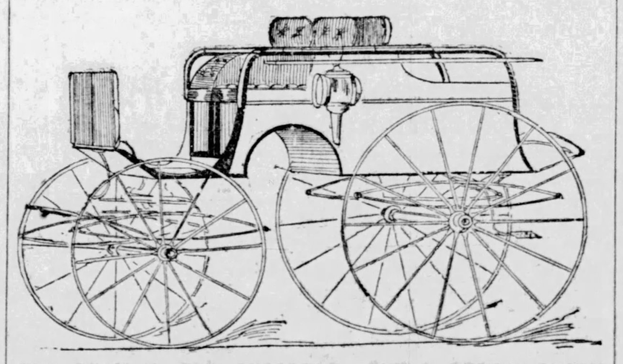
EPILEPSY, OR FITS—Positively cured by a new and never-failing method. Testimonials furnished.

FREE EXAMINATION OF THE URINE.—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring from 2 to 4 ounces of urine (that passed first in the morning preferred), which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination, and if requested a written analysis will be given.

Persons ruined in health by unlearned pretenders, who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should apply immediately. Delays are dangerous.

WONDERFUL CURES Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but where possible, personal consultation is preferred. Curable cases guaranteed. No risks incurred.

Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of U. S. List of 130 questions free. Address, with postage, DR. FRANCE. Nos. 38 and 40 W. Gay St., Columbus, O.



THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST---BUY A COONEY BUGGY

More Buggy for the Money than any Place in the State.

M. J. COONEY & CO., HURON and CHERRY STS., TOLED

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL

We carry the largest stock in the city for you to select from and all the latest designs from the best manufacturers are to be found in our ware room.

We sell bed room suits of 3 pieces from $15 to $25, and carpets of beautiful designs for 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c.

We have elegant Center Tables as low as $2.50 and $3.00. Baby Cabs at a great reduction. Bargains all through the stock.

We are going to close out this immense stock to make room for new purchases and shall keep the goods a moving. All will get bargains, Everyone wanting furniture will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy payments.

Don't fail to call at 434 Summit St.

OPEN EVENINGS. GOLDBERG & JACOBSON

DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY —IN THE— Union Savings Bank 288 Summit St.

SEE HOW SAVINGS GROW.

5 cents a day in	1 yr. am'ts to	$18.25;	in 10 yrs.	182.50
10 " "	" "	36.50;	"	365.00
25 " "	" "	91.25;	"	912.00
50 " "	" "	182.50;	"	1,825.00
75 " "	" "	273.75;	"	2,737.50
$1 " "	" "	365.00;	"	3,650.00

Jos. Secor, Leander Burdick, Pres. Cashier

FALL, 1891.

L. S. Baumgardner & Co.

WHOLESALE DEALERS AND JOBBERS OF

DRY GOODS

Notions, Hosiery, Underwear, Pants, Shirts and Overalls.

We are now showing Full and Complete Lines of

New Fall and Winter Goods!

IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

The trade are respectfully invited to inspect our stocks. All goods sold at

Lowest Market Prices!

Terms and discounts liberal. Orders solicited promptly filled and shipped.

WHOLESALE ONLY.

L. S. BAUMGARDNER & CO

224 and 226 Summit St., TOLEDO, O.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO THE

ATLANTIC PANTS CO.,

344 SUMMIT STREET,

TOLEDO, O.

Mill and Glazed Work

EAST TOLEDO, Front St. on Penn. R. R. WEST TOLEDO, cor. Moore and Page St.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE!

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases: is the ONLY RELIABLE AND HONEST MEDICINE KNOWN. Ask druggist for WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six $5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 181 Woodward ave. Detroit, Mich.

Before and After

WENDLEN SPECKERT, Blacksmith and Horse Shoer, Wagon Making and Repairing Done Promptly to Order. Harness Making, Carriage Trimming and Carriage Painting. Wagons, Carriages and Harnesses To Let

302 and 304 - - CHERRY ST

DON'T FAIL

To try Dr. Bigelow's new method for the painless extraction of teeth.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays extracting is half price.

115 Summit St. Phone 1234.

Miss Chris sey, Secy.

Grand Central!

A First-Class Restaurant. MEALS 25 CENTS.

503 Monroe St., cor. Market Space

HENRY WEITZEL, Propr.

LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS

Who desire to increase their income can secure a permanent situation, on salary or commission as preferred, with the most successful Accident Insurance Company in America by ADDRESSING WITH REFERENCES

W. D. CHASE, Secretary, Geneva, N. Y.

"People who walk up stairs

still carry their Mail to the Post Office. Where Elevators are used one expects to find the U. S. MAIL CHUTE and the FREE Collection Service."

If you don't find them, you should

Address CUTLER MF'G CO., Patentees, Rochester, N. Y.

The new BEE Building will be the first in Toledo to use the Mail Chute.

NEW YORK HOUSE

135 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Opposite Toledo Bee office.

MEALS 25c. LODGING 25c. THE ONLY STRICTLY PER DAY HOUSE IN TOLEDO that is in direct connection with all Depots by the Street Railways.

J. J. O'GORMAN, Proprietor.

DYNAMOS

For Motors and Incandescent Lighting. Latest Designs. Estimates given on isolated plants. Send for Circular.

L. H. COLBURN, 369 Erie St.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL

St. Clair St., end of Perry St.

Centrally located. Sample rooms on first floor. Specialrates to parties and Theatrical People.

JEFF E. HALL, - - Proprietor

DR. J. T. LAWLESS

Has removed his office and residence to 65 BROADWAY, COR. WESTERN AVE

MEN ONLY

REMEDY FREE.

Manhood restored. Parts enlarged. I have found a certain self-cure. I will gladly send the recipe (sealed) FREE to any sufferer. It is a reliable and lasting cure. Address, CHAS. E. GAUS, Box 36, Marshall, Mich.

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE

—BY—

I. H. DETWILER & CO.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

$1,000...Tecumseh st, 2 story frame.
2,000...Oakwood ave near Shaw ave, 2 story frame.
1,800...Fourth st, East Toledo, 2 story frame house, 50 ft frontage.
1,700...Erie st near Chestnut, 1½ story frame.
3,100...Franklin ave near Cherry, 5 room cottage.
2,000...Bartlett st near Collingwood, modern frame, large lot.
1,100...New house, Michigan st near Buckeye.
4,000...Cherry st, East Toledo, large frame house.
1,200...New cottage, Dorr st near Hawthorn.
1,275...Lorain near Broadway, cottage.
1,250...six room cottage, new, Missouri st.
1,250...Bloomfield st near Union depot.
4,500...Collingwood ave near Bartlett, modern and new dwelling.
1,625...Brick cottage, Ontario st near Bush.
1,250...Washington st near Forest ave, new cottage.
26,000...Jefferson st near 17th, modern dwelling, large Yard.
1,275...Frame dwelling, Wakeman st near Oak.
800...Dexter st near Lagrange, 5 room cottage.
5,500...Large modern dwelling, 21s st near Monroe.
875...Bancroft st near railroad, 5 room cottage.
5,000...21st st near Jefferson, large, modern 2 story frame.
4,000...Large modern dwelling, Huron st near 14th.
1,000...Cottage, Moore st near Chestnut.
1,200...Sherman st near Elm, cottage.
5,000...Modern 12 room dwelling, Vermont ave
700...1½ story frame dwelling on Seaman st.
750...Charles st near Curtis, cottage.
800...Ewing st near Blume, cottage.
2,250...Walnut st near Union depot, cottage.
750...Brown st, East Toledo, cottage.
800...Orchard st near Hawley, cottage.
1,800...Congress st cor Orchard, 2 story frame.
1,575...18th st near Illinois, 2 story frame.
900...Cottage, Indiana ave near Clara st.
2,500...Missouri st near Lenk, two cottages, 50 feet frontage.

VACANT PROPERTY.

60 per ft...Bartlett st near fair grounds.
50.00 "...Erie st near Ash.
50.00 "...Dorr st near Detroit ave.
50.00 "...Erie st near Shaw ave.
40.00 "...Collingwood near Washington.
35.00 "...Robinwood ave near Virginia st.
35.00 "...Maplewood ave near Virginia.
25.00 "...Erie near Sidney ave.
20.00 "...Cherry st, East Toledo, 40 feet.
20.00 "...Oakwood ave near Detroit ave.
25.00 "...Shaw ave.
37.50 "...11th st near Monroe.
35.00 "...Jefferson st near 10th.
35.00 "...Erie st near Madison.
35.00 "...Broadway cor Thayer, 44 feet.
$75.00 "...Monroe st near Huron, with frame building.
30.00 "...Germantia st near Hawley.
20.01 "...Smith st near Union, 30 feet.
20.00 "...Brick st near Forest ave, 30 feet.
12.50 "...Vermont ave near Bancroft.
25.00 "...Franklin ave near Bancroft.
25.00 "...Indiana ave near Lenk.

We build Houses, buy, sell and exchange Property, and lend money. See us if we can save you money in these lines.

I. H. Detwiler & Co.,

Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts.

MACOMBER, MOORE & McDONNELL.

108 Summit St., near Monroe.

FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No 1027 West Woodruff ave, 9 rooms, bath room, hot and cold water, furnace, grates, natural gas; ready April 1st; $300 per annum.

FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, No 1507 Monroe st, Block block, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences; $250 per annum; ready May 1st.

FOR RENT—Modern dwelling, ten rooms, all modern conveniences, on Monroe st; $30 per annum.

FOR RENT—Dwelling on Vermont ave, near Bancroft, eight rooms, good barn; $20 per month.

FOR RENT—Dwellings from $6.00 to $30.00 per month.

FOR SALE—Building lots in all parts of the city. Cottages built to order and sold on long time, and on monthly payments when desired.

Lots on Maplewood Avenue

30 Ft. Frontage, $175.

Lots on Glenwood Avenue

30 Ft. Frontage, $300.

CALL AT ONCE.

CUSHING'S

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

612 Madison St.

GOLD IN IT } TIMBER AND COAL!

Ten thousand acres West Virginia timber and coal land for sale or exchange for Toledo city property. Abstracts furnished. Address, THE MINNIS REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, MONROE, MICH.

Robt. McCaskey Real Estate

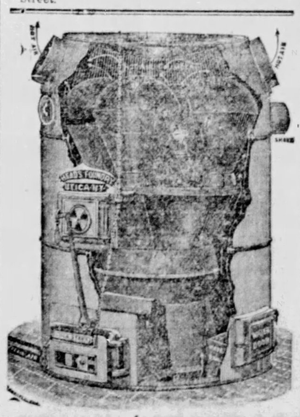
Office, room 1, Anderson Block, Summit st., near Madison, where I will be able to furnish the best of bargains and most favorable terms to my customers and many new ones as well. Get homes or make investments before buying elsewhere. Call and see me. ROBT. McCASKEY

FOR SALE—

Double house and lot on Western ave, $2,500.
Cottage on South st, lot 40x215, $1,500.
Building lot on Hicks st, 50x140, $5.00.
House and lot on Ontario st, near Ash, $1,300.
House and lot on Orange st, near Erie, $1,000.
Handsome building lots on South st, $400.

DECLAN ALLEN'S SONS,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance, 630½ Adams Street.



UTICA - STANDARD FURNACES.

ESTIMATES carefully furnished.
CONTRAC

The Bee.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 20 cents, three times 30 cents, and four times 40 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head:
Once, 20cts; Three times, 50cts; Six times 90cts.

WANTED—Bell boys at the Jefferson. 19aug-tf

1000 MEN Wanted—To be measured for a custom made pant at $3 or suit at $13.25 at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. 19aug1mp

WANTED—First-class stave cutter, wages $3.50 per day for cutting, and two pilers, wages $3.25. Must be all first-class men. Steady job to right parties. Address J H Parks, Williams, Mich. 13aug2w

SALESMAN—Wanted, an experienced salesman for our installment house; must be able to take charge of our carpet department; reference required; call between the hours of 6 and 8 p m. Goldberg & Jacobson, 434 Summit. 15aug-tf

WANTED—Good blacksmith helper, one who understands horseshoeing. Call at Peter Weiter's, 409 So Erie st. 25aug6p

WANTED—A good, live, experienced man to write accident insurance in Toledo and vicinity for the Pacific Mutual Life and Accident Insurance Co, of California. Office 12 and 13 Gardner Pace, I A Croy manager. 25aug4p

WANTED—A night fireman to fire in a stave factory; must come well recommended. Apply Hector Stave Co, Hector, Ohio, on New York, Chicago & St Louis R R. 26aug6

CLERK—Wanted, a good, steady boy that can speak German, about 16 or 17 years of age, to clerk in store where there is a chance to work up. Address C 89, care Bee. 25aug3

WANTED—100 men to work on gas line; wages $1.50 to $2.50 per day. Apply at Room 2, Lenk block, cor Summit and Monroe sts. Kerlin Bros, contractors. 20aug-tf

SALESMEN—A few wide-awake salesmen to handle our goods to the retail grocery trade in the country; 15 per cent commission; may be handled as a side line; each sale pays $3. Address Spencer, 132 W Lake st, Chicago. 24aug6

WANTED—For the United States army able bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations, clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 31jly6m

WANTED—Three first-class men who know how to sort and tally pine lumber. Inquire at Barbour & Starr's, Summit ave. 29jy-tf

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jy-tf

FEMALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Good girl for cook in private family; will pay good wages. Apply at 554 W Woodruff ave. 26aug3p

WANTED—Quick, lady or gentleman for treasurer of Dramatic Co; must furnish some money and give good references. Address C 90, care bee. 25aug2p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a girl to do general housework. Apply at 334 Indiana ave. 25aug2p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, good girl for general housework. Call at 227 12th st. 25aug2p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, good girl for general housework; good wages. Call at F J Stolberg's, 2013 Franklin ave, near Woodruff. 25aug2

WANTED—Ladies who will do writing to me at their own home; will guarantee good wages. Address with self-addressed stamped envelope, Miss Edna L Smythe, South Bend, Ind, proprietor of the famous Gloria Water for the complexion. 20jy-2w-eod-3mo

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, girl for general housework, immediately. Mrs G M Sanford, 1857 Superior st. 25aug2p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, girl to do general housework and girl to take care of children. 2105 Putnam st, corner Floyd. 25aug6p

WANTED—Competent cook; also good girl for general housework; good wages paid. Apply at once at 1409 Monroe st. 25aug2p

GIRLS—Wanted—Two girls, one for kitchen work and one for second work and to help take care of a baby; none but competent, well recommended girls need apply. Mrs J S Morris, 1439 Superior st. 25aug2p

WANTED—Girls for hotel; general housework situations furnished free of charge. City Employment office, 8-9 Summit st. 25aug6p

WANTED—25 sewing machine operators. E C Shaw & Co, 8 S St Clair st. 25aug6p

WANTED—At the Banner house, 1 second cook, 1 dishwasher. 25aug2p

WANTED—Nurse girl, 624 Huron st, near Cherry. 24aug3p

NURSE—Wanted, nurse to care for children; must have experience, and come well recommended; girl not under 25 preferred. Address C 81, care of Bee. 24aug6

FEMALE HELP WANTED—Apprentices.

Good sewers, waist, skirt hands, operators, parlor girls, and others to learn dressmaking and cutting; steady work; high wages. Call or write. Dressmaker, 233 Summit st. 22aug6p

WANTED—Good German girl to do kitchen and laundry work; must be a good cook; good wages. Mrs Chas T Lewis, 105 Prescott st. 18aug-tf

WIVES—Wanted—To tell their husbands to get their clothes made at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. Suits, $13.25; pants, $3. 14aug1mp

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 932 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Citizens of Toledo to know that Roelia the artist has moved from Fourth ward to Hassenzahl's block, 324 Cherry st. Call if you want fine photography. 26augim

WANTED—Everybody to know that the "White Indian" treats catarrh at three dollars a month, and he makes a cure of it. Office at 647 Monroe st, up stairs. 22aug3

STOCK OF SHELF HARDWARE and plumbers' supplies to exchange for improved Toledo property or good improved farm. Address 121 North Main st, Findlay. 19aug12p

ANY ONE having money to loan on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17aug1yr

FOR THE BEST—Tomato catsup ever made, and for the finest delicacies in cheese, fish, etc., go to A. Rensch & Co., 607 Monroe street. Wholesale and retail. 17aug1m

MANY headaches cured by the use of Brazilian Pebble Spectacles, adjusted by Goodwin the optician, at his office cor Adams and St Clair. Eye examination free. 13aug1m

FIRE, accident, marine, plate glass and life insurance; real estate; houses for rent and for sale. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. ("Bert") Dewson, 2 Drummond block, opposite postoffice. 6aug4w

ADRIAN, MICH—Whenever you are at Adrian be sure to stop at the Boisford house, opposite the L S & M S depot; best $1 a-day house in the city. J W Ryan, propr. 31jy1mo-p

FOR RENT—Turner ball club room. Inquire Louis John, 626 St Clair st. 1aug-tf

MARENGO GROVE—Picnic parties will find covered wagon at Broadway street car barns; make arrangements by calling phone 1141; fare round trip 15 cents. 25jy1m

DR. MINGUS has returned to Toledo and permanently located at the corner of Summit and Oak sts; will attend all calls; special attention to chronic diseases and female troubles; consultation free. 2jy1mo

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spalu, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7apr1yr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationery, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jan1y

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 25 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan1-2tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order, delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 951. The Morse Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 3mar1y

FOR RENT ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Pleasant, well furnished sleeping rooms for gentlemen at 323 13th st, between Madison and Adams. 25aug6

FOR RENT—Newly furnished rooms with all conveniences, at 720 Michigan st. 21aug6p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, also rooms for light housekeeping with use of bath. Apply 18 Ontario, few doors off Monroe. 19aug6

OFFICES—For rent, rooms 1 and 2 Worthington block, corner Adams and Superior sts. Inquire of Dr E M Cook. 10aug-tf

ROOMERS—Wanted, from all parts of the city to call and get a pair of our elegant custom made pants for $3 or suit for $13.25 upwards. Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. 10aug1mp

FURNISHED ROOMS—For rent nicely furnished rooms, single or en suit, heat, steam, light, airy and both gases, very central. Apply at new Mission flats, 719 Adams st, terms reasonable. 8aug-tf

DRESSMAKING

DRESSMAKING—New styles now arrived, fine tailor made English walking dresses; also French evening ball and reception dresses; fit, style and work not to be excelled; patterns cut; dressmakers sent out. London, Paris and New York Dressmaking Co, 233 Summit st. 24aug6n

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—Pocket book containing a small sum of money; loser can have the same by calling at Adams Express Co, describing book and paying for advertisement. Frank Hall. 25aug2p

LOST—Pug dog, very light color, answers to name of Dandy. A liberal reward will be paid if returned to 2317 Ashland ave. 24aug3p

FOUND—A pair of strayed horses. Owner can have same by calling at A Pluge's, cor E Bancroft and Cherry, and paying expenses. 2 aug6p

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Bicycle—One safety bicycle; will sell cheap for cash. Call or address J A Kountz, 607 Monroe st. 25aug3

FOR SALE—Road cart; can be seen at barn, 522 Ontario st. 24aug6p

A VONDALE Addition lots are for sale with frontage to suit. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is beautifully located in the Ninth ward. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition has desirable lots on South and Boyd sts, and Prouty and Hiett aves. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is new; all its houses are new and modern. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is picturesque and beautiful, and an attractive place for homes. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition has lots nicely laid out, good shade trees and good walks. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition has broad, well graded streets and wide alleys. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition has South st macadamized, water and natural gas pipes laid. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition has all lots of good depth, all fronting on good streets. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE is a short distance from Broadway, has two lines of electric cars convenient Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is well built up with new houses; more will soon follow. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is in a driving and rapidly growing portion of the city; a good place to live. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is one-third sold out; the remaining lots will go quickly. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition still has 30 lots for sale; these can be had at reasonable prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition contains four new houses which we will sell on monthly payments. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition has a desirable neighborhood, is a good place for a home at low figure. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition should be seen to be appreciated; take an electric car to the lots. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition will provide you a good home for little money; get our figures. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is a splendid place in which to live, if you are looking for a home. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition has lots upon which we will build to suit and sell on easy terms. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition we will be glad to show you. If you will call at our office. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition lots are worth more every day, as the property is continually improving. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is a good addition in which to own, either for a home or for investment. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition lots will be sold especially cheap if you wish to build. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is easily reached by street car from any part of the city; see the property. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition is a healthy locality, everything is neat and well kept. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition houses are well built, commodious, attractive and reasonable in price. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition lots we will advance money on, if you wish to build. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition lots will make a profitable investment for those buying soon. Irving B Hiett & Co.

A VONDALE Addition has perfect title, abstract furnished each purchaser. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FOR SALE—Grocery store; best location in town; good reasons for selling. Address 719 Summit. 25aug2p

FOR SALE—Handsome Shetland pony, cart, harness, saddle and bridle; any child can drive him; he is as gentle as a kitten and handsome as a picture. Inquire 1065 Ashland ave, corner Floyd street. 24aug6p

MILL—For sale, brick flouring mill, with elevator attached, slate roof, full roller process, latest improved machinery, in good order; one set burrs for corn and chop feed; located in good town in best wheat growing region in Ohio; railroad track and scales; price way down. Call on or address Wm Hummong, Genoa, O. 22aug6

FOR SALE—A 2-story frame house with good lot for $1,500; rents to a good tenant for $18 per month. G S Bralley, 340 Superior st. 22aug6

FOR SALE—For $1,400, a 2-story frame house, 8 rooms; well, cistern and barn; centrally located; lot 40x110 feet to alley. G S Bralley, 340 Superior st. 22aug6

BOATS—For sale, one sail boat, two hunting boats and a number of other row boats; will sell very cheap. Inquire at Presque Isle boat house. 21aug6p

FARM—For sale a farm of 100 acres, half mile south of Gibsonburg, O. This land is in the center of the natural gas and oil basin of this region. Unsurpassed location for stone quarries and sites for lime kilns, half a mile from railroad track; 80 acres of the tract the best quality of farming land. Also oil and timber lands in Jackson township, Seneca county, Ohio. Address Dr. S B Taylor, or Della Taylor, Fremont, O. 8aug1m

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $800 or $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jy1f

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Walbridge ave, $4,500; house and lot on Washington st, $2,500; 73 ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $90; house and lot on Lee st, 7th ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,500 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell 21 Produce Exchange. 29mar1f

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

FOR RENT—HOUSE.

FOR RENT—Barber shop; new chair and dresser, and all furniture, cor Erie and Washington sts. Inquire of Watters & Scally, cor saloon. 24aug3p

FOR RENT—House on Broadway just above Oliver house; 11 rooms; modern improvements, including natural and artificial gas, hot and cold water in all rooms, bath room and closet, $25 per month. Seagrave Bros. 22aug6p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

WANTED AGENTS.

WE offer agents big money, in exclusive territory. Our new patent Safes, sell a sight in city or country. New agents first in field actually getting rich. One agent in one day cleared $86. So can you. Catalogue free. Alpine Safe Co., No 369-371, Clark St., Cincinnati, O. 27jne-w&sat-3mo

AGENTS WANTED—For enlarged portraits of every description, from small pictures; low prices. C J Vredenburg, 57 N Western ave, Chicago, Ill. 2aug6p

AGENTS AND CANVASSERS—Wanted, good agents and canvassers; speak both German and English; good wages. Apply at 607 Monroe st, up stairs. 22aug6p

AGENTS—Canvassing and attending fairs make large profits selling the celebrated and improved O. K. paring and slicing knives; low prices; two samples and terms 15 cents. Gates, 39 Dey st, New York. 12aug2w

WANTED—Our agents make $100 to $300 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $300 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, of a general agent less than $250; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 1 v3m

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—To buy for cash a small farm from 25 to 40 acres; must have a small house and different kinds of fruit. Address Mrs J W Johnson, 805 Dorr st, Toledo, O. 26aug6p

WANTED—A well broken bird dog will pay any reasonable price, but no fancy price. Address C 92, care of Bee. 26aug2p

HOUSE AND LOT—Between Monroe and Adams, or Cherry beyond Wakeman, for cash; must be very cheap. J P Delphy & Co, 7 Adams block, cor St Clair and Adams sts. 25aug6p

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY—To loan on real estate in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. S. Merrell, 512 Madison st. 17Aug1yr

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16maytf

WANTED—SITUATION.

SITUATION—Wanted, by a good, honest girl to do any kind of light work where I can sleep home nights. Address C 88, Bee office. 26aug3

NURSE—Wanted, situation by a young girl of 15 years as nurse girl in a good, respectable family. Address C 87, Bee office. 26aug3

WANTED—A place in a small family to do general housework by a good, steady and honest girl, from Defiance. Address C 91, Bee office. 26aug3

WANTED—Situation by a young lady competent to do bookkeeping and all kinds of office work. P, room 3, Trinity blk. 26aug3

WANTED—Copying and all kinds of letters to write at room 3, Trinity blk. 26aug3

BUSINESS CHANCE.

BUSINESS CHANCE—An excellent opening is offered to engage in the hotel and restaurant business, either alone or as partner; best location in the city; old established and doing a good cash business; ill health the reason for making the change. Call at Wyek's hotel, Summit st near Perry. 22aug12

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A cottage of 5 rooms, large beautiful lot, in growing part of the city. G S Bralley, 340 Superior st. 22aug6

CITY NEWS.

The Crescent Livery Co Phone 899.

Seventh ward democrats organize a club to-morrow evening

Seyfang's new process bread is best.

The street force is being paid off to-day at the city auditor's office.

The Toledo Laundry Co., 332 Summit St.

A. C. Swain took out a permit to-day for a $700 cottage on Cherry street.

Jeff Wheeler went to Detroit to-day to serve as a starting judge at the races.

Parks' city ambulance will do work for $2.50 to any part of the city. Phone 1217

Our stock is always complete. Prices the very lowest. B. H. Broer, 606 S. St. Clair street.

All the tents used at the Old Fellows' encampment were shipped to Columbus this morning.

Railway Clerks association will dance by the light of the moon, on the City of Toledo, to-morrow night.

The reunion of the Fourteenth Ohio will be held at McClure, on the Clover Leaf road, on Thursday, Sept. 17.

Toledo painters will wear white suits on Labor day.

A large number of Knights of Pythias are expected from out of the city to-morrow to rendezvous at Presque Isle.

Saturday half-holidays cease this week, unless the plan is renewed by the merchants.

The funeral of the late A. H. Wilcox, killed on the railroad Monday, will be held to-morrow afternoon at the Heston Street Baptist church.

Immaculate Conception Church Mite society meets to-night with Mrs. Joseph Feek, Western avenue.

French Clock repairing at Judd's.

The Elks will attend the funeral of the late Charley Chase to-morrow morning, and a delegation will accompany the remains to Milan, Ohio.

The Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

At the instance of Humane Officer France John Eisenhart was arrested yesterday for abusing his family. In police court to-day the case was continued.

John Norman used insulting language to Mrs. Steinagle last Sunday evening, for which he was arrested Monday. This morning in police court he was fined $10 and costs.

The leading hardware dealers sell Buckeye Paints and Varnishes, because they are the best.

The Railway Clerks invite all who enjoy a pleasant ride and good music, to attend their "Moonlight" to-night on the City of Toledo.

At the First Baptist church to-night there will be a meeting to discuss the subject of the persecution of the Jews in Russia. Several of Toledo's good speakers will make addresses.

The painters' union added two new members to their roll last night and received three applications.

Diamonds and Jewels at Judd's.

The breaking of electric wires at the Perry street bridge and in front of Neuhausel's store on Summit street yesterday afternoon caused a piling up of cars until the repairs were made.

In Justice Austin's court: Baklein against Uhler, dismissed; Gray against Douglass et al., continued; Zahm against Rolph, on two attachments, continued; Patten against Totten, settled.

The Bricklayers' union has adopted the card system approved by the Building Trades council and will hereafter have representatives in that body. A meeting of the union will be held next Tuesday night, and a full attendance is requested.

Now that booths have been secured, it is in order for the board of elections to school the voters as to how to do the business in November, especially with a view to marking the straight democratic ticket.

Gold and Silver Watches at Judd's.

Fifth ward republicans made another attempt last evening to gather themselves together, but it was a dismal failure. A committee was appointed to secure the services of "a prominent republican speaker," to stir the boys up later on.

A case of eviction was reported from Fulton street to-day, in which an old lady named Harrer, had her furniture thrown out of the place yesterday afternoon and the shanty pulled down. The woman had no place to go to, and spent the night on the streets.

In police court this morning the following drunks were disposed of: David Weaver, $5 and costs; Harry Martin, $5 bail forfeited; —— Flanagan, costs paid charges withdrawn.

A. J. Sheridan, 2338 Summit avenue and a neighbor, a lady, quarreled on Sunday about a water spout. The woman caused Sheridan's arrest and Judge Sala fined him the costs this morning. The testimony was conflicting.

Air Line Junction K. P. lodge met last evening in their new hall. It was decided to dedicate on Wednesday, September 9, and the occasion will be made one of pleasure. Meetings will be held every Tuesday evening hereafter.

Order a Carriage or Surrey for an evening drive from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

The Clerk's association met last evening. Four new members were admitted. I. S. Reed and Al. Malitzer were chosen to represent the union in the Central body. The labor paper project was approved, and a determination reached to parade on Labor day. Another meeting will be held September 4 to complete arrangements.

The case against Rose Losey (or Gahler) and her girls, for keeping and residing in a house of prostitution was settled in police court this morning. The house was pulled last week. Jennie Thompson, Celia Smith and Clara Leroy each forfeited $15 bail, and the keeper, Rose Losey, was fined $75 and costs.

See what Lamson Bros. are showing in the Wash Dress Goods department.

Children Enjoy

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative and if the father or mother be costive or billious the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Expect bargains in Lace and Heavy Curtains, and if you go to Lamsons' you will not be disappointed.

Harvest Excursions.

As usual, the Wabash leads, others follow. On August 25th, September 15th and September 29th, the Wabash Railroad Co. will run three grand harvest excursions to points in the west, south and southwest. The only line running free palace reclining chair cars.

For rates call on or write Boody house ticket office, or P. E. Dombaugh, passenger and ticket agent, Wabash railroad, 308 Madison street, Toledo, O.

It will be to your interest to look through Lamson Bros.' Cloak department; they carry the largest stock and name the lowest prices.

DETROIT EXPOSITION.

"Drummers' Day," Saturday, August 25, 1891.

Train leaves Union Depot 8 a. m., leaving Detroit after the fireworks. Street cars will be in waiting on arrival of cars at Toledo.

Fare round trip, $1.00.

Lamson Bros. are showing beautiful new Trimmings.

Vacation.

Enjoy your vacation by taking a trip to Old Point Comfort via the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo and Chesapeake & Ohio railroads. Tickets on sale at Union ticket office, Boody house, and Pennsylvania depot.

25 Per Cent Off

On Silverware the balance of August at GEO. KAPP'S, 415 Summit St.

The snail has patience, but it is not a good emblem for this age. One of the best things of this age is the Smokette cigar, a clear Havana filler for 5 cents.

Send the children to us to trade; remember they can buy just as cheaply as the most experienced buyer, as we have but one price. LAMSON BROTHERS.

SPORTING.

Games Yesterday.

LEAGUE.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Cleveland	Sharon—	7	11	0	2	3
Philadelphia	Gleason—	4	8	2	3	5
Chicago	Luby—	28	28	2	3	4
Brooklyn	Hemming—	5	9	8	2	2
Cincinnati	Mullane—	12	11	2	3	4
New York	Barr-Clarkson—	4	7	6	2	4
Pittsburg	King—	1	6	1	2	3
Boston	Clarason—	7	8	1	3	4

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Athletics	Chamberlain—	4	5	1	2	3
Louisville	Stratton—	1	3	5	2	4
Boston	Buffington—	8	12	2	3	4
Milwaukee	Davies—	0	3	2	3	4

Worth it Only in Boston.

M. J. Kelly, ex-captain of the Boston Player's league and Cincinnati Association Base Ball clubs, has signed a contract with the Boston National League club running for three years, including the present, at a salary of $25,000, and he has a check of the Boston club for $13,000 in his pocket.

This is the largest salary ever paid to any player not a club stockholder. Kelley says he has not jumped his contract, although Brown says he will make it warm for King Kel, as soon as he can get papers. Treasurer Billings, of the Boston League, says: "Kelley's contract with the Boston Association club was transferred to Cincinnati. When that club went out of existence the Boston Association club had no claim on him, and since that time both clubs have been working like beavers to get him."

Amateur Notes.

All members of the Commercials are requested to meet at No. 7 engine house for their game with the Sports on the Chicago street grounds.

The Mascots challenge the Independents, Emersons, Unknowns or any other club in the city under 15 years of age, on the Wabash grounds for $1 a side at 2:30.

If the Commercials cannot get the Speranzas to play on any other grounds the Commercials challenge the Speranzas for a game of ball Sunday, August 30, at 2:30 p m, on the circus grounds for $2.25 a side. If accepted answer through Wednesday night's BEE. Manager Commercials.

We, the Sports, claim a game from the Commercials, 9 to 0, for not showing up, and if not satisfied with this why bring around $2.25 next Sunday on the same grounds. This is no bluff. If accepted answer through the BEE. E G Parke, manager; W Freeman, captain.

To the Speranza base ball club: Your challenge to play Commercials came too late. You knew we had a game for to-morrow, hence your bluff. We have given you several chances to play, but you always play the baby act. Now, if you are anxious to play us, we will meet you on the Pawnee or any mutual grounds, Sunday, August 30, and play you for $2.25 or $5. Barber shops all close Sunday, so you can have no excuse again for being late. Dannie Scannell, manager Commercials.

ONE CENT A MILE

To Cincinnati and Return, August 29th, via C., H. & D., to see the "Last Days of Pompeii."

The annual spectacle given by the Order of Cincinnatus will this year be the "Last Days of Pompeii," one of Pain's masterpieces which will be produced with all the perfection of his Manhattan Beach display. On August 29, the C. H. & D. will run an excursion from Toledo and points north of Dayton to Cincinnati and return at the rate of one cent per mile. The tickets will be good returning August 30.

In all cases when you want Hosiery and Underwear always go to LAMSONS'.

The Michigan Central Railroad Will sell excursion tickets to Detroit and return account International Fair and Exposition, August 25 to September 4. For particulars see Wm. Gates, Ticket Agent, Boody House, or agent at Union depot.

Open now at Lamsons', beautiful new Silks and Dress Goods.

"Farmers' Picnic."

On Thursday, Aug. 27, the C., J. & M. R. R. will sell special low rate excursion tickets to Devil's Lake and return account of the annual Farmers' picnic held on that date. Train leaves Cherry St. depot at 7:35 a. m., standard time. Fare 75 cents for the round trip.

T. C. M. SCHINDLER, G. P. A.

First importation of Jouvin Kid Gloves now on sale at LAMSONS'.

Two Grand Excursions

To the wonderful city of Middleboro, Ky., via Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R'y, Sept. 15 and 29, at a very low rate for the round trip. Don't fail to write or call on Geo. G. Clark, Land and excursion Agent.

Buckeye Route.

The Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railway is the through car line with solid trains between Toledo, Columbus and the Ohio river. Also the short and direct line to Newark, Springfield, Zanesville, and all points in the Virginias. Direct connection and fast time for Washington, Baltimore and Old Point Comfort.

Our Mr. J. G. Lamson (now in the eastern market) is sending on some very fine and desirable goods in Silk and Dress Goods, which must be seen to be appreciated. No trouble to show goods at LAMSONS'.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

BOOK FREE.

Call at 713 Monroe street for particulars.

CRAWFORD Peaches, Lombard Plums, Clapp's Favond Peas; we have them all; large stock every day this week. E. A. ROOD.

THE time to get furniture below cost is now at Hager's closing out sale.

CANNED FISH.

Broiled Mackerel, Tomato sauce.
Broiled young White Fish, Tomato sauce
Spiced Brook Trout.
Salmon Steak, Alaska Salmon.
Clam Chowder, Portland Lobster.
Gulph Shrimps just received and very fine at E. A. ROODS.

HAGER'S Closing Out Sale is no humbug. "Everything goes" below cost.

REWARD OF $10.

I will pay the above reward to any person who will catch any one stealing Fruit, Shrubs or Flowers in my yard. Watch them and you can soon earn the above sum. T. F. Hart, 239 Morris St.

ASK YOUR GROCER
—FOR—
BRENZINGER'S
"CHOICE"
AND GENUINE
VIENNA :-: BREAD

Notice to Contractors.

Dredging.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Thursday,

THE 10th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891.

for dredging the channel in the Maumee River leading to Swan Creek, between Madison street and Monroe street in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item small be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN,
City Clerk.

aug 26eod2w

Closing

Presque Isle will close Sunday next. Let everybody turn out this week. Graud concerts will be given every afternoon. Thursday will be the great K. of P. day, and Friday night the Amaranth's comedians will give a grand entertainment in the Presque Isle Opera House.

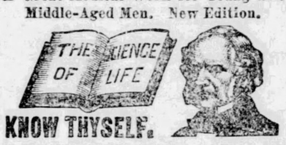
CAPITOL CIGARS
Are the Ten-Cent Leaders

CAPITOL CIGARS
Are not artificially flavored

CAPITOL CIGARS
Are pure as the virgin Leaf.

CAPITOL CIGARS
Are made by Berger, Burdick & Co., at Detroit and Charlotte, Mich.
Phone 895.

MANHOOD!
How Lost! How Regained!
A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men. New Edition.



Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, SEXUAL DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth, gilt; 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. FREE! SEND NOW.

Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. INVOLUNTARY SEXUAL DISEASES. CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. or Post Office Box 1895.

HEAL THYSELF

The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but no equal.—*Herald.* (Copyrighted.)

DELICIOUS MINCE PIES
EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.
NONE SUCH
CONDENSED
Mince Meat

HIGHEST AWARD received at all *Pure Food Expositions for Superior Quality, Cleanliness,* and *convenience* to housekeepers.

Each Package contains material for two large pies. Grocers often substitute other combinations, to make a better profit. Refuse such articles, and insist on having NONE SUCH brand—the best.

MERRELL & SOULE, SYRACUSE, N.Y.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies THE SKIN. Removes Tan, Pimples freckles, Moth Patches Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

G. A. R.

Souvenir Spoon

Cut is two thirds size of Tea Spoon.

Appreciating the fact that many persons who visited Detroit during the G. A. R. encampment would wish to procure some lasting memento of the occasion, we take pleasure in presenting this spoon for their consideration. The spoon bears the features of "General Grant the Defender of his Country" in relief. The back of the handle of spoon is handsomely etched; "Detroit, 1891."

Tea Spoon, - $2.50
" " gold bowl, 2.75
Coffee Spoon, - $1.75
" " gold bowl, 2.00

These Prices Include Postage.

Wright, Kay & Co., Jewelers & Importers. DETROIT.

KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE

Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

NEW THINGS.
ADVANCE STYLES.
EARLY FALL NOVELTIES

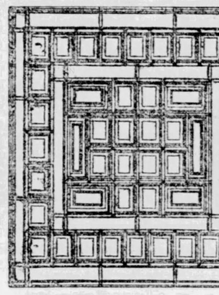
Are now being opened. Every department is filling up. Dress Goods have already arrived in great abundance. We are going to show the greatest and most magnificent line of Fall Goods that was ever brought to Toledo.

Our Remnant Sale Continues.

NEUHAUSEL BRO'S

DRINK GERMAN COFFEE

IT IS THE BEST.

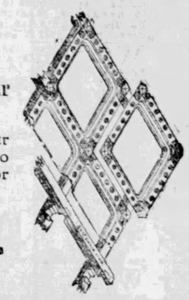


Steel Ceiling!

Ask your Architect to specify the Kinnear Ceiling. It will not Crack or Fall Off.

We can furnish it in various designs. Our prices are made low so that you can afford to have it. See Boody House lobby. Write for prices.

THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO.
COLUMBUS, OHIO.



AMUSEMENTS.

PEO